THOUSAND THINGS, ON VARIOUS SUBJECTS,

DISCLOSED PROM

THE SECRETS OF NATURE AND ART

Problemble, Profitable, and of second

Set down from long and curious Study and Proper stance, for the greaser Part; and the red taken from the most judicious and colchested Antibon of the Anticate and Mederate Being a stant Captaint of saturet Cutatobarts; and Rather 1989, in one Volume, digested into Restant Books, the the general Use and Good of Manifolds with strift Amendments, and large Additions, to what formerly has been published in this Kind; exceeding any other for the Making of pleasing Partery begain to be found.

London: Printed for G. and t. willing Wo.71, St. Paul's Church-Yard; And B. Laston, at Salisabet. 1784,

[Price, fewed, 10:60.]



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WITO THE HEADER

Rawn without Deligence, and Whole are fuch, one for many, notable, rare, (and profitable and recall There are a factor of the control of th them credibly exported, thinking them is as were worthy to be regulared. Links selected and pick a a great many out of Lotin Wr the Authors and Westers ashensed his become pro-changed, at the East of the face for the formal and and precious Things I gathered by Jone 112 Descrip-written Books; and Jome also not long face printed unworthy to be hid, and greater Pity but they should be known, which purposely I have placed berein; them, and have Profit by them, that otherwise should never have known them. For many, I suppose, will buy this Book for Things whereunto they are affectionated, that never would be would, have bought, or would, have bought, or looked on the Books substein they all are. So that, by bis Means, they are like to win against their Wills.

Perhaps you may marvel, that I have not placed them in better Order, and that Things of like Matter are not joined together. Truly, there are fo many a le divers and fundry Sorts, and contrary Effects, that it could not be altogether observed. And in my Judgment, through the Strangenoss and Variety of Matter, it will be more defirously and delightfully read; knowing we are made of Juch a Mould, that delicate Daintiness delights us much, but we are house be fed too long without Food; and that long walking, weary us, than portuned in often-trodden Ground.

This Work might have been framed with finer Phrases (more delectable to some, though not so meet for many) but that it is better to profit a greater Sort, than to feed the Rancies of a few, well affered, that the learned Bloquent can better percesoe plain Speechees, then the flenderly Learned, and common Sort, ea under frant elequent Difcourfes.

Therefore, as I have written to all indifferently. b the manifest the Meaning thereof accordingly " Friend, to ferve you,

THE AUTHOR.

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FIRST.BOOK

April 18 mar | 1 de mar de la companya de la compan

NOTABLE THINGS.

The first is I be

Matter shall appear, worthy to be marked, of pecially of such as love or ofe sage. A certain Man being in a Garden with his laws, did take (as he was walking) a few Leaves of Sake, and rate bing his Teeth and Gums therewith, immediately sollidown and died subscoupon his faid leaves as a mined how he died, he laid, the leaves nathing that he ailed, but that he rabbed his Teeth with heart with the Judge, and others, into the Garden and Place where the fame Those into the Garden and Place where the fame Those into the most how he did, and it keeping alkanians. Facts and Gums therewith, and probeing the Casie of their Deaths to be in the Sage, caused the family heart of the Sage is the fame to be in the Sage caused the fail her as Sage is be placked and digged up, and to have burned, left others might have the like Hause thereby, by a and at the Roots, or under the fail Sage there was a great. Toad found, which infected the fame sage with his venomous Breath,—Intersection of the sage with his venomous Breath, —Inte

hath written of this marvellous Matter. This may be a warning to fuch as rashly use to eat raw and unwashed Sage; therefore it is good to plant Rue round about Sage, for Toads by no Means will come

nigh unto Rue, (as it is thought of some.)

2. The Hoots of the fore Feet of a Cow dried, and made into fine Powder, inpresent Milk in Nurses, if they eat it in their Pottage, or use it in their Drink; and being cast upon burning Coals, the Smoke thereof doth kill Mice, or at least doth drive them away.—This Mizaldus writes of the Experiment of acceptain Spaniard.

3. Aqua Vitæ, being outwardly applied, doth bein very much the Sinews and Muscles and other Parts of the Body, tormented or pain'd of a cold Cause, with Heating, Strength, and swift Penetra-

éon.

4. If one use to rub chapped or rough Lips with the Sweat behind their Ears, it will make them fine, smooth, and well coloured.—Proper.

5. Earth Worms fryed with Goofe Greafe, then firstend, and a little thereof dropt warm into the deaf or pained Bar, doth help the fame. You must use it half a dozen Times at the least. The is true.

6: Anthoniar Benevimes, an excellent Physician, doth glory, that he, with the Water wherein Smiths did quench their hot and burning Itons, giving the fame often to drink, and with the eating of Capers, did perfectly hear a Citizen of Plotence, that had the Grief and Swelling of the Spleen fever Years.

7. Of Thunder doth turn and change Wines marvellously; but if the Wines be then in Cellars, being paved, and the Walls of Stone, they take left Harm than in boarded Cellars, therefore it is good, before such Tempest or Thunder, to lay a Plate of Iron with Salt, or Flint Stones, upon the faid Vest lets of Wine. — Levineus Levineus.

8. Make

8. Make Powder of unflaked Lime, and min it with black Soap, and anoint any Wen therewith, and the Wen will fall away ; and when the Root is come outy moint it with Oil of Balm, and it will

heal it periodily.

of The foice of Mullen-Leuves (of fome valled Medge-Taper, and of some Logwort) put to any Part that is bruifed, or that hath had a Stroke, and the flamped Leaves thereof, then put it upon the fine, and cled full on with a Cloth : If you let it He fo a whole Day and a Night, unremoved, it will heat it finely, year though it be a Wound; but the Sore must be first walked with white Wine, a tittle warmed, and the Juice of the Leaves must be put to in and you will marrel at the Bifed. -- Mizalita providing and the second stages to

to. A barren Vine will bear Grapes, if you call old and four Wine thereon; or if you bury the Lees. of Wine at the Roots thereof | but you must take Heed time you cast not Soot that is swept from Chimeles, or Lime, to the Root of the faid barren.

Vine, which with their burning Heat kills the Vine, and makes the fame to wither before in Time—Mistalder.

17. In the Worning, if Salt be holden in the Mouth under the Tongue, until by melt or confirme into Water, and Touth before rubbed thereoff, it will preferve the Teeth fafe and found a remail keep them from rotting, and that they shall not be Woll

eaten .- Proved.

There is no preferter Remedy to eate the Torment of the Good bath in the Hands and in the Peet, than a young Whelp, especially of one Colour, if the fame be put to the Grief, and Invitate Lemman. But the Whelp ought to be one out of the Colour, if the fame be put to be one out of the Colour. clowen into two Parts; through! the Wiatt of the

be laid to the grieved Place. - And this I know to be

an excellent Thing.

13. Many flinking Things do drive away the contagious and pestiferious Air, as Castorum, Galba-num, Sugapenum, Brimstone, (all which are to be had at the Apothecaries) the Smoke of burned Leather, and of Horns, especially the Smell of Guned redrice Welland storer

powder.

14. Common Azure is made as followeth: Take of Sal Armoniack, three Ounces : of Verdigreafe, fix Ounces; let them be made in Powder. and mix them with Water of Tartar, fo that it may be fomething thick; then put the fame into a Glass, and let it be well stopped that no Air may get forth, and let it be laid in very hot Horse Dung for the Space of eight Days; and then, when you take it out, you shall find it an excellent Azure .-Mizoldus.

15. Any Kind of Amber being fodden in the Greafe of a Sow that gives Suck to young Pigs, is not only thereby the clearer, but also much the bet-

ter. - Mizaldus.

16. A certain Citizen of Padus, having Cantharides, that is to fay Spanish Flies, applied to one of his Knees, did pifs above five Quoces of Blood :-The like happened to one, to whose great Toe of the same Foot, the same was applied. - Bartbaloneus Monteganus, a notable Physician, affirms this ; therefore, Cantharides is perilous to be taken both inquard and outroard.

17. The Leaf of the greater Bur, borne or laid on the Top of the Head, doth draw the Matrix upward : But laid under the Sole of the Foot, it draweth downward, which is a notable and excellent Remedy against the Suffocations, falling and difplacing of the Matrix .- Minaldus,

ALA TAMES TAMES

18. Ale fod till it be thick like a Salve, helps all Sores and Aches applied thereto, marvelloully.

A Thing of en proved.

what field or Meat is fed therewith, though they be never so old, hard, or tough, they will become tender and sit to be eaten: Hereupon it comes, that they were so used in the old Time, so that thereby the Meat was much sooner concected and easier digested, and the Wound more soluble.—Mizaldus.

Leso, If one suspect himself to be insected with the Pleurisie, let the Party hold in his Breath as long as he can; and then, if he can let his Breath go, without coughing, he hath not the Pleurisie; if not, he hath the Pleurisie, or is in Danger thereof.

Zi. One may colour lyony, or any other Bones,

Izi. One may colour Ivory, or any other Bones, with an excellent green Colour, as followeth: Take firong Water, called Agus Fours, wherein diffolve as much Copper as the faid Water is able; then let the Bones you would have coloured, lie in the fame all Night; and they will be like a Smaragdine Co-

lour .- Mizaldus .

Liquor, it makes that the time thall not wax multy or be corrupted, for it expected and drives forth all Ain that may breed Corruption, only with the outward Air of the Oil, as with a certain Covering. Notwith anding, all Strips of Plants, whereon Oil is poured on effored, do patrify, as Plies reports.

124. The Couls of a Birch Tree made in Powder, and put into a Wound or great Sore, healeth it perfectly without any other. Thing. It was credibly told

greatly

24. If a Navel String of a Child, after it is cut, do chance to touch Ground before it be burned, the fame Child will not be able to keep or hold his or her

me, that the Moscowites wie it much, and esteem it

Water, neither Night nor Day .- A Thing wery true and known.

25. A flea'd Moufe, reasted, or made in Powder, and drank at one Time, doth perfectly belp luch as cannot held or keep their Water; especially, if it he used three Days in this Order, This is neg charis of that Incorporate

true, and often proved.

26. As foon as the Child is born (especially a Boy) there ought to be great Heed taken in the cutting of the Navel String; for the Member of Generation doth follow the Proportion of the Navel String : And if it be tied too thort in a Wench, it may be a Hindrance so her in bringing forth hee Child, Therefore it is meet that Midwives have great Regard therein.

27. Betony, drank with Water or Wine, doth cause a Woman to be easily and speedily delivered ? yea, though the Child be dead, or if it be turned contrary to a right Courfe's Alfo it brings forth the After burthen . The like Effect hath Bonny. Royal, as force affirm. And is thath been proved,

faith Mizaldus.

28: The Wort Leaf, laid on the Chawn of the Head, draweth up the Usula, or the Flap in the Throat. - M. Case, by the Report of Minables.

Gold, be put into the Juice of Lemons, and taken out of it after it bath lain there a whole Bay, and the same Juice then given to one that is fick of the Plague with a little Wine, and the Powder of the Root of Angelies, or of the Decoction of the fame Root; 'tis a Marvel to be told what Help it brings them; yea, though they be pail all flope, or Thought of Recovery .- This Mizaldus quries ar proved.

30. A little Bay-Sale, stamped (mail, mixt w the Yolk of an Egg, and applied to a Fellon,

to used divers Times, doth not only perfectly heal the fame with Speed; but also it draws out all the Pain of the Arm, and reases the Swelling thereof. if any fuch be, by Means of the fame. - This is mitfeelly proved

94. Children are not always like unto their Parents, as may appear in Holides, which did beget a Daughter of an Erbiopian, which Daughter was not of the Colour of her Mother; but after, the faid Daughter had a Son, which was black, and like to his Grandmother. So Nifeer the Poet did degene-nate in his Colour from his Father and his Mother, and was like his Grandfather, being an Ethiopians, which Thing ought well to be confidered of facts that fulpett their Wives when they bring forth Children us like to either of them .- Missaldus

ge. A Tood Stone, called Cragandina, touching any Part benumb'd, burt or flung with flat, Spides, Walp, or any other venomous Beat, crafts the Pain

on Swalling thereof. + Limiter. 1979. The Juice of Broom, third with the Oil of Radish or Mustard, is a very safe Remody for the

killing or deltroying of Lices

34. If a Woman shoust often her Dugs on Page with the Jaice of Success, it will make them little. round, and hards or if they be hanging or barging, it will draw them together, whereby they shall form

as the Dags of a Maid. - Minuldus.

age of you hall enclose within a Piece of thin Sille, Galbanum made foft, and shall lay it to the Month of the Matrix all Night, the Head of that Woman having then no foul or Minking Clearles upon it, but only covered with a Caol, and a clean as thin Handkerchief, without any Kind of Odenes, linche Morning when the lawe are loofed from the Head; if the Crown of her Head fineli of Gallery Bra breeze a

it is a fire Token that the Woman is apt to have

Children Hippocrates

The falting Spittle of a whole and found the fan doth quite take away all Scurviness, Saws-flame, or Redness of the Face, Ringworms, Petters, and all Kind of Pustules or Wheals, by smearing or rubbing the insected Place therewish: And likewise it clean puts away thereby all painful Swellings by the Means of any venomous Thing, as Hornets, Spiders, Toads, and such like, Miscaldus.

Spiders, Toads, and such like, Mizaldur.

37. It is certainly and constantly assimmed, that on Midfammer Eve, that is, the Day before the Nativity of St. John Baptist, there is found under the Root of Mugwort, a Coal, which preserves or keeps them safe from the Plague, Carbunele, Lightning, the Quartan Ague, and from burning, that bear the same about them: And Mizaldus, the Writer here of, saith, that he doth hear that it is to be found the same Day under the Root of Plantane; which I know to be of Truth, for I have found them the same Day under the Root of Plantane. It is to be found at Noon.

38. The Droft, or that which is left after the passing out of the Gil of Linseed, is marvellous profitable for the Feeding of Beasts: And if you shall let a Handful or two steep a while in Rain Water, and therewith wash your Hands, it will not only mend the Spots, or other Desoumity of the Skin, but also you shall thereby perceive that the same and other Members, if they be likewise washed therewith, will be made much fairer and more clean.—Micaldus.

fwim upon Quickfilver, though they be heavy, except Gold; and Gold, though never fo little, will fink into it, and be swallowed thereof, and its Colour will be turned into Silver, which cannot be

reduced into the Form of Gold again, but with Fire, nor can be gotten our : And the Quickdiver, through the Fire, will be diffelved into a Smoak,

with a perilons Smell .- Missider.

Spittle lated on a Fillet, and applied certain Times to the Place where superfloors Hair is, doth cause that Hair to grow there no more.—A Thing entering proved. Pigeons Dung doin work the like Bifect; applies in such Sore.

At Again Fire, mire with white Sugar Candy, finely powdered, to that it be not too thick thereof, but indifferent, and a Spoonful thereof taken last as Night, for the Space of three or four Nights, doth presently help the Coogh and Hoarlenes, and breaks the Flegur marvellously.—This is a trial Thing. The like Effect hath the Powder of the Root of Land to appears, this with the Powder of the Root of Land to appears, this with the Powder of the Root of Land to White Sugar Candy, if it be often used, and taken a Spoonful at one Time; which I have often proved.

42. Wholever have their Peet imed itrongly, it they put the Scales of Iron in their Shoes wherein they used to go, it takes clean away the evil Smell

thereof. - George Pabricias.

43. You shall flay the bleeding of the Nose, if you write with the same Blood in the Povehead of the Party that bleeds, these Words following, Coa-

funniatum eft.44. The Powder of the Tooth of a Boar, with the Oil of Linfeed, doth prefently care the Squinancy, (which is a Pain or Swelling in the Throat) if the grieved Places be touched with the End of a Peather or Pen, Imeared with the fame exture. — Minadden.

prickle, or burns; but the inwald Part (being the

Juice) anninted on the Asseries, doth mitigate and amend the feverly licat of the Heart.—dvicens & Arneld de Valla nava.

46. A Medicine made of a little Honey, and of a Coel made of a Vine which never bare Grapes, if the Teath he often rabbed therewith, doth to cleanfe them, and make them to white, that they will be judged to be of lyary.

47. The Blood of a white Hen, incered on a freckled or spotted Face, and thereon suffered to dry, and afterwards wiped away, clearly takes away all Spots from the same—Minalder had this of a certain Italian.

48. The Decoction of Holliock, with Honey and Butter, being drank, doth marvellously case the Pain of the Choic, and of the Back. —I have proved this to be very excellent and sens.

Swallows, and of their Nest, doth help effectually the swelling of the Throat, or Squinancy.

co. You shall know good and pure Azere, from sophisticate and naughty Azere, if some of it be laid upon a hot burning Iron, and if then it will not be burned, neither any little Stone is found therein, then it is pure and perfect.

51. The White of an Figg well and long heaten, mixt with quick Lime, will furely join broken Gissies, and broken Earthen Cups, and will make them hold fast and surely together. But it would be the better, if a little of very old Cheese be well mixt therewith.—This is very true, and proved.

ca. Plantane is judged by Hermes to be the Herb of Mers, and therefore good against the Discases and Pains of the Head, because that the Sign of Aries, which is one of the Houses of Mers, doth govern the Head. And also Plantane is very good against the Grief and Discases of the Stone, and the Ulcers of the

the Bladder, and also Constring poffin, and the choids, because Service, the other House of doth rule that Part of the Rody. Like Judge may be had of other Herbs of the Planet - Mines

Toes of their Peer, when they go to Bed, especially when they small most, and then to small the same advice at their Note; it is a perfect Remedy to put away

the Cramp.

he Cramp:
54. A Gandle burning, holden or put to a House or Place, wherein a Piece of Salt Press is put, the faid Candle will suddenly be blown nor. And the fame Candle, immediately put to another Place wherein is Brimtone, will be lighted and burn again, to the great Marvel of them that Hand by, if they he ignorant of the accret. Mineldus, Ruc

the Snuff of the Candle must not be clean out. take very strong Vinegar, and the Whites of Eggs, and put them together, and put thereto Quick liver, mixing and thiring the Quickfaluer well sheroin ; and with the fame Mixture anoint Paper three Times, and after that, write what you lift upon the fame Paper, and then cast the same Westing into the Rise, it will not burn.

56. Gue or break a white Loaf in the midil when it comes but out of the Oven, and lay is to the Ear of futh as have any quick. Thing in their Head, and it will bring it bot, thisting it with bot Bread, until all the quick Things be come forth . This is

gy. The little Bone in the Knee Joint of the hinder Leg of a Hare, deth prefently help the Often proved.

38. A little Piece of the Tongue of a Fox, being Mayon moistened moistened and made soft in Vinegar, (if it be dry) draweth out a Thorn or any other Thing deep in the Flesh, if it be laid upon the Place where it is. —

It is an excellent and true Thing.

59. The three cornered Stone of a Carp, which is to be found in the hinder Part of the Head, night unto the Neck, beaten small, and blown into the Nose, doth stay the bleeding of the Nose, by its binding Faculty; which may be perceived by the tasting thereof.—This bath been proved, and I know it to be true. Mizaldus.

60. The Head of a Cat that is all black, burned

in a new Pot, and fine Aftes or Powder made thereof, and some of the same thride every Day blown out of a Quill into the Eye that hath either Web or Pingor any other Evil or Grief in the same, is a most excellent Help and Remedy thereof. But if the Party feel any Burning in his order Eye, (especially in the Night; let three or four Oaken Leaves steeped or mostlened in Water, be laid together upon the fore or grieved Eye, and let the same be a terward turned, and laid on again. The Author of this Second, said, That the Sight is testored with this Remedy, after a whole Year's Blindness.—This mained to Micaldan.

Gi. Here follows an excellent Remedy for all Wounds, and casy to be made: Take Greek Pitch, Brimstone, and white Olibanum, which is a Kind of Frankincense, of all a like Quantity: Let them be slamped and mixt with the Whites of Eggs, then (the Wound being first washed, and the Lips thereof well joined together) lay the same Mixture on Linea Cloth, and apply it to the Wound, and tie the same fast on with Gloths, or broad Bands; and let it lie so certain Days unremoved.—Proved, faith Miscaldur.

ba. White Lillies will wax red, as Floristive hath

taught, if warily and diligently you open the Clefts of the Roots, and fill the lame with any red Colour; and fo then fet the fame in a fat dunged Earth .-Mizaldus.

64. Women that wie to lie and fleep on their right Side, feldom or never bring forth any Wenches.

Raft writes this. 64. Wholoever is anointed for the Neapolitane Difeafe, (commonly called the French Pox) if he hold in his Mouth a Ring of Gold, or elfe another Piece of Gold, and rolls the fame about his Mouth with his Tongue, the Quickfilver that is in his Body, by the Means of the Ointment is drawn of the faid Gold, and is so wrapt about the faid Ring or Gold, that when it is taken out of his Mouth, it shall feem as though it were all Silver. And the fame Ring or Gold, will not be reflored to his former Brightness or Colour, except it be put into the

Fire .- Lemius.
65. Snails, without their Shells, or otherwise with their Shells, stamped and mixen sometimes with Cheslep or Rennet, to draw out Thorns or any other Thing out of the Flesh, though never to deep if they be applied to the Place. And also being laid to the Belly of them that have the Droply, they fuck out the Water. But the same must not be loosed from the Belly until all, the Humques or Water be fweat forth, or elfe the same Plaister of Snails doth tall away of itfelf .- Jacob Hollerius as and all suspents brane touch Children with a closes or we sign and

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SECOND BOOK

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NOTABLE THINGS.

but the room of the first the second of the

TT is manifest by Experience, that the Seventh Mule Child, by just Order, (never a Girl or Wench being born between) doth heal only with touching (through a matural Gift) the King's Evil.

of an Muse, and fed within the Stein of an Hare, it is faid that all the Hares will gather together, which be within that Trace where it is buried. As the Matrix of a Birch will gather Dogs together,—This was affirmed for Truth to Matalilas.

g. Many Women with Child, on the fudden of unlooked for meeting, or fudden feeing of a Hare, or for the Defire or Longing to eat of the fame, do bring forth Children with a cloven upper Lip, and forkedwife, called an Hare-Lip.

4. An Egg laid in strong Vinegar three Days, or a little longer, it makes the Shell thereof so tender and soft, that one may draw it through a Ring. Cast the same into warm Water, and let it lie therein, and it will be hard again.—Mizaldus.

5. A Flint-Stone lying in Vinegar the Space of

feven Days, may be differed into Powder by rubmarvel though Handbul did distolve the Stones of the Alps with Vinegar - Mizalahi,

6. Water, wherein the Leaves and Seeds of Fremp is folder, being calt or sprinkled on the Earth, will make the Worms to come out of the Ground,

if any be there. Mexalder.

7. Take the Oil of Tartar, made of the Lees of excellent Wine, it doth take the Spore from from, the Iron being cleanfed from all Rannels, and doth make it of an excellent Brightness, if the from be rubbed therewith. - Minalder

8. The Root of Henbane Ramped, and applied warm to the Pain of the Good of the Peet, or Sciarica, it is faid that it helps marvellouffy, because the Herly belongs to Japiter, which is only Lord of Sayitary, which governs the Huckle-Bone; and of Piles

Writing late, the fame will never freeze. Proved.

Par of the Dormoule, doth produce Steep .- As Ac-

Fi. They will have Pains in the Stomach, or be weak-Romached, in whole Parivities Mars and Sa-ture are in the lists Hoole; or in the twelfthe House inforcementing the Mans, or the Lord of the Ajcendant; especially if the Sign of the facts House

be Ganer. - Jarrennes Guar. 1997. Les The following an action of his or the control of the control o give to the different the Princes of one of them, in white Wine, "stary where Day, in the Morning, till all be done, which will be in eighteen Days. The Party must take it fasting, and neither eat nor drink for two Hours after. And if the Disease be so long rooted, that these nine Times will not suffice, then begin immediately again with other nine Snails, and do as before is declared in all Points. I had this out of an old Book, wherein was many Secrets, as I heard one affirm them to be true, and tried Things.

13. Hempseed given to Hens in Winter, will

make them lay Eggs apace. - Gardanus.

Spots, Freckles, and filthy Wheals of the Face, Chin, or Forehead, with its cleaning Strength.—
This is proved.

or thick Wine, and the same being well moved and stirred, with a Stick, makes the Wine fair and

clear.

Thing, saddenly leap or fall on the Body of a Woman with Child; or else any Cherries, or a Cluster
of Grapes, or other Thing whatsoever, chance to fall
or hit any Part of her Body; by and by, it haps
that the Child is marked with some special Note or
Mark on that Part whereon they did fall or hit, except happily the Woman (on whose Body the same
did chance) wipe with her Hand suddenly the Part
or Member therewith touched, and lay her said
Hand on some other Part surther off.—Lemnius.

17. Burning Water called Aqua Vita, is of a marvellous Force in preserving of Things, and keeping them from putrifying. For Flesh or Meats whatsoever moistened therewith, will be safe from

Corruption and Worms.

18. If young Beafts eat of the Leaves of an Ivy or Ash Tree, they die; but if they that chew the Cud, do eat thereof, they feel no Harm.

19. Who-

them fate and found, let them lay and mix them with Walnutz: for they will drink up and mix them with Walnutz: for they will drink up and confume fuch Humours whereby they corrupt: and they will not fuffer them to wax mouldy.— Mixalou.

20. Khotpiatr is thought to be the Herb of the Sai, whereupth it helps greatly all the Differes of the Heart, and the Wouth of the Stomach: whereof Lea the Lion is Governor, which is the shoule of the Sai, and it is very good against the great Great of the Back, the Stone, and the Cholick, by drinking of it, or by Injection.— It was affirmed to Mixalou; that is was found true by Experience.

21. The Parine of an Apple, but fomething

21. The Paring of an Apple, cut fomething cumbing Eyes of Night, when the Party goes to fame very speedily, and contrary to Expectation.

22. A certain Priest, having a loving Dog, was killed for his Money, and throws among Bushes or some other private Place; which Dog to mourned for his said Master, that he would not depart from him, but howled so that the dead Body Was found; which dead Body was brought affore certain Men to be viewed, to which Place divers People resorted, amongst whom the Murtherer must needs shew him. felf flamenting outwardly the Matter, with the rest of the Standers by, as though he had been as guilt-less at the rest whom when the faid Dog perceived, he bark d, and did run at him sercely, and by he less at the rest) which when the laid Dog perceived, he hark'd, and tild rad at him hercely, and by he Means would leave his barking howling, and running at him, and following after him, and none other, hewing (in his Manner) that, that was he that willed his Matter. Whereupon being suspected, he was examined, and forthwith confessed his wicket

wicked Fact, and therefore was executed whime after the following will presently cale the pains of the Gout. Fry out the Greak of Shoemakers Patches, or Pieces of Leather, and lay tome of a upon brown Paper, warming it a title at the Pige then apply the lame to the Galer, and it will take away the Pann in one Night had all of the that bayes provide a dign to higher that bayes provide a dign to higher than bayes provide a dign to be the the called Know or a flerb called Know grain it will make their Bellies I well, and they

will avoid out of their Mouths a stinking Froth; therefore they must be let blood under the Tail. next to the Buttock .- Collumella

25. There are many do Things in their Sleen which they that be awake use to do; for they will walk about the House, and Chamber, and go to other Folks Beds, and dare do any Thing without Fear; whereof there are many daily Examples. But one among all the reft, which was credibly told me, was marvellous, trange, and almost incredible; which was, that two Men lying in Bed together, the one of them being fall alleen, took the Keys and unlocked the Doors, and the Gate of the House, and so took his Bow and Arrow, and went to a Wood or Chace about a Mile from thence, and killed a Buck or Doe, and then did cover or hide the same in the Wood, and then came home again, unlocking and locking the Gates and Doors searn, and laid the Keys where he had them, and to went to Bed. The other Man that lay with him, heigs awake, followed him, and did kee all that he did a but he would not go to Bed, but flaid awails in spother Place to fee the Event thereof: And as foon as the other was in Bed, he took his Dagger. stabling and thrusting therewith in the Bec, waer the other Man did lie, and by and by, after waking faid.

The eather different. May, I am not relieve to the sound of the sound

26. If Shell Such is be roulled, and dried at the Pire, or in the Oven, and made into Powder, and a Spoonful thereof drank in Ale at one Time, and to taken nine of ten Days together, it doth perfectly help and outsides allows to add.

help and cure the Black Janudice. Frome.

27. If you fixing Earth Worms, and then firsh them through a Croth, then put to the fame as much of the OH of Raddin Roots, and between the Beating of fraining of Swords, or Knives, or Baggers, when they be not, you do quench them twice of thrite therein, the fame half cut from arter, as though it were Lead.

1801 Stinking and correspt Wide will be marvel.
1801ly mended. If actording to the Bigness of the
Vestel, a sufficient Quantity of Alexa. Wheat in a
Bag, be hanged in the Vestel, and after be taken out
of the same. For whatfoever is unclean of manghe,
the Wine will be made pure and clear. — Pilloring.

29. If you bore Holes in Bay Berries, and put into every Hole the Steels of Attichokes, and wrap them with Dung, and to put them into the Barth, their have to recevand pleasant intelling Arti-

chokes, that nothing can be of a more innet and pleasant Smell .- Varro. The same will happen, if to fleep Seeds three Days in fiveet imelling Water .- Mizaldur.

30. Butter, Aqua Vita, and Beafts Gall, of each a like Quantity, mixt together; and an Ach or Stich anotated therewith, fomething hot, every Moining and Evening, for feven or eight Days, doth perfectly help the fame.—Proved.

31. Gales faith, that he knew certain Men in his Time, that gave the Powder of Mens Bones busnets, to them that had, the Falling Sickness; they not knowing of it, left their Minds should stand against the Medicine; and many were cured with the fame .- Gefnerus bath proved it with the Scull.

32. If you prick the Head of a Lack with a Reed or a Stick sharped, and put within the same the Seeds of Rape, or Cucumbers, the faid Leek's Head

will fo fmell, that it will feem monftrous.

33. The People of Affamores (as Pliny reports) have no Mouth, and are clad with a woolly Mols growing in India, and live only with imelling of Odours at their Nose, of Roots and Flowers, and Apples that grow in the Woods; which they carry with them in their long fourneys, to fuffin and nourifu them withal, left they fhould want thereof to fmell.

34. The Powder of Stone Pitch, drank in small Drink once every Day, for the Space of four or five; Days; it is a very good Remedy for them that are bruifed through falling, or otherways,

ac. If you will prefently turn Wine into Vinegar, cast therein Salt and Pepper, mist with four Leaven,

their Difeales with Wall Sage; Hens with Wind; Geete with Haritch; the Cranes with Squinant; the Panther with Man's Dung; the Bear with fvy; the Harr with Artichokes; the Dogs with Graft. Atto Play fails, that the Smell of the Crabs will kill Bees, aspecially if thet one doth let them night unto their Hives; for they abhor frinking Smells; therefore they follow them hercely that finell of finking Smells

37. If Children eat Raisins falting, that have Worms, (without any other Meat) it will kill and avoid the Worms i For a bitter Things are notione to them, even to see fweet Prings (it makes the

to (well and burt.

48. If the tender Horns of young Bucks, that are covered with a thin hairy Skin, he cut in Piece and then pas into a new Pot well covered, and it in an Oven (of other Place that is hot, where the same may be made into Powder, and some of the fame given with Pepper and Myrrh, to them that are tormented with the Cholick, in good Wind; it will belp them marvelloully of the lime Witeate.

- 39! Pellitory of the Waltstemped, and laid to the Code, and under the Navel, and to used four or tive Times, helps the Cholick and Pains of the Bladd and Cods. — A Thing often proved.

20; Galbanum made foft, and spread upon a Lines Cloth, and fo applied and laid upon a Placue Sore if the Distale be curable, it will lo stick and cleave to the fame, that it cannot be placked and it bring away the Root of the Sore with it. But If the Difease be incurable, it will not eleave; -A dus de villa neva; " na la 19 1936 fire

41. If any will make their Hands white le them mix the Dung of Sparrows in warm Water, and walls them therewith; or let them feeth the Roo of Nettles in that Witer, and therewith wast their Hands, and oils more organisted in his arribe 44. The Roots of Lillier folden in Wester doubt take ever, the Recognic in the Bace: If certain Mornings and Evenings the fame in stated and support the everythem The And Switzenson was all its 435. New Mores will cally be made bein in many them all. Night in the Blood of an Ox, she fam

of a Weather, and ftrong Vinegar mistage then med As Mizaldus vonites

I det l'Applies that ase frontes is they be put an arwing the cold Water, and, suffered to lie sherois as white frozen conjealing will be dissolved, -- it moved to 245. To separate Gold, supp. Silver and Chart. and uprincing shereon, the Pander of Boach Additions and Salt. Armoniacle miss, togethere, which being uplif he steel in the Bios under unaboding Water that separates Gold, will be main sherein and Mandau had

this of a semina Goldinatha) on this betacare to a Spring Water for the Space of twenty four Household and then walk app. Space we feel by Blues, the

A. A. Brecious, and provided Ventions, for the Stone Seeth White Wine, Taxor, and Parley very well, and then drain it; and into a good Draught thereof have a Spoonful oldwaits some and give it to them that are grieved with the Stone, and it will cause them to make Water with Speeds

48: Cardine Benditter Rampeds and then wellfodden with Suet, or Swine's Greate, Wine, and Wheat Floor, until it he likelen Omemons is an excellent Medicine for all Sores and Ulcare whatfor i but you must answer the Sores this every Daylo washing first the Corruption from the Sores with white Wine .- Arnoldus

4q. Take

46. TREE ole Planers of Mugword and possible with the list Part of Oil be confamed a then around the each any last the each interest planes with the each of the away.

The property of the each ery lost of the away.

This is at Experiment of the Miny's Streeth around the each of the Miny's Streeth around the each of the Miny's Streeth around the each of the real of the each of the ea

Dormice will forfake old and rundons Houses, three works before day fall; for they perceise by an indicate of water excharate Joints and takening together of the Houses by the least of the Houses by the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the Ground — Plants and Least of the Houses of the House of the Ho

the Ground.—Pinius and Lemaille.

I off one sleet on the right Side of the Moke, bow and area hard the Party's make Pinger that bleeds. From the left Side, then the little Pinger that bleeds. From the left Side, then the little Pinger is a name and provid Rimeds. Miscalds.

The is a common and provid Rimeds. Miscalds.

Party of common and provid Rimeds. Miscalds.

Party of them takes their called Spear grais, and which he is the takes their called Spear grais, and when the bar to be not the capture of the first state of the capture of the capture of the capture of the latest spear grais. and the fond thing of it that the Herb be not re-moved, and within hix be eight Hours, at the most, it will make a great fither on the time Place, then lay a clot lear or elfe a Wort fear on the time. but Affilet the Water our of the Bline with a Phi and it will draw out all the Water that cauleth the Path of Grief. —This biffled the That wal parked this will be with labeling Years.

deep earthen Pot, and fer the fame night unto a vice made of Ath wood, when the Por begins to be hor, the Mice therein will chirp or make a Nolle, whereat all the Mice that are nigh them will run towards them, and to will teap into the Pire; as though they should come

come to help their poor imprisoned Friends and

Neighbours. - The Canje whereof Mizaldui afarther to the Smele of the Albanone.

54. If you feeth the Dregs of Mother, or Foam of Oil to Half, and therewith another the Bottom, Corners, and Peet of any Cheft or Preise the Clostin that you lay therein shall never be hust with Moths for that is be dry before you put your Clouth's therein.—M. Vario and Lase.

55. Make a Plaister of Potter's Clay, mixt with

Vinegar and the White of an Egg, and apply it so the Cods of him that bleeds at the Note, and straightway his Bleeding will lay or ceale.—This is a fare proved Medicane.

56. Give a Woman (that suspects hertelf to be with Child, at Night when the eyes to Bed) a Clove of Garlick to eat a and it the feel any Savor thereof in the Morning when the rifeth, then the as not with Child; if the feel no Savor thereof, then the is with Child.— This I had out of an ald survives Book.

57. An excellent and approved Thing to make them flander that are grots: Let them eat three or

four Cloves of Garlick, with as much of Bread and Butter, every Morning and Evening, fieft and laft. neither eating nor drinking for three or four Hours after they taking of it in the Morning, for the Space of fourteen Days at the leaft, and drink every Day three Draughts of the Decocion of Fennel, that is, of the Water wherein Fennel is fod and well drained. fourteen Days after, at the least, at Morning, Noon, and Night. I knew a Man that was marvellous. grose, and could not go a quarter of a Mile, but was enforced to rest him a Dozen Times at the least. that with this Medicine took away his Groffnels, and afterwards could go a Journey on Foot.

THE END OF THE SECOND BOOK

name thing would not this following, and the following that the property for the property (so described for any time) for the property (so described for any time) for the property of the property for the proper

NOTABLE THIN 063

I VE Legs laid in the fivening in flrong and tarr Vinegal, and taken out of the lame the next Morning, to that you perceive their Shells therewith to be formething to the let them be longer therein, and then pay or threst them down the Throat of a Profe that hath the Cough, his Tongue being held all that while out of his Month.

will heal him persect! of the lame.

2. The Furthe Doves have both a Love one to another, (being Mates) that when one of them is dead, the other will never after have any other Mate.—Armate.

J. If you take an Cak Apple from an Cak Tree and in the same you shall find a little Worm, which if it doesn by away it figuriaes Warr; if it treeps it betakens Statceness of Coth; if it run about then it foreshews the Plague. This is the Countryman's Astrology, which they have long observed for Truth —Misaldus

4. Wholoever is troubled with the Congu. or Shornels of Breath, let them drink a good Draught.

domething warm, of this followings thrice every Day, first and last, and one Hour after Dinner, for the space of seven or eight Days, and it will help them (God willing,) formulann excellent and often proved Thing: Take of the Roots of Enulscamps, ont in small Pieces, of Hysop and Penny-royal, and feeth them all in a Gallon of pure and fair Water, until the Water come to one Bottle; then strain it well, and keep it in a clean Vessel, close slopped or covered, and so ale it.

g. Soap, mixt with a little Satishelpeth periodity a Fellon, uncome, or other Sore, or Iwoln Finger, with Speed. —I know that this bath been well proved.

Mizoldus.

6. The White of an Roy well beaten, and mixt with the Powder of Wanter, helps chapers ands, a

Seeth the Leaves of an Oak, and the middle Rind thereof in Water, and wall the Head that is the of the first of Pullules therewith, and it will help it prefeatly — Powed.

The Root of Pellikary of Size chewed between the Teeth a good while, will purge the Head and Cums very well, and failen the Teeth it helps the Head ach and Tooth ach, it is be used four or five Times in a Day, two or three Days logether .-

It is very true, and of an provided from Scarlet into a Make that which is floor from Scarlet into Powder, by drying it at the Fire, or in an Oven and then give to the Party that hath the Bloody Prox. to drink half a Pound thereof in red Wine: tile this five or fix Times, and it will belp him of her morely and furely, (God willing) - The h

well proved. in It one that hath eaven Garlick or Commin-See breake on the Face of a Woman that is painted,

STABLET AND SEALS

the Condrovate onto the artifle of the the

her Colour remains as it did before — Barry Colour remains as it did before — Barry Colour remains as it did before — Barry Colour to Goods with was an Emperor of Rober who was work to the product of the production of the produc

12. If you will inclose Seeds of divers Rinds, on his onless of Matter, made onless of Wax, or in fone onless at Matter, made on at Length, meaning out at Length, tomothing the or think! Heating out at length (that it) her long at yet works like of the fallow to grow, make the putting the fallows, the Ground well dunged a marvellous Hedge will foring thereof. This is the Procker on his unid Experiment of the Kingra (Gardanes in March Red. 1811, 1910) wind with the

organ Grand Muttard with Vingor, and red it well me have on the falms of the Hands, ar bolts of th

Reer, and it will help and entaken forgently he fors.—Pares Hopenes.

19. A-mail notable and proved Water to clarify the Dimness of the Eyes and Sight, doth follow. Take the Juice of Pennet, Celanding Rue, and Bue blight of each two Outless. Honey only Grace and can Main "Albest Futty and Sacocol, of each half an Ounces the Gall of a Chicken on Cock, two Drachms; Nurmegs, Cloves, and Sal-fronçoi each one Drackm; Sagar Candy in Drachms. Buts allowed a Limbeels of Glass; and difficit, and put took of this Water line year Eyes, once in a Day, two year there tannot be a more precious I hing for the leves than this. Stomacia both both to praire in and publish it abroad, for the Com-

fore of others, whereast bit I make an a sure of ones Age, is counted to be a dangerous and positions Time, for that it does feldom pass without thanges of kides or without fome other great Misfortune and it is observed in many Examples. Hereof days for Carlor (as Gellius reporteth) was marvellous glad, that he had a caped that Year of his Age. The Cause may be, that the (eventh Year and the nimb Year (being Auni Glimafernes is settler, which are judicial (State). multiplied together, makes the faid Nomber of 64 Mixabus arib in the State in the will be

17. Scath ly Berner in Vinegar, sontin white. Wine, and when they are well ford suppor the famel has Liquor, and when it is cold for it out, and sup more thereofi — Wholesant dock this, beignib the Tooth dunged. A gervellots 1414

18. Wholoever is lame, and can neither go not fir their joints, let them take of Agua Composita, and Oil of Rofes, of each a like Quantity; mix them both together, and apoint the grieved Place therewith, Morning and Evening, until it be well, which will be within a While after, but rub the Place with warmed Cloths well before: - A Thing

the Accendant of the Time of his Birth, certainly he will have a special Scar or Mark in his Race. Proved. Which I have tried in many, and yet never found it fall

20. That Pigeons may not be hunted or killed by Cats, at the Windows, or at every Paffage, and at every Pigeon-hole, hang or put little Branches of Rue, for Rue hath marvellous Strength against wild.
Beast.—As Didimas dath fays

21. This Medicine following will procure argued:

Stomach

Storts of the Mex. The colore Desching of Quintering and Desching of Martine, are Desching of Community and Martine, are Desching of Calinosis; and there all these segation, and term per at with clarified floury, and then the to eat as much the root as a blue way Day (during stre Day) (aring street) (aring street the Eye-brows, the Chins and Privaties, the put into the faid Holes the Seads of Millers or may other that brings forth other small Roots, that sho resamble Matre, (which Leek-ford will do Yers well, or else Berley) after this, put it into the Ground, and let it be covered with Barth, until inchave got-ten upon it a certain little Sking and then thee that fee a monstrous Idol, and hairy, which will become the Party, if it be Workman likes or countryly made or figured.—Mecaldor TAnorber trim Way for the likes is in the Natural and Artificial Gardas from anglification. Therefore, Gardas from anglification of Grafas from the likes is in the Natural and Artificial Gardas from anglification of Grafas from the Siveries of Grafas through Jubited as Force.

dotherefilt Venom or Poilon; whereof if one Leaf twice

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trains decrambing. Moraling and Evenings to double the intelliging in the indicate open weaks the Quantities Against the Common Against the Moraline of the Indicate the Common Against the Moraline of the Indicate of the In

I ad. IA fittings bled to the Eye of contines proved to Take time tiple whomas with many Peers by Home dailed Sound Live pointines to the tiple whomas with many Peers by Home dailed Sound Live pointines with many Peers by Home round as a Batton or they are to be found become the Batte and the Wood of old Timber of Feers) famp them with laditate faire of Woodboo, or Betony; then fixing the faire oned Lived let the Barty that inthe the Web in him by of the let it in a Morning force thing warned a Do this three Mornings together, and it hold four in perfectly. (Out withing)—IT is many that fair ones Track, by we that but provide divertified.

divertifients

127. This there followeth is a special Medicine for them that swoon, or are faint at the Heart : Take Rusensey, Sages Betany, and Marsensey, of each one Handful y and feeth them in a Gallon or more of fair Water, till Half the Water to confound y then take away the Herbs, and pue to the faid Water is and put thereto an Ounce of Stytudes, tied and fair Linea Cloth, and let it feeth a little while, and then takes it out of the faid Water, and put thereto an Ounce of Stytudes, tied and then takes it out of the faid Water, and put thereto an Ounce of Cinnamon, where Courter of an Ounce of Nutmegs, and as much of Ginger in Powder, and use to drink a good Draught thereof twite every

Day is supering warm of Landien for the Space A CANADA STEEL Character than his to accept the on worthing the first than the control of the co white Wine where and given them to deal the laws obe. Stone on compact white. Where the month of the Cristian on Stone and makes them more. Who complete white the compact whi

and anoint therewith a thin Plate of pure Silver, and put the fame over a Vulle! full of Write which is over hot Albes or Coals, and let is be moved and firmed, until it be made like beyond for Azure. There is the bett Way, and fine blue to fine exists to dead this out of any thenest as Breek, at the solid and this out of any thenest as Breek, at the part of any thenest as Breek, at the part of any of the part of the feething or hot Pean, the Pean will leap out of the Por, chapt the Brita or Mouth of the Por, be done but or the Por.

high porthe fire too family of contrastive; shoo to laid in Manayr of a Righter to the maces flat of the Hades flat a

63. Here followeth the making of appealing oil of Cloves: Lakent Cloves one Pound which has to Rowder in a Braic Morror inhor admit bactor show found of Almonda Crasen and hearing in a Morrat and when they has well mused together a driving thereon four Changes of the had public Wings its thereon four Canages of the had public Wings its tens

medical terror and the state of the state of

the to their forme pace of again popularities e je to long. that you cannot follow your fetche it then put it no fatto drudie 5 kg; and wring the short fat a fatte drudie 5 kg; and wring the short fat a fatte drudie 5 kg; and wring the short fatte fa

a new earther Pot well closed, and greethe Allier thereof unto him or her, shat batch the Balling Sietenes, to drink with Wine, and it will help them; and if the Barty be not heated at once, that do folly another Pool, and to do this team of the point of the property of the panel by another pool, and to do this team of the point of the point of the use of the Edward of the

ge, Awonderful Thing, passing all Credit, chanced in the Billioprick, or Diocefe of Etherenes, in Gos-many, but that it was feen of divers credible Wit-nesses. A certain Husbandman there, called Objects Newcoffer, being tormented with cruel Pains in one Fibis Sieles, (noden) y took hold of a National was noter the Skin | unbury which cut by a Suigeon; pades the Skin, unhurt; which cut by a Surgeon, he took out the Nail - yet for all that the Pain did not cease; wherefore the miserable Man sufficiently that there was no Remedy to be and for his Pain, bin Death) cook a Ruise and cut his Throat; and the third Day after, he being carried to burying there was one Lucharius Rajenhader of Westerness and Took of Electrics Surgeons; in the Presence of many, which did cut toped the Belly and Many of the laid dead Man, wherein was thank found, forting many valled and predigious) a teng and sound Piece of Wood, four Knives of Secon, partly sharp and partly micke like a Saw, and two sharp sufferencements from that

that were longer than a Span: and they had therein also Hair rolled together, as it were a round How! Brack
or Ball. This was laid or purinto his Maw, by no
other Art, but only by the Craft and Subtilty of the
Devil.—Mizaldes.

36. In many Ponds, all the Water and Mud taken out, by and by Eels do breed, if Rain Water do come into them; for with the Dew they do live and are nourified.

37. Let the Party that bleedeth, chew the Root of a Nettle in his Mouth, but swallow it not down, and without Doubt the Blood will staunch; for if one keep it in his Mouth, he can lose no Blood.—
Petrus Hispanus.

38. If a Madman find Rafe in sleeping, it is good; but if his Rage increase, it is to be feared.—Hippo-

39. This Medicine following doth marvelloufly break Wind in the Belly: Take Cummin feed, Fennel-feed, and Annifeed, of each alike, and beat them to Powder, then feeth the fame in Wine, and drink a good Draught thereof first and last, four or five Days together, and you shall find great Help thereby, for it hath been often proved to their great Ease and Comfort that take the same.

40. Take a Spoonful of Aqua Vita, and two Spoonfuls of the Water of Arsmart, and anoint any Ach therewith twice every Day, Morning and Evening, for the Space of five or fix Days at the most, and it will heal it for ever.—I had this out of an ald suritten Book.

41. This following is an excellent Medicine for the Stone: Seeth an Handful of Holly Berries, in a Pint of good Ale, till Half the Ale be confumed a then firain it, putting then a little Butter to it, and let the Party drink thereof five or fix Spoonfuls, and within Half an Hour after the Party will make

n

Water, (if ever any Medicine will cause it.) - This

tous told me for a true Secret.

42. The Root of Vervain hanged at the Neck of fuch as have the King's Evil; it brings a marvellous and unexpected Help. It is an Herb of Vinus, and hath Power of the Neck, because of Tunnes the Bull,

being her House.-Mizaldus.

43. If the Ears of Cats be enopped or cut off, it will make them keep at home the better, for then the Water (which they cannot abide) will drop into their Ears, being open. And if they be gelded, especially the male Cat, they will not only be more tame and fat, but also thereby they will range abroad the less.—Mizaldus.

44. A Mole or Want enclosed in an earthen Pot, if you fet then the Powder of Brimstone on Fire, the will call other Moles or Wants, to help her, with a

very mourning Voice. - Mizaldus.

45. When any draw nigh towards their Death, and that their Members lack Blood and vital Heat, then Fleas and Lice leave them quite, or elfe draw to that Part of the Body where the faid Heat tarries the longest, which is in the Hole of the bleck under the Chin, &c.—This is a Token that Death is at Hand. Lemnius.

46: The Leaves of Wall-wort fod with Wine, doth marvellously mitigate the Pains of them that are tormented with the Gout, if they be applied to the Place where the Grief or Pain is. There be they that prefer and extol with marvellous Praises the Juice present of the Leaves and Roots thereof, sodden with Wine, and May Butter; and instead of a Liniment, anointed still on the grieved Members; that is, three or four Times every Days—Mizaldus learned this of one that proved it.

47. A Ruth dried and put into Wine, if there be any Water therein, draws it to it, (the Wine left alone.

alone, or together) which is good and profitable for

trying of Wine. Minulaks, the day of hour hands Medicine to heal lame Menthers don't follow t Take of Oil Olave, Agua Pine, Oil of Exercy and of a Beatte Gall, of ench a like Quancity: Mix all together, and anoint the lame Members therewith, twice every Day, Morning and Evening, the Space of a Porenight, being well rubbed before, and it will help the fame for certain. - An old Winner In Westelfershire did belp many therewither to in and

49. If out of one Pound of excellent Wine (with as much Salt as you can hold in your Hand, and the Lees of pure Wine) you do diffit a Water, you shall find that it will be the hottest Water of all other.

Might be with bory and gree drive the --

co. Many have been helped that have had foul and leprous Faces, only by walning the fame with diffilled Water of Strawberries , the Strawberries first put into a close Glass, and so purified in Horsedang ... Contadus Geffierus.

511 Primrofe Leaves flamped, and laid on the Place that bleedeth, Rauncheth the Blood, This

but been proved. I wand the at an dien at anno

52. Take black Soap, and almost as much Gias ger in Powder, and mix thom well together, thea unoint therewith my Pettars or Ringworms every Day, for the Space of four or five Days together,

and it will heaf it certainly Property (motions

3. Take Alees Bracken, four Drachms y Briony, Meltich, Myrch, Afarabacca, Scammeny, of each one Druchm; mixed with the fame made in Powder, with the fuice of Fennel, and a little clarified Honey to preferre them . Take a Drachm thereof, which is the Weight of leventy-two Bartey-corns, at the moncarly in the Morning, and neither car nor drink Days together, they help marvelloudy, and they are very excellent for all Manner of Head-achs, approved (though never to long rooted.) They purge all Humours; they bring Gladness; they are very good for the Eye-fight; they preserve the Mind, letting or hindring the Hoariness of Hairs; they help the swimming of the Head, and the Megrim, and heal the Sounding of the Ears; But to the weaker Persons give the lesser Quantity. Make it in five or six little Pills or Balls, and swallow them one after another at one Time; they are proved to be very good.—I found this in a very old woritten Book.

Neft, pricked with a Needle or Pin, and so made blind, within four or five Days after, they will see again.—Which is very true, for I have proved it.

framped, and tempered with the White of an Egg, and laid to the Forehead, provoketh Sleep.— This

bath been often proved.

56. This following will heal lame Members; Seeth Rue and Rosemary, of each two Handfuls, with common Oil, and Malmfey, of either one Quart together, for the Space of Half an Hour; then let the lame Member be washed and bathed therewith; (but before, the faid Member or grieved Place must be well chased with a hot Cloth) then when it is well bathed (which will be within Half an Hour) wrap and keep the Member or Place fo bathed with a Lambskin (the Wool fide inward) and do this every Night, before or at going to Bed, three Weeks at leaft, and he will be whole and found thereof. Dr. Owen helped one therewith, and with no other Thing, that could neither stand nor go, but was very lame. - They that faw the Proof thereof told it me, aubich were Persons of good Credit,

57. It was an heinous Offence with the Egyptions, either willingly, or by Chance to kill a Cat: And Dio-

Diodorus tells us a pretty Story thereof. In the Time of Pialony, a League or Amity being begun between him and the Romanis a certain Roman (then against his Will) had killed a Cat; whereupon the Egyptians gathered together, and did befet the House where he was, requiring to have him executed for his great Offence, (no whit regarding the Power of the Romans, nor yet their League or Friendship with them) and had it not been for the King and Rulers, they would have drawn him out of the House, and killed him.—Diodorus.

or Steel, from ruling, let the same be rubbed over with Vinegar, mixed with Ceruse, or the Marrow of an Hart, (which is far better than Oil) and it will keep them fair and bright,

59. A potable Oil or Medicine for the Gout, and Joint Aches, very true and often proved: Take the Juice of Sage, of Agua Vita; of Oil of Bays, of Vinegar, of Mustard, and of Beasts Gall, of each a like Quantity; put them all together into a great Bladder, and chaseit well up and down with your Hands for the Space of an Hour and a Half, and keep it for your Use; and anoint the grieved Place therewith every Morning and Evening, and you shall find yourfelf healed in a finet Fime.—This is a sure and often proved Thing.

of The precious Medicine following doth preferve and keep them that take it, lafe from Polfon or Plague: Take of Juniper Berries two Drachms, of Earth of Lemnos, called by the Phylicians Terra Lemnia, as much, and one Scruple more, which is the Weight of twenty-four Barley-Corns: When you have made them into fine Powder, mix them with Honey, and keep it for your own Use in a clean Vessel; give as much thereof at one Time as a Hazel Nut, in three Ounces of Aqua Musia, which is made of Water and Froncy; that is, one Pound of Honey and eight Pound of Water, fooden and featured over an east Fire, until the fourth Part be confused. This excellent Antidots did King Nis caterial use, when any did bid him to Banquet on any other Chear, that he did sispepts Is there he no Poulon taken before it, it will remain quietly in the Stomach; but if there he any Poulon, it will procure Vomit; for that thereby the Poulon land Medicine will both come forth. Mixaldas.

61. Beware that nothing bind the Body hard when thou bleedest, and then hold the Hand full of Shepherds Puris, and stedfastly look on the Sun, and the Bleeding will cease with the product.

without an Infrument: Take Spurge, Pellitory of Spange Smallings, the Dung of a Raven or of a Crow, Galbanum, the Brains of Partinges, and also of Fing, of each a like Quantity a burn all these together meanew earther Pot, all to Powder, and with a little of the same Powder touch the Touch this you would thave fall out, and I doubtless, within a Quarter of an Eldur it will fall out a But you must take Head you touch me others Touth therewith.

This I had one of an old aveitern Book.

63. Seeth Mallows rand and betters together in fair Water, and let the Party that is contine, or cannot go so Spool, our close over the same, and receive the Paine thereofopin his Pundament, and it will help him terrainly and speedily. (God wilking.) - 42 him often proped.

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NOTABLE THINGS.

DRY the Roots of red Nettles, and make them in Powder, and drink a Spoonful of the Powder thereof in a Draught of white Wine fomething warm, and it will break the Stone though it be never fo great, and that with Speed. Use it every Day, until the Stone and Gravel be all broken and confumed .- A Thing of Small Price, and great Virtue, 2. This following is a notable Medicine for the Gout: Take the Root of the wild Nip, and the Root of the wild Dock, first fodden by themselves ; then pare off the Skins, and cut them isto Pieces, and flamp them both together, as fmall as may be; then put thereto a Quantity of Soon of a Chimney, and temper it with the Milk of a Cow that hath the Hair dirent Colour; then take the Urine of a Man thatris falling, aud make a Plaister thereof, and boil all together, and as hot as the Party can fuffer it. lay is to the Place pained or grieved, a Day or blight without removing, and lay another Plaister of the fame to it, and les is lie thereto as long DA

as the other. And do thus nine Times, and it will help, (God villing.)—Proped.

g. If Iron that is made clean, or polished, be tinted or rubbed over with Aqua Fortis, wherein the

Filings or Scrapings of Brass is dissolved, that Iron will have the Colour of Brass.—Bab. Porta.

4. The best Thing of all other to keep Harness, or any other Thing made of Iron or Steel, from Rustiness, is this: Stamp the Filing or Dust from Lead finely, in a Leaden or Iron Mortar, putting thereto a little Oil of Spike (which besides makes it smell trimly) and therewith rub over the Harness, or any other Thing, as aforesaid, made of Iron or Steel. By this Means you may carry your Harness, or other Things so rubbed therewith, in watery Places, and moist Airs, safe from rusting.—Mizaldus bad ibis of a cunning Armourer.

5. One Knot of the Root of Mullen, given to drink, doth bind the Loofeness of the Belly. - Proved.

6. This Medicine following is proved by Experience, and as a certain divine Thing doth core every Pleurifie, and doth relieve the Sick from Death, which ought not to be applied unto the fick Party, until the Fourth Day be past. Take of De Alibea two Ounces, (which is to be had at the Apothecaries) the Oil of sweet Almonds Half an Ounce. mix them together; with which Ointment (being warm) let the grieved Place be anointed: Then fprinkle upon the anointed Place, Half an Ounce of Powder of Cummin finely fearfed, (which done) take a Colewort Leaf made hot upon burning Athes. and anoint it with old Butter (not falted) and lay it hot on the anointed and powdered Place, (tying it on with a Cloth that it remove not) and a marvellous Effect will appear unto you, in the ceating of the Pain of the Plegrifie, and in diffolving of the Matter of the Imposthume. This Remedy will bring Honor

Honor upto thee, and great Profit unto the fick Perfon. And know that this Remedy is good in any
other great Pain, in all the Body, from the Head to
the Foot. Emperica Benedicii Victorii: And also I
have seen this proved, which helped one of the
Pleurisie, with letting Blood.

7. Whosever shall use daily to take in a Draught of small Ale, a Spoonful of the Powder of Mattellon Scabious, the same will destroy an Imposthume

within them .- It bath been often proved.

8. Out of the Fig Tree there comes such a sharp Vapour, that if a Hen be hanged thereon, it will so prepare her, that she will be soon and easily rousted.—
Plut. And the like will be, if the Feathers be plucked off from the Fowls, and then laid on covered a Day or two in a Heap of Wheat.—It is confirmed by Experience, saith Mixaldus.

9. The Prefessor of natural Magick assirms, that Vervain being taken up or gathered when the Sun is in Aries, the Ram, and stamped with the Seeds of Peony, and strained with white Wine, and drank, doth marvellously heal them that have the Falling Sickness.—Often Times proved, faith Migaldus.

to, Salt dissolved in Water and Brine, presently with its Strength doth put away the Pains and the Heat of any Burning, whether it be with Gunpowder, or with Oil, Pitch, scalding Water, burning Coals, burning Iron, or any other Means whatsoever; especially, if it be bathed with Linen Cloths wet therein, and laid or applied to the Place burned.—Lemnist.

Plume, Sal Gem, Tartar, and Roman Vitriol, of each equal Parts; all which severally make in fine Powder, mixed together, and dissolve it in fair clear Water; then put Silver, or Silver Plate therein, and let it lie, and set it over the Fire, that it may

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be very hot, and you that! fee that your Silver of Plate will be marvellons white and fair. - Micaldus.

ra. The Root of Zeodary (but be fure it he perfect and good) mixed with Raisins, and a little Liquerice, champed with the Touth and fuullowed, preserves them that do so, unhurs, or without the Danger of the Plague, if they go to my that are insected with the Plague, or that are confirmed to speak with them that have the Plague.—Minakin.

13. The Root of Peony (which is the Herb of the Sun) being pulled out of the Earth on a Sunday, in the Hour of the Sun, the Sun then being in Leo, called the Lion, and the Moon increasing in Light, which is from the Change to the Full, delivereth them of the Falling Sielends, that bear it upon

show - Marcellar Freinus.

14. A marvellous rare Secret, to draw out the Oil of Chnamon after an easy Manner; which Oil preserveth the Stomach from Corruption, by taking it by the Mouth, and applying it to the Stomach. Take of Cinnamon one Pound, which flamp and heat finely; then mix and impace it with the Oil of Sweet Almonds, into the Form of an Ointment: then bear the fame in an earthen Pan fomewhat, which after let fland (close covered) for fourteen Dave, or twelve at the least; at the End of which Time, hear the whole again fufficiently, (that is, until it be very hot) then put it into a Bag, and wring out the Oil in a Preis, until the whole Cinnamen remain thorough dry therein; then that which is come forth will be of the Colour, Saver and Falle of the Cinnamon -A Secret known to flow, to be surve in this Order.

The Powder of Pellitory of Spain, mist with the Milk of Wartwort or Spurge, and Galbanum, and a little thereof applied to any rotten or aching Tooth, will break it, or pluck it out, and the Pain thereof thereof with chale. This I had out of an old spristing

Venice fit, there never enter any Plies.—Condeans.—Merwin. And in the Flesh Shambles of Tolede, a City in Spain, is not fees that one Ply in all the whole Year, as Lev Pupis faith. And in Wosminstell Hall, in the Timber Work, there is not to be found one Spider, or Spidere Web, because (as it is thought) this Timber wherewith the Roof is built, was brought out of Ireland. I have not only heard it predibly told, that there is neither Spides. Told, nor any other schoolous Thing; but all that some of the Ranth of that Country hath been brought hither, whereon a Touch being laid, the hath died preferance.—Though this he maryellous and strange, yet it is true.

17. The juice of Ground Lvy, fauft up into the Nofe out of a Spoon or a Saucer, purgeth the Head marvelloufly, and takes away the greatest and oldest Pain thereof that is. This Medicine is worth Gold, though it he very cheep. I have known them that have had marvellous Pains in the Head, almost instellerable, for the Space of a Dozen Years, and this helped them prefently, and never had the Pain since they took this Medicine.

they took this Medicine. Tollowing will kill Worms in the Belly: Take the Gall of an Ok or of a Cow, and fo much of the Flower of Lupines (which are to be had at the Apathecaries) so will thicken the fame; mix them well together, and lay it on Wool, and fo plaintening to his Belly where the Grief is, and about the Navel; and after twelve Hours lay thereon another Plaintenan Do this four or five Days, and it will help themore upp.

orsoralf has burning Gold be quenched in pure Wine, (the fame Wine being deank) is procures (120)

Strength to the chief Members, and to the vital Parts; and it makes firong the natural Faculties, and doth help the diseased Part with Strength and vital Spirit. And this Liquor is thought to be very good in Time of Plague, And if the same be mixed with a little Tar, it doth quite put away from any Place of the Body all Spots, though they be never so foul. Yea it helps a seprous Face, a red Nose, and any other Deformity of the same, if the Place infected be wasted and rubbed oftentimes therewith.—Lemnius.

Gum that is found there, being drank with white Wine, doth break and expel the Stones in the Reins marvellously; and also being rubbed upon Ringworms, Tetters, and leprous Places, it doth cure them, but they must be rubbed before with Nitre.—This was told to Mizaldus as a proved Thing.

21. If his Spittle who has a Confumption, being cast upon the Coals, doth slink, and the Hair fall from his Head, it is a Sign of Death.— Hop in Appar.

22, There is a certain Electuary of Life, of Act noldus de Villa nova, in a little Book of hist of the putting back of old Age; described of the five Kinds of Mirobalans, made for the conferring and keeping of Health, and prolonging of Life; and it is a perfect and approved Thing ? For it doth not only comfort, but also it doth purge superfluons Humours, remaining of Nutriment past? and the Use thereof doth let or hinder grey blairs, and it makes one come to the laft old Age : "It frengthens the Stomach, and the Use thereof maketh a good Colour in all the Body; and this is the Description thereof. Take of great Raifins, cleanfed of their Stone and Stalks, two Pounds; Liquorice made clean and beaten, one Ounce; let thefe be put into two Pounds and an Half of fair Water, and let them Succession feeth

feeth well, and let them then be frained well, and in that which is firained, let there be put of Mirobalans, Kebule, Citron, and Indy, beaten in a Mortar, their Stones taken away, of each two Ounces; of Embellick, and Bellerick, of each of them two Drachmes let them be fod, strained, or pressed, or well wrung; then put thereto white Sugar, one Pound, and feeth altogether to the Thickness of a Syrup ; and in the End, add thereto of good Cinnamon Half an Ounce; Cloves and Galengal, of each two Drachme; Nutmeg, Marjoram, and Annifeed, of each one Ounce; and make thereof an Electoary, and keep it in a pure Vessel. In this Electuary be Medicines of the principal Members, (that is to fay) to the Heart, Head, Stomach, Liver, Spleen, and of the generative Members; and it is first hot, after moilt, then cold, and last dry .- Johannes Ganiperus also describes ite to be to be to be to be to be

23. Certain Worms that shine in the Night, called Glow worms, being well stopped in a Glass, and covered within hot Horse-dung, standing there a certain Time, will be there dissolved into a Liquor, which being mixed with a like Proportion of Quick-silver, first cleansed and purged, which will be within half a Dozen Times washing in pure Wine Vinegar, mixed with Bay Salt, which after every Washing and Rubbing, must be cast away, and then hot Water put to the Quicksilver, and therewith washed, and then put and closed in a fair, bright, and pure Glass, and so hanged up in the Midst of a House, on other Place or Room, will give such a Light in the Dark, as the Moon doth when she shines in a bright Night.— To. Bap.

24. A Piece of a Child's Navel-firing, worn in a Ring, is good against the Falling Sickness, the Pains of the Head, and the Cholick.—Mizaldus.

25. The Seeds of Roles with Mustard Seed, and

the Foot of a Weazel, altogether tied in something, and hanged among the Boughs or Branches of a Bree that bears but little Fenit; it is faid, that it will make the Tree to bear well, and to be marvellous fruitful.—Mitaldur.

26. Pare the Nails of one that hath the Quartan Ague, which being put into a Linea Cloth, and fo tied about the Neck of a quick Eel, and the fame Eel put into the Water, thereby the Ague will be driven away and there. & Albert.

ches of moift Hemp, Guats will not trouble him, por come agar him.—Minaldus,

28. Cuiver Dung stamped and need for a Plaister with strong Vinegar, and applied to the Navel, bindeth incontinently all Fluxes of the Belly.—
Macer.

29. The Root of a Gourd, tied to the Reins of the Back of Women that are in Labour or Travail of Child, doth danfe speedy Deliverance thereof: But let it be taken away as soon as the Child doth come forth, lest the Matrix go out after the Child.—

Tortals de passionibus mulierum.

go. Here followeth an Electory of a wonderful Virtue, in the Time of Petilence; this Electory is of so great Virtue, in them that do receive it, once in twenty-four Hours, that they may be free from all evil Insections of corrupt and contagions Airs, all the Day after. But them that are insected already, and are taken with the Petilence, if they drink of it but one Spoonful, as shall be said hereafter, (especially after letting of Blood, if it be convenient to the Patient,) and say him down and sweat upon the same, if the Venom bath not utterly overcome the Heart, he shall undoubtedly recover. It hath been lately proved that after drinking of the said Medicine, when the Patient made his Water in

an Urical, the Glass bath burst to Pieces by reason of the Venom that it purged out. This is the make-Ounce; Tiere figillate for Draches; fine Myerh three Draches; Unicora's Horn one Draches; the Seed and Rind of Citron, Roots of Distacy, Burnet, Tormentill, Zedoary, and Coral, of cach two Drachus; yellow Saunders four Scruples; red Saunders two Scruples; white Bean and red, Flowers of Marigolds, of each one Drachm; Ivory rasped, Scabious, Venegerici, Seed of Brasil, the Bone of a Stag's Heart, Saffion, of each two Scruples,: Make a fine Powder, and add unto it of Bole Armoniac prepared two Ounces; white Sugar, three Pound; and with a Syrup of Acetofitate Citri, make a ne Electuary, and keep it in a Glass. If the Publicace cometh wish great Excels of Heat, drink it in Role Water and Vinegar ; but if you feel it cold take it in a Draught of Wine, and cover you wish Clouchs. to that you may freet as long as is possible. For without Doubt, it is a present Remedy, as I myself have now of late proved .- Thus much Themas Phayer, in bis Treasife of the Pefithness.

31. The Seeds of Gardens Bourdider Ramped and drank, dock help the Grief, Pains, Prinkings, and heighes of the Side, and the Griping in the Guts, and the lower Parts of the Belly.—Think proved for

Trutb.

32. If any do sprinkle his Head with the Powder of a Skin that a Snake doth cust off, gotten or gathered when the Moon is in the full, being also in the full Part of Aries, the Rom, he shall fee terrible and scarsul Dreams. And if he shall have it under the Sole of his Foot, he shall he acceptable before Magistrates and Printers—Cardonse.

33. If Worms know upon, or hart the Month of the Stomach, put Honey combs into the Mouth falting, faffing, and hold them there, and the Worms will draw unto the Honey, and so void by the Mouth.

It bath been proved.

34. If in the first Beginning of any Sickness, or at any Time of any Question for the Sick, if the Moon be Oriental, night to the Sun, within twelve Degrees, it is Sign of Death; and the nearer to the Sun, and in Combustion, the worse.—Johannes Ganivetus.

35. With this Secret following, Benedictus Victorius had always good Success in Passions and Griefs of the Heart: Take of the Juice of Bugloss, cleans'd or purified at the Fire, two Ounces; white Sugartwo Drachms; mix them well together, and let the diseased Party drink it every Night going to Bed; and there will not ten Days pass, but the Party will be cured of the Passion or Grief of the Heart.

36. This following is a notable tried Medicine for the Gout, and for the Swelling of Joints, and for Knobs and Knots coming from the French Pax? Take May Butter a Quarter of a Pound, Half a Pound of Cummin-feed, beaten into fine Powder: a Quarter of a Pound of black Soap, one Handful of Rue, Half a Handful of clarified Sheep's Suet ; stamp all these together in a Mortar; then take the Gall of an Ox, and a Spoonful of Bay Salt, and fry them all together till it be thick; then lay it on a Woollen Cloth, and so apply it to the Ach, as hot as may be suffered; and let it lie unremoved a whole Week, and then lay another Plaister thereof to it, and let it lie unremoved as long; then lay the third Plaister thereto, and let it lie thereto as the other, which will be the whole three Weeks, and without Doubt it will help him. I bave feen it proved, This I had out of a very old Book.

37. Wholoever hath the Bloody Flux (be it never fo great or grievous) let them drink the Wine where-

put

in the Roots of Hollihocks cut in pieces are fodden and strained. If the Party have an Ague, then let the Roots be sod in Water with some Plantain Leaves, and so strained, which is an approved and sure Medicine for that Disease, whether the Party have an Ague or not.

38. If you feeth Briony in Water, and use to drink the same, it belps and cureth them that have

the Dropfy .- Proved.

30. Marvellous and notable Virtues of the Eyebright do follow: Let the Leaves, Stalks, and Flowers, with the whole Substance, be distilled when it beareth Flowers; the Water thereof dropped, and stroaked about the Eyes, causeth clear Eyes, and tharpeneth the Sight, and coafeth the Pains of the Eyes: the Water dropped into the Eyes an Hour before Night, and stroaked about them, and drank to the Quantity of three Ounces at one Time, comforteth, itrengtheneth, and preserveth the Sight, efpecially in aged Persons and segmatick Complexions, The Herb dried and brought to Bowder, and eaten every Day, in a poached Egg, for a certain Time together, refloreth Sight; the Water mixed with Half a Drachm of the Powder, and drank every Evening. for a Month together, recovereth a weak Sight.

40. This precious Medicine following will bring forth a Canker, and pluck it up by the Roots, out of the Sore wherever it be, either in Man or Woman: Take Rofager, and make Powder thereof; then take Barrows or Hog's Greate that is new and fresh, (first melted, and cold after,) then mix the Powder therewith very well, then put thereof upon a Piece of white Leather, which may cover the Sore; then sprinkle on the Plaister sine Flour of the pure Wheat, then on the same spread Honey, and then put upon the Honey, Woman's Milk, then put the said Plaister upon the Sore where the Canker is, and

Plaister, and tie it fast upon the same that it remove not, and in the Morning thou shalt find the Canker dead on the said Plaister: This is most true.—This I copied out of an old written Book.

41. The Juice of Lilly Roots, and Vinegar, of each a like Quantity mixed together, and the Sawsdeam, or the red pimpled Face anointed therewith every Morning, for the Space of nine or ten Days,

doth help it perfectly.

42. You shall know whether the Dropsy be bot or cold, by this that followeth: If the Swelling begin first at the Feet, and go upward, then it comes of a hot Cause; if the Swelling begin first in the Face, and go downward, then it comes of a cold Cause.—This likewise I had out of an old written Book, wherein were many Things credible.

made at Night, on red Nettles, and if the Nettles be withered and dead in the morning after, then the fick Party is like to die of that Difeafe; if they be

green still, then he is like to live.

44. A certain wicked Fellow that killed his Father, did fit in company with his Companions, eating and drinking; over whose Head was a Swallow's Nest, with young Swallows in the same; at which Time the said Swallows made a great Noise and chattering, when suddenly the said wicked Fellow got a Pole, and burst the Swallow's Nest, whereby the Swallows fell down, and he trod on them, and crushed them in Pieces. Being asked by one of them why he did so? I have good Cause so to do, said he, for did you not hear, said he, how they told that I kill'd my Father; whereupon he was sufpected, examined, and so confessed, and therefore executed.—Plutarebus.

45. Dry a Goat, Sheep, or Neat's Bladder, and

make Powder thereof, and let them drink thereof. with Vinegar and Water, when they go to Bed, that cannot hold their Water, and it will help them.

Galen affirms this

16. To kill Serpents in your Dream fignities victory; to fee Sails of Ships is evil; to dream that all your Teeth are bloody, it fignifies the Death of the Dreamer; but that the Teeth are drawn out, figulhes the Death of another; that Birds enter into an House, lighthes Loss; to weep, batokens loy; to handle Money, fignifies Anger; to see dead Horses, fignifies a luckly Event of Things.— Artemideral.

47. If you flamp Lupines (which are to be had at the Apothecaries) and therewith jub round about the Bottom or lower Part of any Tree, no Ants or Pilmires will go up or touch the land Tree_A

zaldur.

48. Rub the Leaf of a Marigold between your Fingers, and put the same into your Note, and let it flay there a little While, and it will bring forth Abundance of Humours out of your Head, and it will the Rheum within a little while, if you use it.-

This I had of a Friend, as an excellent Secret.

The eating of two Drachms of great Raifins, (the Stones taken out) in the Morning failing, doth profit for concerning Youth, because they make better Digestion, and Phiegin is diminished by them; they comfort the Liver, and make it fat, because they are Friends of the Stomach and Liver, and they increase Blood and make it thick; and when they are taken after Meat, they strengthen and moister the Belly .- Johan. Ganevetus.

drink a Glass of fair Water, and the Hiccup will go away within a while.—Proved.

52. The Room of Elder, fod and strained, and drank thirty Days together, theice every Day, at Morn-13.1

Morning, Noon, and Night, doth care the Dropfy

perfectly .- Proved.

52. If the Paps of a Woman which is with Child of two, do wax little, the shall lose one of them; and if it be the right Pap, it is a Man Child that will be lost; and if it be the left, a Woman Child.—
Hippocrates in Apper.

53. Take Garlick and Housleek, of each a like Quantity, and stamp them both together, and plaister the same either to hot or cold Gout, and it will help and case it marvellously.—This was reported to

me to be excellent therefor.

54. The Flour of Ointments, called Flas Unque torum, is made as followeth: Take of Rosin, and Perrofin, of each Half a Pound; Virgin Wax, and Olibanum, of each a Quarter of a Pound, Mastick one Ounce; Hart's Tallow, or Sheep's Tallow, a Quarter of a Pound; Camphire two Drachms; Make your Gums in fine Powder, and fear them; then melt the Wax and Tallow, and mix the Powders therewith, and boil them well together; then strain it through a Canvas Bag into a Pottle of White Wine; then let it cool, until it be Blood warm; then put thereto the Camphire, and a Quarter of a Pound of Turpentine, by little and little. continually ftirring it, till it be quite cold; then make it up in Roles, and keep it for your Use, as the best Salve for all Things following that ever was made, by the Sufferance of God; wherefore efteem this Salve above any other, for it hath been experienced and substantially proved. It heals Wounds old and new, it cleanfeth very well, and gathereth good Flesh; it cureth the Head-ach, and Impostume in the Head, or in the Body; Iwoln Ears or Cheeks, Sawsfleams in the Face, Sinews cut, flerk; or iprained in Travel. It draws out Iron and Thorn; it helps venomous Biting and Pricking; it healeth all Manner of Blotches, all Swelling and Ach of the Cods, and all other Members: It ceases the Flux in the Emrods, and it is special good to make Sear-cloth, for all Manner of Griefs. This was written and cast into the Recluse or Ancyor, at the red Hill in Almain, wherewith he wrote many Marvels, and never used any other Medicine than this.—I bis I repied out of a very old Book; and I have proved it many

Times to be precious.

Spleen never so much, and hath had it a long Time, and doth heat the Ends of a Pair of Tongs in the Fire, until they be glowing or red hot, and then quencheth the same in Half a Pint of white Wine, and drink the same Wine, it will help them thereof perfectly.—This was credibly told me for a very Tenth. But it is more certain, if they be so heated and quenched sive or six Times, and then drank, and to take the same four or sive Mornings together; which I know to be excellent.—The like unto this is affirmed to be most true, and proved by Anthony Benevenius.

56. Coriander-feed made into Powder, and mixed with Honey, and plaisfered upon a Carbuncle, or other grievous Biles, destroys the same quite.—Ar-

noldus de villa nova.

57. The black Sea Coal, mixed with Oil, will be made foft; wherewith if one anoint Vines, it will destroy Worms, which destroy or eat the Buds of the Vines. Securinas Gebeleus.

58. The Gum of a Cherry diffolved in white Wine, and so given to them that are grieved with the Stone, if will help them marvellously.—Mizaldus affirms

that it is very certain, and often proved.

59. It was credibly told me for Truth, that there was a very poor Woman being brought to Bed of a Child, (having many Children before) to whom a Sifter of her's (being rich, and that never as yet had

any Child) came to fee her, who faid as followeth; Ab Siffer, Sifter, bere are Months, and little Meat. To whom the poor Sifter answered: Content your felf, Sifter; God never fends Months, but be fends Meat. After, it chanced, the rich Sifter was with Child, which when it was born, had never a Month. So that there was much Meat and no Month. A worthy and rare Example, to make all covetous, greedy, and careful Worldlings, to call their whole Caro on the Lord, and not to depend on their own Provision or worldly Wealth.

60. Water or Wine, wherein Walwort is fod, (if a good Draught thereof be drank every Day first and last, for the Space of twenty Days at the most doth perfectly help them that have the Dropsy.—It is an

excellent Medicine for the fame.

61. If the Root of Peony, especially of the Male Peony) be hanged at the Neck of a Child of a Boy, that hath the Falling-fickness, it doth help very much a likewise doth Pellitory, and the Hair of a Dog that is black.

THE END OF THE POURTH BOOM,

FIFTH BOOK

NOTABLE THINGS.

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A MARE will bring forth a Foal of divers Colours, if the becovered with a Clothof divers Colours while the is taking the Horfe; for such Colours as be before the Eyes of the Horfe, while he doth horfe her, without Doubt the Foal will be of the fame Colours. The fame may be proved with Dogs and other Beats. — Minalder.

2. The Betries of Halicacabes (called Winter Cherries) being flamp'd, and the Juice preffed or wrong out of the same, and then dried in the Shade, the fame, of it be given to such as have the Stone, or cannot make Water, and also to them that have the Dropsy, it will prove Urine, or drive forth the Water, and also expel the Hydropical Humours.—Missaidas.

3. If the Leaves of Elder, first made lift between two Tile Stones, and then applied hot to the Forehead and the Temples, if any Pain lie there, it helpeth the Ach of the Head marvellously. — This is wery pand, and well proceed.

ry goal; and wall proved.

4. Siere followeth a marvellous Water to provoke

E 4

Sieep:

Sleep: Take of Opium Thehaicum, and Garlick Heads pulled, of each two Ounces; heat the Garlick Heads in a Mortar, with a Wooden Pessle, and put thereto the Opium grinded; incorporate these well together, that it may be like a Sauce. Distil this in a Retort, with a most soft and slow Fire in Ashes; with this Water distilled, when Need shall require, anoint the Temples, the Forehead, and Pulses of the Wrists. And beware you administer, nor use this, but upon great Necessity, and on frantic Persons, as you shall think it good.

of the young Branches of Elder (something warm) put into the Ear, doth not only break the Impost-hume thereof, in four or five Times using, but also doth marvellously help the Deafness.—This was told me for a great Secret; and I have tried it to be an ex-

sellent Thing in fuch a Cafe,

6. To see Monks in one's Dream, doth portend Death or Calamity. To see fat Oxen, betokens Plenty of all Things. To lose an Eye or a Tooth, signifies the Death of some Friend, or of a Kinsman, or some other evil Luck. To dream to be dumbs foreshews speedy Gladness. To see Oxen plow, be tokens Gain. To enterinto Waters, betokens Evil.—

Artemidoras.

7. Put up an old Gander in a House, and let him be there three Days without Meat, then cast unto him Pieces of an Eel, newly killed; then gather the Dung that comes from him, after he hath eaten the Pieces of the Eel; which Dung being laid to an Imposthume or Swelling, is a present Remedy therefor.

8. The Brain of a Weazel dried, and drank with Vinegar, doth help them that hath the Falling-fick-

nels. - Mizaldus.

9. Take a little Stick, and tie about the End thereof old Oaken Leaves, then cut them fomething round, round, and hold the same Leaves in your Mouth, as deep, and as far as you can suffer it well, (holding the Stick between your Teeth) and so hold your Mouth over a Pottinger, or a Dish, and there will great Abundance of Humours avoid out of your Mouth; and within a while, wash in fair Water the said Leaves on the Stick, and then hold it in your Mouth so again. Do this for the Space of Half an Hour, and use this three or four Times a Day, for three or four Days together, or until you have avoided as much watry Humours as you think good. This is the best and presentest Remedy for helping of the Rheum, that ever I knew or heard of.—I had it of a Gentleman that esteemed it as a Treasure; and subolo-cover proves it, shall find it an excellent Thing.

This following is an excellent Gargarifm to purge the Head and the Breaft. Take of Slavefacre three Drachms; Pellitory of Spain, and Mustard-feed, of each two Drachms; long Pepper, Ginger, and Allomgem, of each one Drachm: Make Poweder of them that are to be powdered, and stamp the rest, and mix all well together, and put as much thereof as a Bean, in a little Linen Cloth, and tie the same fast with Thread, that it may be round; then hold the same in your Mouth, and champ it softly between your Teeth, and you will bring forth. Water and Phlegmabundantly. Use this daily, until you think your Head be well purged.

from their flimy and earthy Matter, (Half a Dozen of them at least) and earthy Matter, (Half a Dozen of them at least) and cut in Pieces or chopped, and a good Mess of Pottage made thereof, made with Oatmeal and Water, and so much every Day caten by them that have the Black Jaundice, for the Space

of twelve Days of longer; no doubt it will perfectly cure them thereof, the it be never fo long rooted, or the it be past cure. Or else a Spoonful of the Powder

well done Pat

Powder made of them in March, or any other Time, when you can get them; taken every Day 6 long, in a little Draught of any Drink, doth perfechly cure the same.—This is very true, and buth been of testimal provide. It hath helped form in four or five Days.

12. Olibanum, which is a Kind of Frankincente, in Powder, mixed with as much Swing's Greate, and

12. Olibanum, which is a Kind of Frankincense, in Powder, mixed with as much Swine's Greafe, and boiled together; whorewith if Children's Heads that are full of Lice, bruthat are given to breed Lice, be anointed, they shall afterwards be free from Lice. This is better and more fafe than to use Cintments mixed with Quick silver, which is very dangerous; therefore les Monhers, or Nurses, rather use this.

13. It is proved by Experience, that to use combustibly in the Dinner, and immediately before Supper, Half an Ounce of the Flower of Cassa, newly drawn, doth forbid the ingendering of Imposthumation of the Stomach. Truly I say unto thee, that who doth use such taking of Cassa, shall be preserved from every evil Assection of the Stomach, — Emperies Brand.

daily without anyother Drink, and the Herb thereof fodden, and every Brening plaistered over the Byes, for the Space of three or four Months or more, restoreth the Sight; yea, to those that have their Eyes, as the they did see, and yet are blind, and see nothing at all, -- Petron Hispanies.

Day, for a whole Year's Space, was grieviously troubled with the Pains of the Mother, which was helped very well of that Diferfe, by drinking, once a Week, at her going to Bed, of white Wine, wherein an Ounce of the Root of Briony was bested; and the using this Medicine a whole Year in fuch Sort, the felt no more Harm thereof.

16. If you will delitely or pat away Warte, cot of

the Held of a quick Eel, and rab the Warts all over well with the fame Blood, as it rans from the fiel; then bury the Frest of the faid bel deep in the Bround, and when the Beed is rotten, they will fall away.—I ibink the Multar bet of it Mizzeldus.

17. The Juice of Coleworts, put or must into hid help the ancient Pain of the Hend.— Often

18. This following is an excellent and often proved Thing for the Cholick, Strangury, and the Stone: Take the Seed of Caraway, Fennel-feed, Spickhard, Annifeed, Comming-feed, Cinnamon, and Galingale, of each Half an Ounce; Gromes feed and Liquisles; of each of them an Ounce; Beat them all to Powder, and drink Half a Spoonful of the fald Powder in Ale, 4 little warmed, and walk up and down an Hour after, before you eat of drink any other Thing. Do that five of the Days together at least, and you thall find it of a norable Operation - The war taken out of a harned Practice ler's Book; before, finer it buils many I men been property

with the Realn of a Hare, do breed their Teeth ea bly .-- Missaldus. And it hath been proved with the

Brain of a Coney.

20. If a large round Veffel, with one Hole in the Top thereof, be lifted full with quick Lime and Brimitone, of both equal Portions, and the Holewell opped, that no Am more any Think may go out and o put in some Handing Water, or a firther of Wa or into some Cistern full of Water, it will keep ALTONOMICS TO SERVICE AND AND AND ADDRESS OF THE

ked with West that is given to William They were from them, at it is snought, -- h

Aloes de fucro citrino, made in Powder, (which is to be had at the Apothecaries) and mix with the Juice of Coleworts, of the Bigness of a Beau, shall never be troubled with Pains in the Head.—Paras Hispanus.

Handful of Artmart, and wrap and tie the fame in a Bur Leaf, and lay it first in cold Ashes, then compais the same with hot Embers and Coals, and so roast the same well; then apply the same roasted Artmart to the grieved Place, and do this Evening and Morning, for two or three Days, and thou shalt find a present Help thereof.—This was told me for a great Secret, and a proved Thing.

24. If you put or stop fast within a Not, quick Brimstone, Salt-petre, and Quicksilver, the same being put into a Loaf of Bread, and then the same Loaf put into some hot Place, you shall see the Loaf of Bread so leap, that it will be pretty Sport to them that see it.—Mixaldus bad this of one that proved it.

age. A most excellent Oil of St. Joba's Wort, is made as solloweth: Infuse or steep, for the Space of three Days, the Tops of St. Joba's Wort, in pure and excellent Wine, then, in a double Vessel, let them heat easily over the Fire, and then strain them easily; then again put as many of the Tops of St. Joba's Wort in that strained Liquor, as you had before, and let them steep therein three Days or three Nights, as before; then heat and strain them as before; then add thereto three Ounces of Turpentine, and six Ounces of old Oil, and of Saffron the Weight of twenty-two Barley Corns; mix and seeth them all together in a double Vessel, until the Wine be consumed, and that which remains put in a glazen or leaden Vessel, and keep it safely for your Use. This Oil is of a marvellous Virtue and Property, as well chiefly against venomous Ulcers, as many other

Diseases and cold Griefs: well known to many Women - Misale

26. If you rab slightly my Kind of Beast or Catrle, with the Juice of Gourds in hot Weather, no Kind of Plies will then hart or molest them, nor yet annoy them: A Thing defired of many, and very necessary for such as ride in the hot Weather .- Mi-

27. The Leaves of wild by fod in Wine, and laid upon any Canker, doth kill and heal the fame,the tankers

Tortela.

28. This Water following is very precious for frantic and mad Men, proved very often: Take the Flowers of Rolemary, of Burrage, and of the Rook of Buglos, of each Half a Pound; of Saffron two Drachms, of Quinces four Ounces, of the best white Wine two Pints; mix them all together, and then let them fland to, for the Space of a untural Day: After that, bury the Glass Body wherein all the same is, in Horse Dung for fifteen Days; and then take it out, and distil a Water thereof, according to Aft; two or three Times over. Reep this Water as the Apple of your Eye, for it is very precious, as prove in all melancholy Sicknesses very effected in the Pain and Trembling of the He Quantity to be given at one Time is a Dischm, which is the Weight of leventy two Barley Come.
If you will prove it, you will praise it. And this is a Jewel of Health, with many other more excellent Things.

29. Against the Quartan Ague, take all the Urine that the Party makes at one Time in his Pit, and knead Flower therewith; and when the fame is baked, then give it to a Dog of the fame House, and when you have done this thrice, the Party will be whole, and rid of that Difease. And in his Stead, the Dog will be lick. But for a Man that is fick, u Dog mult be chosen; if a Woman a Bitch mult be had. - This was taken out of an often proved Expensiments of an Walina; by the Report of Minaldus.

without harting their Eyes, let the Sun eclipsed, without harting their Eyes, let them behold the Shadow thereof in a Vessel, where Oil is put; where they belold and see it without Danger; for a fatty Humour is not easily troubled. And what Shapes and Forms it doth receive, it represents the same truly.—Misoldus.

31. It is proved, and a Secret, that if three Grains of Mailich be given to the Patient, to be swallowed every Night at his going to Bed, it doth preserve him from the Pains in the Stomach, and doth cure him. Emperica Revedicii Victorii.—I know by Proof.

it belps the Stemach marwelloully.

the Bladder, and in the Reins: Take of the Juice of Saxifrage two Bints, of Gromel and of the Juice of Parfley, of each one Pints of the hell Vinegar of pleasant Wine, eight Ounces; distilled three together, and let the Liquor distilled, he kept in a Glass with a narrow Mouth: Of which minister in the Morning an Ounce at a Time, as much at Noon, and as much at Evening going to Bed.— The is a pressed Water, foith I manually.

33. To dream that Ragles fly over your Head, both betoken evil Fortune: To dream that you fee your Face in Water, fignifies long Life: To follow Bees, betokens Gain or Profit: To be married, fignifies that some of your Kinsfolks is dead: To dream that you worship God, fignifies Gladness: To look in a Glass, doth portend some of suc. or a Child: To have

Oil poured upon you, fignifies Joy.

and run eafily, put the Hoofs of a Horse into the

fame, between the melting and pouring out thereof. Minaldus bad shir Secret of on expect lialian.

ment following, it easeth the Pain of the Head, it ment following, it easeth the Pain of the Head, it purgeth the Stomach, it comforteth the Appetite, and clarifieth the Eyes. Take of the Inice of Smallage two Ounces, of the Juice of Mercury four Ounces, of Goole Greafe and Hen's Greafe, of each of them a Round; of Rofin two Ounces; of Mattich and Frankincense, of each five Drachms; of Cassis Fiscale two Drachms; and put thereto Juice of Walwort, and of the inper Riad of Elder, and mix them all well together and make thereof an Ointment.—This, of it bewell made, in a very good Thing.

36. Take a Pint of white Wine, one Handful of Woodbine Leaves, or two or three Ounces of the Water of Woodbine, and a Quarter of a Pound of the Powder of Gingers feeth them all together until they be somewhat thick, and anoint a red pimpled Face therewith are or fix Times, and it will

make it fair .- Proved.

37. The Juise of Coriander, given to them that have the Falling fickness, to drink, will not suffer the Humour to assend into the Head, and it worketh great Help to the disasted.—This was written in an old Book.

38. A Sawalleam or red pimpled Face, is helped with this Medicine following: Take Entula Continues four Onaces, and feeth it with Vinegar, till the Vinegar be fodden in; then flamp it fmall, and then put thereto Quickfilver and Brimstone, of each four Deachma, and Barrow's Grease four Ounces; best them all together, and make thereof a Plaister, and lay it to the infected or spotted Place in the Face all Night; and on the Morrow wash it off with warm Water. — Do this fix or fours. Night, and it will help it southant Danht.

39. The first Seeds that the he, or male Peony bring forth (being round and black) do marvellously recreate or help them that have the Falling-fickness: If some thereof be stamped and taken with Oximil Scilliticum, which is to be had at the Apotheories; and with Syrup of Starcados, and a little Nutmeg.—
Which Lemnius dath witness for a very Truth.

40. If the Lord of the eighth House be afflicted in the fourth House, it figuifies the Child then born

Chall die in Prilon .- Tayler

41. Wine, wherein the Rind of an Ash Tree hath been sodden, drank fasting, six or seven Mornings together, doth perfectly help them that are tormented with the Pain of the Spleen, which makes one to have a great Pain in the left Side, and their most Grief is after Meat. And if you anoint the grieved Place so long with an Ointment, called de Alibea, every Morning and Evening, it is an excellent

Thing likewise.

42. Behold a fingular Oil or Balm drawn out of Wax of Turpentine, which drieth, and mightily pierceth where the fame is applied, taken out of the Secret of Fallopius. Take of the parest and clearest Turpentine that can be gotten, one Pound and two Ounces; of new yellow Wax that is odoriferous, twelve Ounces; of Nutmegs and Cloves, of each one Ounce: of common Ashes, fix Ounces: Beat all these well together, then put them into a Retort, fenced with the Lute of Wildom, and let in Ashes. and diffil it with a flow fire at the first, and afterwards encrease the fire until all be distilled, which gathered, distil the second Time, in a Glass Body, with a Head and Receiver, putting unto it before the distilling, four Ounces of the Powder of Brick or Tiles; which diligently luted in the Joint, maintaining Fire under it, until no more will come; then have you purchased an Oil of Rubine Colour, which worketh worketh Miracles in Wounds, especially where Sinews are harmed. This also helpeth any Manner of Rheum proceeding of a cold Cause; it helpeth also the Cough, by anointing the Region of the Breatt therewith. And it is also of great Importance unto many other Gries; invented and proved by the Author many Times.—This excellent Oil I had out of that worthy Book, called the new Jewel of Health; subject many, perhaps, shall read in this my Book, that otherwise shall never have seen that Book, which makes otherwise shall never have seen that Book, which makes me describe herein some notable Things therein uttered.

43. A notable and proved Plaister to destroy any Imposthume, Swelling, and Stitch, in what Place of the Body foever it be, is now described as followeth. Take of the Root of Hollihock, (clean washed and cut in Pieces) two good Handfuls, and feeth the fame in fair Water, until the faid Root be something tender; then take out the faid Root, and put into the same Water, of Fenugrick and Linseed, of each one Handful (something stamped and bruised.) and feeth them until the Water be roapy like Birdlime; then flamp the faid Root of Hollihock, and put it to the Fenugrick and Linfeed, with an Handful of Barley Meal, and fry them together with Boar's Greafe and Barrow's Greafe; and, if need be, you may take Sheep's Suet; then lay a Plaister thereof to the Sore, or grieved Place, as hot as the Party may fuffer it : and let the fame Medicine lie on the Sore twelve Hours unremoved, at the least; then apply another Plaister of the same thereto in such Order, and within nine Plaisters it will work the full Effed. It hath helped, and diffolved the Plurific, with the applying of three or four Plaislers .- A Thing of Small Cost and great Virtue.

44. When the Lord of the Ascendant is impedite or unfortunate of the Lord of the second House, it fignifies the sick shall not be healed, but with great

Expence

Expence of Money, or elfe die. And univerfally, mark what Planet doth infortunate the Lord of the Afcendant, the fick is like to have Harm or Hindrance by such Things, as that House doth fignify, whereof that infortunating Planet is the Lord or Signifier.— Jatromath.

45. Egg-shells dried and beaten to Powder, and given in white Wine, breaketh the Stone. - It is a

tried Medicine, as one affirmed to me.

46. Sugar (especially Valentia Sugar) made in Powder, and put into a Wound or Cut, doth not only cleanse all Corruption from it, and consumes all superfluous stessy Matter in it, but also heals it marvellously. If you will, you may mix a little fresh Butter therewith, whereby it will not be of the less Virtue.—This is a sure, excellent, easy, and ready Medicine, who list to make use of it.

47. It is faid that Mice Dung, with the Ashes of burned Wasps, and Hazel Nuts, and a little Vinegar-of Roses put thereto, doth trimly deck a bald Place with Hairs, if the same Place be often rubbed

or anointed therewith .- Mizaldus.

48. The troublesomeor unpleasant Noise of Frogs in the Night, will cease, if you set a Candle burning on the Bank Side nigh the Water where they be; or else, many Lights, according to the greatness of the Place where they be.—Africanus Geopontus.

49. Six Cloves of Garlick, stamped and strained into a Draught of Rhenish Wine, and so drank, is a present Remedy of the Cholick, Stone, and Strangury.—An excellent tried Medicine, if thou take it three

Days.

thered on Midsummer Day, being well dried, and use a Spoonful thereof in a good Draught of Borage Water, Morning and Evening, first and last, for the

Space of a Month; and it will make you feem young

a great While.

or. Take Horse Leaches, and burn them to Powder, and mix them with Eysel, then use to rub the Placetherewith where you would have the Hair grow no more; and there will no Hair grow in that Place. This was a Secret of a notable Practifer.

52. Wholoever uses to drink Butter-milk, they will be laxative, althor they be very much bound,

and cannot go to Stool. - Prosed.

Sickness, this Medicine or Antidote following, three Days, whilst the Moon is conjunct to Jupiter, it will help them. Take of Mace, the Seeds of Peony, and the Roots of the same, Half a Drachm; the Leaves of Gillistowers, and the Primroses (which some take to be Daisses) one Drachm; stamp them, and give it to drink with white Wine, to the Party fasting.—Mizaldus.

54. A certain Countryman did fleep open-mouthed in the Fields, a Serpent crept in at his Mouth, and fo into his Body; but after, the same Man cured himself thereof with eating of Garlick.

55. Powder made of the Stone of a Swallow, given to drink to them that have the Falling Sickness, healeth them without Doubt, for it is a fure Experi-

ment. - Petrus Hispanus.

56. If you would know whether a Woman be conceived with Child or not, give her two Spoonfuls of Water, and one Spoonful of clarified Honey, mingled together, to drink when the goeth to fleep; and if the feels Gripings and Pains in her Belly in the Night, the is with Child; if the feel tone, the is not.—This is very true, and often proved.

57. This following will take Spots out of the Face, and beautify the same: Put seven whole Eggs in most pure and strong Vinegar, and let them he

F 2 therein

therein so long, until their Shells be as soft as their inward Skins, and mix thereto four Ounces of Mustard Seed, before made in Powder or stamped; then stamp or grind them together, and therewith let the Face be anointed.—This bath been proved, and Tortula affirms it to be good for the like Purpose.

58. Green Nettles laid in the Urine of one that is

fick, and fleeped therein for the Space of twentyfour Hours; if, after the fame Time, they be taken out green and fresh, it betokens the fick Party will recover of that Sickness; if they be withered, it is a

great Token of Death. - Mizaldus.

THE END OF THE FIFTH BOOK.

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SIXTH BOOK

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NOTABLE THINGS.

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THE Berries of white Thorn, taken with white Wine, is of great Force for destroying or expelling of the Stone. It is known by the Practice or Experience of the Countryman.—Mizaldas.

2. Plantage hath a marvellous Virtue to deliver them of the Plague that are infected therewith, gi-

ven any Manner of Way .- Proved.

3. The more lively and quick that a Horse is, the more deep he will thrust his Nose into the Water

when he drinks,-Mizalans,

4. The White of an Egg, and the Juice of Pellitory of the Wall, well beaten together and skimmed, and then one Drop of that Liquor put into the Eye, doth heal the Web in the Eye.—This is true and proved.

5. A proved Oil, which is very good for the Dropfy, called Africa, if all the Belly or Paunch be anointed therewith. Take of Turpentine one Pound; of Frankincenfe, Mastich, and Myrrh, of each two Drachms; Laudanum one Drachm; Nutmegs, Cloves, Galingall, Zeodary, of each one Drachm and Half;

F 3

of the Juice of Walwort, and the Juice of Cucumber (called Cucumer afininui) of each one Ounce; let them be powdered that are to be powdered, and let them be mixed together, and put them into a Limbeck, and let an Oil be distilled thereof; and it is a most secret Thing, not only to take away the Swelling of the Belly in the Dropsy, called Afeiter, but also any phlegmatick Swelling of any other Member of Man's Body, and it is marvellous for the Pains of Joints and Members, of a cold Cause.—

Emp. Ben.

6. A certain Butcher's Wife, being with Child, as the was stirring the Blood of a Beast, newly killed, a little thereof did chance to sprinkle, or spurt on her Face, and she with her Hand suddenly wiped the same on her lest Thigh; who after, being brought to Bed of a Boy, the same Boy had, and hath the like Mark, or bloody Spot, on the lest Thigh. They that knew both the Bather, Mother, and Child, told this for a very Truth. Therefore, it is not good to hit a Woman suddenly, being with Child, on the Face, or otherwise, lest the Child she is withal be so marked; as is declared in other Places of this Book.

7. This following is a true and proved Medicine for the Tooth ach. Take a Handful of Ground lvy, as much of Spear-mint, and as much of Salt, flamp them all a little together, then put all the same into a Pint of Vinegar, and seeth all well over the Fire; then strain it well, and put the same into a close glassen Vessel, or Bottle; and when you will use it, take a Spoonful thereof, and put it into the Side of the Mouth that acheth, and hold down your Cheek, that it may descend to the Roots of the aching Teeth, and it will take the Ach and Pain away presently.—This was larght me by a Woman to whom many resorted for Help, who will early this Medicine therefor.

8. Worm-

tain.

8. Wormwood, newly stamped, with the White of an Egg, and laid over the Eyes, takes away the Blood and Redness thereof, of what Humour foever it come. - This bath been often proved.

9. If one do take this Confection following, fafting, he stall never fall into the Pains of Cholick Passions. Take the outward Rinds of Radishes, being taken or pared thick, two Pound ; white Honey, four Pound; let them boil rogether unto the Confumption of Half the Honey; then put thereto of the Powder of Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Mace. black Pepper, of each two Drachms; mix them together, and let them be put up in a clear Veffel, and let the Patient take and eat every Morning Half an Ounce of the faid Rinds of the Radishes .- Laventing.

10. If you take the Powder of Brafil, and mingle it well with Milk, but fo that it be very red, and put therein either a Staff, Wood, or Bone, letting it lie therein eight Days, it will make the fame Wood

or Bone red for ever.

111. To dream that you go over a broken Bridge betokens Fear; to have your Head cut off for a heir nous Offence, fignifies the Death of Friends; to make clean the Hands, betokens Trouble; to fee Hands hithy and fool, betoleens Lofs and Danger: to feed Lambs, fignifies Grief and Pain; to take

Flies, fignifies Wrong or Injury. - Mixaldus. pent, doth help herelf by eating of Plantain. - Phil and. For Confirmation whereof, a Toad being on the Ground, hard by a Wall, a Spider did fuddenly firike the faid Tond on the Back, which when the Toad fele beginning to fwell, did eat of Plantain, nigh unto the Place; whereof being well, the Spider again did poifon the Toad, who preferred her felf. with the Plantain as before; but one that chanced mobehold the same, did then cut up the said Plantain, and took it away from that Place; which Toad, the third Time being stricked, or rather poisoned of the Spider as before, immediately searched for the said Plantain, (for as it should seem, there was no more Plantain nigh to that Place) which, when she could find none, did swell so fore, that soon after the did burst.

cannot make Water, let them drink a Spoonful of the Powder called Pulvis Diverticus in a Draught of white Wine (which you may have at the Apothecaries) and use it three or four Mornings together, or something less if you list. Give Half so much to a Child, and without Doubt it will make them void the Stone, and make Water presently. I have proved it oftentimes to be a sovereign Thing in this Case. And there was one from whom I had it, that got therewith above an Hundred Pounds a Year. If it be truly and well made, you will praise it well, as I have done. And because that It is such a notable Thing, I would have it better known, and more used.—This is proved to be true.

14. Make Oil of Paper, by burning fair Paper, on a clean Pewter Dish, or Saucer; or hold a Piece of fair Paper folded, on a Knive's Point, and set fire on the nethermost End thereof, and hold the same nigh unto the Saucer, and out thereof will come a little moist Oil, and be on the Saucer. Take a little thereof on, a clean Feather, and put it into the Eye that is fore or dim sighted, and it will help the same marvellously—It bath been proved in many to be excellent; and Evenimus doth praise it therefor.

15. Agrimony fod in red Wine, wherewith if Wounds be washed, it cleanseth all Filth and Correspon from. And the Leaves of Agrimony beaten or stamped, and tied on Wounds that be ill joined,

or knit together, by and by doth open them. -Spaniard told this to Miscalifus.

no. The Juice of Rue, mixed with Honey, that hats been fourmed, and a little thereof put into the Byo, ar once siddeth them that use it of an ancient Dimness of the Sight. — Proused.

17. Whosoever is grieved or tormented with the Stone, let them take an Ounce of the Roots of Radift, cut in Slices, and lay the fame to fleep in Half a Pint of good white Wine all Night; then Strain the same well, and put thereto of the blockung cal-led Lichontriphon, of the Description of Niebolas; and also Suffinum one Drachm, mix them with the said white Wine, wherein the Radish was infused; and let them that is grieved with the Stone, receive all the fame at one Time, and you shall see a marvellous Work thereof. If need be, let him receive the like Quantity thereof, three or four Days together .-This is proved to be fure, and an excellent Thing for the breaking and avoiding the Stone and Gravel. Be fure

that the Apothecaries make it of good Stuff.

18. A Head of Garlick (the Skin pulled off, and a little bruifed) laid by equal Parts to the hollow Parts of the Soles of their Feet, that are griewoully tormented with the Tooth Ach, especially if it come of a cold Caufe, and be of the nether law, it will help them with Speed, by drawing the Humours out of the Soles of the Feet. I have known them that have taken this Medicine, and have not been troubled with

the Tooth Aib for fewer Years ofter. a Figetree, the Warts will confirme and vanish away, to that the faid Leaves be buried within the Earth, or Ground. Some afcribe the fame to the Figure of a Pigeon, Mizelder

, 20. The Powder of Berries of the Bridny, drank one ename to be and the state of the state o in the Water wherein Water Creffes are fod, dorh

marvelloufly heal the Stranguary.

this Drink following, every other Day in the Morning, three Hours before the eat any Meat, beginning the fame about ten Days or a Fortnight before the Time of the Birth, the Birth shall not only be made more easy, but also she shall bring forth her Child without Pain: Take of the great Treatle, one Scruple, (which is the Weight of twenty four Barley-Corns, the Powder of Liquorice, and the Powder of Cinnamon, of each three Grains; of good white Wine one Ounce and a Half: mix them all together, and make thereof to drink, and let it be given to the Woman with Child, in such Manner as is a forefaid. — Benediaus Vidorius Faventinus, in his Book called Epeppica.

22. This following will stop the Bloody Flux: Take Yarrow and Plantain, of each a like Quantity, stamp them well together, and put thereto red Wine, and strain it well, and drink a good Draught thereof first and last, three or four Days together, and certainly it will stay it.—It is an ease and precious Thing:

or Vinegar, wherein Wormwood hath been steeped, Mice will not eat of the Papers or Letters, written with that Ink. And also Cloaths wherein Wormwood is laid or wrapt, is safe from Moths; and if there be any there it will drive them away.—Diofectrides.

24. Coleworts and Rue, (called Herb Grace) are fo contrary in Nature, the one to the other, that they ought not to be fown nigh together.—Fraçaforias.

anan, be full of Worms in any Wound or Sore. Take the Wool of the same Sheep, or Hair of that Beaft, or some of the Hair of the Man or Woman, and hide

hide the same before the rising of the Sun, under the Bark of a Tree called Tremblo, which is a Kind of Black Poplar Tree; do thus certain Days, and thou shalt see the Worms fall out of the Wound or Sore miraculously, or else they will die or leave that Place. There be that ascribe the same to the Birch Tree, and also so the Root of wild Succory, hanged at the Neck in Manner of a Cross; which Micaldus saw observed in a Dog, one of whose Years was at that Time almost eaten off with Worms.

26. Put two or three of the Seeds of Oculus Christinto your Eye, and within a while after you shall not feel them; whereby you will think that they are not there. But at the last they will drop or fail out of themselves, compassed about with slimy Water, which hinders the Sight; which if you use, they will cleanse and clear your Eyes marvellously.—This I know to

be very true.

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and give them a Pin therefor; if the Parry that hath the Warts, prick the same Pin in some Sarment that he wears daily, or commonly, the Wart or Warts, without Doubt, will diminish and wear away privily, and be clean gone in a short Time.—This was told me for an often tried and proved Thing; year by such a one as had seen the Experience thereof. Also Warts rubbed with a Piece of raw Beef, and the same Reef being buried within the Ground, the Warts will wear and consume, as the Beef doth rot in the Ground.—Proved.

28. Salt Armoniac stamped, and mixed with Water, doth make white Letters, nothing differing from the Colour of Paper; but if you hold the same Paper to the Fire, the Letters will wax black.—Mizaldus. 29. To stop bleeding at the Nose presently, tie a Piece of Packthread about your little Finger, just

above

above the upper Joint as hard as you can bear it, or about both your little fingers .— Provid.

30. When you are where Stinks are, open your Mouth, and breath there through, and you shall not

smell it, nor receive Prejudice by it.

31. This following will help the yellow Jaundice, with Speed: Take a Bur Root, the greater the better, fcrape it clean; then take a Pot of new Ale, and put your Root therein, and the Ale will hoil, and let it be therein one Day and one Night, well stopped; then let the Patient drink a good Draught, two or three Times, and he will be whole certainly.

—Proved.

32. Arifotle and Avicen do affirm, That of the round and short Egg, the Cock Chicken doth come; of the long and-sharp Egg, the Hen Chicken.—Mizaldus.

33. If you put yellow Amber into hot melted Wax (before well fcummed) it will be then as fost. Clay, as so that you may make Things thereof, in what Form or Fashion you will, it will be so tractable and soft.—Mizaldus bad this Secret of a certain cunning

Libidary.

34. There is nothing better to drive away Serpents or Snakes, than the Smoke of old Leather, or old Shoes burned; or else to bring them out of one's Body, before crept into it by sleeping open mouthed; whereof More. Gratinatica, an excellent Physician, doth write, that the like did happen to a certain Man in his Time, to whom, when many Medicines were given in vain, the said Man received the Smoke of old Leather at his Mouth, by a Funnel, so that it went into his Body; and as soon as the venomous Thing in his Body selt the Smoke, it came out at his Fundament; which Thing was a marvellous great Viper, to the great Maryel and Fear of all that were present.

35. Seeth

35. Seeth the inner Rind of the young Branches of a Hazel Tree in small Ale, until Half be consumed, and let them that have the Stranguary drink a good Draught thereof, first and last, for the Space of eight or nine Days together, and it will help them certainly, for it never fails.—Therefore prove it and praise it.

36. A notable Medicine for the Scistics doth follow: Take Ox Dung, and Pigeon's Dung, of each one Pound, and mix them together well with one Pottle of white Wine, and let them boil together until Half the Wine be confumed; then strain it through a Linen Cloth: then put thereto Half a Pound of Honey, and twelve Yolks of Eggs, and Half a Pound of melted Wax; mix all together with as much Barley Meal, as will suffice for the making of it in a Plaister, and put it hot to the painful Place.—This was proved by King Henry the Fifth, as the Writing dld witness, out of which I had this; herefore it hath been since proved.

37. A green Lizard hath a great Delight to behold a Man in the Face, for he will lovingly fawn upon him as a Dog; with the moving of his Tail, and, as much as in him lies, will defend him from a Serpent that lies lurking in the Herbs to hers

him .- Lemnius.

38. The Juice or Water strained out of Radish Roots, before stamped, mixed with white Wine, and the Powder of Turpentine burned or dried in the Sun, and so received, is an excellent Medicine to break and drive forth the Stone; and it is given with happy Success.— A Thing proved much better than Gold. Mizaldus.

39. Lay a thin Piece of raw Beef to the Forehead of them that have lost their Voice, and let it lie thereto all Night unremoved, and it will help them

prefently; or, at the least, within three or four fe-

veral applications.

40. Take the Bones of Beafts which be found in the Fields, and chiefly Horfes (because they be best therefor) and let them be well washed, and after let them be dried in the Sun; then put them in a Causton with Water, and let them seeth long, and gather the Fat that swims above, wherewith anoint the Gout or Passy, of whatsoever Cause they come, and it will be helped.

41. Seeth Ivy, Mugwort, Walwort, and the inner Rind of Elder, in Water, with much Salt, and bathe therewith any Sciatica, twice or thrice a Day, for eight or nine Days together, and the Party grieved will afforedly be made whole.—This I had out of an old written Book, wherein were many excellent

Things.

about the Wick upon the Oil in a fair green and bright Lamp of Glass, and let the fame burn; so that there be none other Light in the Chamber) it will so beautify all Things in the same Place, with a fair yellow Colour.—Tou may prove it by other Gallours likewise.

Pricks, or any other Thing whatsoever, in any Parts of the Body wherefoever it be, than black Soap applied to the Place, letting the same lie thereto about twelve Hours, without removing of the same.

Imagination of a great Ethiopian painted in her Chamber, with others, in the Time of the Act of Generation; which Lady afterward was delivered of a Boy, like to the great Ethiopian painted before named; which Child being born, every one believed that the had lain with some one of the Slaves of the Saracens; for that the Child was like none of the Pa-

rents.

Whereupon the Ministers of Justice, with Confent of her Husband and others, did decree, that she should be burned after the Month's End. But before the Ministration of this Judice or Execution. certain wife Men were called, when one defired that he might fee the Place where the Child was begot, which when he had feen, he confidered that Generation was by the Strength of the imaginative Virtue: And then he faid, that great Ethiopian was the Father of the Child, bringing, for the Confirmation that Place of the Bible, where Jacob put speckled Rods before the Sheep, by which Imagination, the Ewes brought forth speckled Lambs, which when he had spoken the Lady was delivered from burning. Wherefore, as I have written in other Places of this Book. Men ought not rashly to mislike their Wives. (having none other Occasion) because their Children are unlike to their Parents; for, as you fee here, and in Jacob's Lambs, Imagination is of marvellous Force in the Time of Generation, which doth not only work in Men, but in Beafts .- Gant vetus writes this History, who, as it should feem, bath it out of Lyra.

45. If a Woman that is too much weakened with her monthly Courses, doth east the same, or let the same run into a Hole made into the Ground, with a three square Stake (the same Stake immediately after being put or driven into the same Hole, and To remain therein unremoved) her said Flux will stay or cease, being thought before to be incurable. An honest Woman revealed this strange Secret to me which proved the same to be true; and she learned it of a Woman that required Alms of her at Door.

make one laxative; but the Seeds being taken, do

bind, and are reflictive;

47. If Wine has taken any Tartness, or Sourness, take a Pot filled with good Water, and let it be well covered, then set the same Pot in the Wine, (so that the Pot stand under, or within the Wine) and at the three Days End, if the Wine have gotten his former Strength, the Water will smell, and then the Wine will like thee.

48. A Piece of raw Beef, not too thick nor too thin, (being laid or steeped all Night before in good Aqua Composita) and apply it to the Temples of the Forehead, without removing all Night, and doing it three or four Nights, doth help the watering and Pains in the Eyes, and all Distillations and Rheums that come from the Head or Brain.—One told me this, which had often proved it to be most true, as a great Secret.

49. An Egg laid on a Thursday, and emptied and filled with Salt, and set it in the Fire, remaining there until it may be made into Powder, and then canker'd Teeth rubbed with the Powder thereof, it both kills the Canker, and the Worms that eat their

Teeth, and destroys them .- Proved.

50. This following will destroy Ring-worms, Tettars, and Scales in the Hands: Take white Copperas the Quantity of two Beans, and put it into a Pint of clear Water, till it be dissolved and melted, and with the Water wash the Place or Hands, till they be whole.—Proved.

51. Stamp Parsley in white Wine, then strain it well, and drink a good Draught thereof, and it will cause thee to make Water, and break the Stone; use it five or fix Times.—This bath been well proved.

52. A little Piece of the Navel String of a Child that is newly born, enclosed in a Ring, and so borne that it may touch the Flesh or bare Skin, is a pure Help and Remedy against the great Pains and Torments of the Cholick,—Mizaldur.

53. For the Piles: Take black Wool and black Soap, and bind it thereto; or, brown Paper alone helps.

54. A present Remedy for an Ague. Two Ounces of Bay Salt, two Ounces of white Frankincense, and a Handful of Smallage, beaten together, and lay it to the Wrist of the Hand, two Hours before the Fit doth come.

THE END OF THE SIXTH BOOK.

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SEVENTH BOOK

O F

NOTABLE THINGS.

THE Water wherein the Leaves of Plantain, that grows close to the Ground, and near the Root, is sod, being drank twice every Day, Morning and Evening, first and last; Half a Pint at a Time, for the Space of sour or sive Days, helps perfectly all Griefs and Diseases of the Bladder.—A

true Medicine, and often proved.

2. A notable Water for the breaking of the Stone. Take of the Juice of Saxifrage two Pound, of the Juice of Gromel, and of the Juice of Parsley, of each one Pound; of the Juice of Betony, of the Juice of Nettles, and of Ramfins, of each Half a Pound; of strong Wine Vinegar, ten Ounces; of the Flowers and Seeds of Broom, and of the Roots of Radish, of each two Handfuls; stamp the last rehearsed well, then mix the same with all the Juices before mentioned, and thereof distil a Water, with a gentle Fire; of which Water give to them that have the Stone, one Ounce at one Time, with Oximel Dieuretick, (which you may have at the Apothecaries) using the same nine or ten Times (if need be) and it will break and void the

the Stone wonderfully, IThere cannot be a briter Madicine for the Stone, prove it subter you will.

Places there, be certain Trees, much like unto Willow Trees, out of which come forth certain little. Hairs, increasing by little and little into Birds, having Shapes of Dacks, hanging upon the Bough by their Nibbs of Bills; and when they are come to perfectness, they by away by themselves, or fall in the next Sens, which Birds we call Barnacles,—This is related by the Beeple that they dwall there, Mizaldas.

4. If one be bewitched of any, put Quickfilver into a Quill, and stop it, or esse into a hollow Nutshell, enclosed fast with Wax, and lay the same under the Pillow of the Party bewitched, or under the Threshold of the Door where he enters into the House of Chamber.

Betony samped and made in a Plaister, and laid to the Eye; and if they be washed with the Water wherein Betony is sodden, they will be whole without Dimnels or Blemish; and if you drink a Drachm of the Powder of Betony, with the Water of Betony, it will bring down and heal the Cloudiness and Bloodiness of the Eyes; and if Betony be beaten, it drieth up the Tears of the Eyes,—All this and more bath been properly Betony.

fively done by one John Ardern, who did fee a sertain Woman at Arewarke, whose whole Body was certainly swole, and also the Pace, Neck; and Legs, who did lie to though the were half dead, to whom I gave the Roots of a Daffodil stamped, and mixed with Water and Saffron, which being drank, the was quickly whole;

7. Take Heed in letting Blood, giving of Purgations, or firing Medicines, that the Lord of the Eighth House be not with the Moon, or with the

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Lord

Lord of the Ascendant, likewise that the Moon, nor the Lord of the Ascendant, be in the Fourth or Eighth House; nor that the Lord of the Eighth House be in any Angel; and it is not good that the

Moon be in the Afcendant, - Jatromath.

8. A Wind rifing in the North, in the Beginning of the Night, or in the Twilight, by and by he ceaseth, and leaveth his Place, therefor it is that the Mariners (having just Trial thereof) will not set forth in that Wind, unless it hath continued three Days. The South Wind is contrary, which if it rise or begin with the Beginning of the Day, it brings hope to the Mariners that it will continue, and not quickly depart out of that Place.—Mizaldus.

9, Lute Strings or Harp Strings, cut in little Pieces, and cast upon Flesh newly sodden or roasted, will seem to be Worms, whereby they that know not thereof will refuse the same Meat.—Mizaldas.

10. If the Yard doth swell, and be grievously pained, mingle Wax, Oil, and the Juice of Purslane together, and apply it to the swell Yard, and it

will help it. - It is often proved.

of our Lord 1431, the feventh of August, (being Tuesday about seven o'Clock in the Morning) one Master Henricus Amiei, a Doctor of Physick; born at Bruxels in Brabans, did ask him for the Lord Dean of Vienens then being sick, whether he should die or recover that Sickness. In the Figure of which Question, he found that the Moon was going into Conjunction to the Sun, under the Beams of the Sun, which was a Testimony of Death, with divers other Likelihoods of the same; but espying Mercury beginning to be retrograde, within one Degree of the Ascendant (Corruption the Degree of the ascending) did judge that he should shortly fall into a Frenzy, at the farthest within a natural Day, althout

he was a very wife Man; and so it came to pass, for within a natural Day, he became frantick, and

so died within two Days after, Pot all to Powder, and if you use to eat of the Powder in your Pottage, doubtless it will make you make Water, if you are troubled with the Stone.

13. If you put the Powder of Allum in Water. whattoever you write therewith, the Writing or Letters will not appear, unless you put the same Paper into Water, and then you will read it per-

fectly. - Rapt. Porta. and fure proved Medicine for a great and old Grief and Pain in the Head, Take of Bay Salt stamped. by itfelf; as much Cummin Seed, stamped by itfelf; as much brown Fennel, and then flamp them all together in a Difh, over a Change dift of hot Coals, and then lay some of the same hot upon a Cloth, and apply it to the hinder Part of the Head at Night, and tie it fall thereto, that it fall not away. And also lay on another Plaister thereof hot thereto the next Night, and so do nine Nights together, one after another, and it will not only help the fame, (perhaps within three or four Times fo doing) but also it will clear the Sight, and draw the Humours clear away that run out of the Head into the Eyes, and dry up the fame. - This Medicine never fails. therefore it is a precious Thing, and avorthy to be ef semedicostiv ni barri

_ 15. A good Way to get the Stone called Cran pandina, out of the Toad : Put a great or over grown Toad (first bruised in divers Places) into an earthen Pot, and put the same in an Ant's Hillock, and cover the same with Barth, which Toad at length the Anterwill eat, so that the Bones of the Toad, and Ga.

Stone, will be left in the Rot, which Mizaldus, and many others, (as he faith) hath oftentimes proved.

16. It is faid that the female Viper doth open her Mouth to receive the generative Sperm of the male Viper, which he doth by putting his Mouth into her Mouth, which received the doth bite off his Head. This is the Manner of the froward generating of Vipers; and after that, the young Vipers that fpring of the same, do eat or know as under their Mother's Belly, thereby coming or burtling forth, and so they being Revengers of their Pather's Injury, do kill their own Mother.—Gales de Therica ad Pisonem.

17. Seeth Sage, and drink it, or flamp it, and lay it to the Matrix, for both Ways it provoketh the Flowers, and After burthens.—Pet. Hispanus.

18. The Skin of an Afs being tanned, and Shoes made of that Part of the Hide, whereon the Burthens did lie that the Afs carried, they will never tear nor be worn; no, altho! you go continually among Stones and Thorns, and with the oldness thereof they will wax hard, that one cannot fuffer to wear them.—As Cardanus bath vorities.

wear them.—As Cardanus bath written.

19. To hop the Bleeding of the Noie. Take nine or ten fresh new Leeks, and put a Thread through the Midst of them, but cut off the Tops of the Leaves, then hang them about the Party's Neek that bleeds, so that the Leaves be upward to the Nose, and the Heads of them downward. It is good also to smell Camphire dissolved in Vinegae, and also to put the Root of Penny under the Tongue.—

Yaco. Holle.

20. If you take Mouth Glew and Azome equal Parts, mixing them together, and then pour Vinegar to them, whatfoever you shall east into the Pire, being rubbed, or all over anointed therewith, it will not be burned.—Mizahlus.

21. If

21. If you cut the Liver of a Beaft in Pieces, and put into the same Pieces the Powder of Nur Fonica, called the spewing Nut (which is to be had at the Apothecaries) the same Pieces being strewed or laid in an open Place, where Ravens and Crows may come thereto, the Crows or Ravens that eat thereof cannot fly away, whereby you may take them eafily.—This I know to be certain and true.

and at the Point of Death, though they be marvellous old, lying or being in a certain Place in Ireland, the same Party cannot die until he or she be removed out of that Place. And many that have been there, being very old and weary of their Lives, have earnessly desired to be removed from thence, who as soon as they have been out of the Place, have died presently.—A very strange Thing, if is be true.

23. Stamp Rue with Oil of Roses, and lay the same something thick upon the Crown of the Head of one that is sick, the same being first shaven, and if the same Party do sneeze within six Hours after, he will escape that Sickness; it not, he will distincted.

24. To make a Green that it will not fade away. Take the Flowers of Fleut-de Luce, framp them, and frain them, then put the Juice thereof into Gum Water, and dry it in the Sun.

25. To make Letters of Gold. Take Gum of Almonds, and temper it with Vermillion finely ground; let the Gum be dissolved in the White of an Egg, then write therewith, and it will be like Gold.—Proved.

26. If you will know in what Year Wheat will be dear or cheap, and what Month the fame will chance: Elect or chuse twelve fair Corns of Wheat, in the Kalends of January, which is the first Day of January; then sweep a Fire Hearth clean, and G4

The same of

make a Fire; then take a young Wench, or Boy of the House, or else one that dwells nigh you, and by the same Boy or Wench lay one of the same Corns on, the same being hot and made clean; and when that is done, mark diligently, whether the faid Corn abide ftill in the Place or leap; if it be ftill, then fay that the Price will continue; if it leap a little, the Price will abate a little: if it leap much, then persuade thyself that it will wax very cheap; if it leaps towards the Fire, it will be dearer in the first Month, and so more or less, for the greater or lesser Access of the same to the Fire. Do so with the fecond Corn, and it will prefage for the fecond Month. that is, for February; and fo you may judge all the reft, that is, the third Corn for March, the fourth for April, and for the others, - Mizaldus beard, that it bath been proved of many,

27. A Spoonful of the Powder of Nettle-feed drank in good Wine, doth affuage all Pains of the

Grief of the Matrix - Pa. Hifp.

28. By this Means following, you may put an Egg into a narrow mouth d Glass. Lay an Egg in strong Vinegar, till it be tender, then fill a Glass almost full of Water, then put the Egg into it, and anon it will be hard — Proved.

anon it will be hard. — Provided.

29. To roalt a Dish of Butter. Take fine grated white Bread, and mix the same well with Super; then put a Limp of Butter upon a Spit, and turn the Spit at the Fire, and still cast the grated stread and the Sugar upon the Butter, and it will be a fine

and trim Ditt of Meat .- Proved.

30. There is a certain Well at Crationopolis, which, although hath not not or warm Water therein, yet oftentimes there comes out of the fame, together with the Water, Flames of Fire; two commonly Elements, at one Pime, out of one Place Howing

out together. - Mixaldut writer this of the Inbubilants that Place,

31. White Wine, wherein Lapis Calaminaris is feven Times quenched, first made very hot in the Fire, doth marvellously stop the Running of the Ryes, and cleareth the Signs, if you put a few Drops thereof into them, and afe to wash them

therewith. This is a tried Thing.
32. If you would allure or bring Pigeons to a Dove House, take a fat Dog and flay him, and fill - his Belly full of the Seeds of Cummin; roal him dry; wash also the Pigeon-Holes in the Dove Cote with Water wherein the Cummin Seed is fod; but first cleanse the said Holes from all Filthiges; then lay the roasted Dog upon a broad Stone in the Dove House, and hang a great Glass in the Top of the Lovour, or four little Looking Galles with Dove House, by some of the Holes; also take Clay, and mingle it with Bay Sair and Car and make thereof a great Lump like unto a Sugar Loaf, then put it into an Oven and make it his and fet it by the dead Dog. Beware of Owls, Bee sards, and Starlings; fee the House be close, this no Vermin come therein, as Polecats, Weatels Persets, and you shall have Pigeens enough; alfo make a Shrape by the Dove-House, strew Charle there, then lay therein a good Quantity of Barle but it must first be laid to steep in Honey three Di and then call it among the Chaff, and then a great many Pigeons will refort to the Dove-House.

33. Linferd put into the Roots of Radille, and by and by put far or danged Earth, it will bring forth an Herb like Deagons, whose Tafte will seem he Vinegar and Salt; therefore it is marvellon liveling Sauces, for having this you need not ther Vinegar Salt, as one that is chief of the King's Gard and me, daith Minally.

34. The Seeds of Docks tied to the left Arm of a Woman, doth help Barrenness, or Sterility.

35. Goat's Dang mingled with Vinegar and Bran, and applied as a Plainer to a fore Break, loofeth wonderfully all Swellings of the Break,—It bath

been prowed.

36. Betony stamped and applied to any Wound of the Head, doth not only draw out broken Bones, but also doth heal the same with Speed.—A most ex-

cellent Remedy.

Take a Quart of white Wine, and the Pith of an .
Ox's Back, and two Quares of Dates; of Marigolds, Plantain, Betony, Parlley Roots, and Fennel Roots, of all two Handfuls; buil all these together, until the Wine be Half wasted away, and then first them through a Cloth, and drink nine or ten Spoonfuls thereof every Morning and Evening, for the Space of nine or ten Days, and it will strengthen the Back marvellously.

38. Five-leaved Grass sod in Water, which is it be drank and guipt up and down in the Throat, is

an excellent Help for fore Throats.

39. A notable Ointment for the Head Ach, coming of any Cause, wherewith you must anoint the Pulses in the Temples, and all the Forehead: Take of the Juice of fresh Camomile, sour Ounces; of the Juice of fresh Roses, two Ounces; of fresh Rue and Betony, of each one Ounce and a Half; of the Juice of the Rosts of Hollihock, two Ounces; of Oil Rosate Omphacine, one Pound and a Half; of the best and purest Alabaster, three Ounces; Powder of Alabaster finely beaten, then put into the Oil, and let it lie thereing Day and a Night; them mix them all sogether, and with sufficient white Wax make it in an Ointment, which Ointment it good for any Pain

Pain in the Head, proceeding of any Matter or Caules, and it may be used at any Time of the Fit or Pain, except the Reginning.— Emperica Benedicial Victoria Faventini.

40. An excellent diffilled Water for Hearing, followeth: Take of the Juice of Betony, of the Juice of Onions, each of them fix Ounces; of the Leaves of Rolemany, flamped, one Handfule of the Oil of bitter Almonds, three Ounces; and one white Bell, grais chopped and cut in small Pieces; miss them all together, and distil them, and the Liquor which comes thereof keep in a Glass; drop two or these Damps thereof into your Bar, four or five Times together, and it will help the Deatness.—Missaldus.

many other sine Things, with small cost and Expense, as followeth, Seath the Bark of the Blue Tree, and the Tops of the Poplar Tree, and whilst they are very hot, put thereto most pure and sine Lime, until all the same be like Curds of Milk; ast toswards pur thereto the whitest Marble, that Is well and finally beaten into Powder, and seirced, and then cast the same in what Frame you will, and dry them in the Shade.

42. Take Water Mints that are flamped, and lay them to the Middle of the Brow, and to the Nape of the Neck, of one that is mad, and it will help, and much relieve him; but first tickle him on the Brow, and it will dispose him to sleep, and then apply it to him takes before mentioned; but if he he too far gone, that it will not help him, then take a Tench, and cleave it in the Middle, and so warm, lay the one Past to his Brow, and the other to the Nape of his Neck, and without Doubt it will help him, if ever he shall have Help, and so his an excellent will help him.

43. For burning with Rire, take Oil Olive, and put it into cold Water, and ftir it well together, till it be well mixed, then anoint the burnt Place therewith, and lay a Wort Leaf upon it, and it will help it speedily .- Proved

44. Stamp Mallows and Garliek together, and mingle it well with white Wine, then strain it well, and drink a good Draught thereof nine Times, and it will make thee make Water, of what Occasion foever the fame is stopped .- This is affirmed for Truth.

45. If you will bring forth, or hatch Eggs, without a Hen, cover your Eggs in hot Horse Dung, so that the bigger Part of the Egg be upward, but every fifth or fixth Day shift them with new Horse Dung, with a temperate Heat as the Heat of a Heng but temember that the Eggs must be turned ; and about the Time of the hatching, or when they should come forth out of the Shell, put them under a Hen.

be refleichte or binding hevertheleis, the Powder of it doth vehemently break the Stones in the Reins, and drives them forth, which Ambonius Mufe, an excellent, Physician, doth witness, that he hath proved it with most happy Success on himself .- Mi-

47. The Blood of an Hare dried, and made in Bowder, and thrown upon Fieth newly roaffed on fodden, makes the fame Fleth feem to be bloody and corrupts, fo that they that be prefent and fee the lame, unless such as know the Secret thereof, with

scald Head. Take Oil Olive, and put it into a Different Water, and beat and stir them well together ther, as you should make Butter; then take it up and put it into a Vessel, and put Powder of Brane. flone and May Butter thereto, and make an Oints ment thereof, wherewith anoint the Forehead, and doubtlessit will heal it.

49. Woodbine Leaves stamped and laid on Warts. uling them fix Times, will quickly destroy them. 50. If the Seeds that are found in the round Knobs of the leffer Bur Leaf, be made in fine Powder, and to given with a little good and pure white Wine, it purgeth the Sand marvelloully and effectually from the Reins, but more speedily if it he drank with Aqua Vita. - Mizaldus had this of one that proved it.

51. If you feeth Mugwort in Water, and plaifter it hot upon the Navel and Thighs of a Woman labouring with Child, it causeth both Childbirth and the After-burthen alfo; but if it tarry long there, it will cause the Matrix to follow - Reguiss.

gz. For Scalding and Burning, that it be not feen. Take Sheep's Suet, and Sheep's Dung, and the inner Rind of Elder, and boil them all together, then firm them through a course Canvas Cloth, and forkeep it in fome clean Vessel, which when you do use, you must melt in a Sauter, or some other Thing, and lay it on the burned Place with a Peather Proved

53. To draw out a Tooth, Fill an earthen Pot with Emmets or Ants and their Eggs, and fet the fame Por in hot Embers, for long until all be burned into Afree, and when any Tooth doth ach, which you would draw forth without Pain: then take of the fame Powder, and much the Tooth therewith, and it will fall out within a little Time.

'The Anoint a freekled Face with the Blood of a Hare, or of a Bull, and it will do them away, and

make the Skin fair — Reports

This following will help the Hardness of the olds, called the Elfcaker. Take the Root of Gladen and make Powder thereas, and give the diseases

Party Half a Spoonful thereof to drink in white Wine, and let him, est thereof, to much in his Pottage at one Time, and it will help him within * While: The hand retrieves.

56. Mugwort Resped in Rofe Water, doth help trembling or shaking Hards, if they be washed therewith. - Missaldie.

57. Take of the Juice of Elder Bernies, and anoint

Warts therewith, and it will defroy them.

c8. If you take the openard Rind of the Radish Root, and the Herb Mercury, of each one Ounce; of Saffron three Grains; of Casila Ligues, finely powdered, one Drachm; the Joice of Savin; two Drachme; mix them, and let them all be beaten together; then tie the fame in a fine linen Cloth that is thin, and join it to the Neck of the Matrix of a Woman that is in her Traveil, and in the Hour of the Pirth, (which elfe fould bring forth her Child with Difficulty) by and by the will be Brought to Bed - It is a Secret Beneditant Vitarius Lauent.

eg. The Juice of Knotgrafe, drunk with the Pow-der of feven Pepper Corns, before the Rit, doth quite put away the Quartan Agus. But it is faid that the Herb must be gathered upon a Thursday, and the Juice then likewife thereof, must be gotten and firamed, (the Moon decreating, which is between the full Moon and the Change.) - Mitaldist 60: A Bath wherein Emmets, or Ants, and their

Eggs, being stamped and fedden, doth quickly heal

Egge, being stamped and folden, doth quickly heal an old and almost incurable Joint Sickness.—Revord:

61. If they that have the Palling Sickness do use to receive twice or thride in the Week, at their going to Bed, one of these little Pills following, with out Doubt they will be whole thereof, however it comes. Take of the best Castoreum Affastida; of each Half a Drachm; of the Root of Peony, finely powdered, one Drachm; Aromaticum Rosatum, two Drachms;

Drachms; mix them together with the Syrup of Minte, and make thereof feven Pills: (You may have all this at the Apothecaries.) -This is a proved Se-

eret. Emperica Bemilieti.

62. An excellent Ointment for the Gont. Take three Pounds of Walwort, and framp it well; then melt one Pound of May Butter, and put thereto; and les them stand so nine Days together; then boil the same Half an Hour on the Pire; then firain it through Cahvas, and for anoint the pained Place therewith, -It is a notable and proved Thing, not an unlike one in this Book, to that Effest, described by Mizaldus.

63. This Medicine following will definey the Itch in any Part of the Body. Take of Oil of Bays one Ounce, and one Oonce of Quickfilver, hell killed with falling Spittle, which must be killed therein with firring of them together three Mornings; and add thereto two Ounces of Barrow Hog's Greate; then thesewith anoint the Palms of your Hands and the Soles of the Peet, and within three or four Times fo doing, it will kill the lech.

64. If you will make a Candle that will not be

put out, fill a Can with the Powder of Brimftone, and with a Linen Cloth, torn in very little Pieces, then cover the same with War, and fo fet it on Pire, and then is will not be pur out, neither with Bellows nor Wind. Blank in the print also a rate W

67. Oikwhere Frogs be fodden, until the Fleth be gone from the Bone, dath marvelloufly help all Affects of the Sinewe and the Joints, and also all Parts of the Body that are cold or benumbed, if the Places affected be amointed therewith, being first made warm — This is gotten out of the Secrets of Junes.

66. If you will bring into one Place, or elfe kill, all Worms and Bealts, that are hartful in the Garden, take the Belly or Paunch of a Weather, newly killed.

killed, with all the Filth or Dung that is in if, and bury the same in the Place where they be, and cover it a little with Earth, and then within two Days thou shalt see all the Worms and Vermin gathered thither; if you do this twice or thrice, you shall make all the hurtful Worms and Things gather together there; and then you may cast Easth upon them, or else kill them as you list.— Mizaldus did understand that this was proved.

67. The Juice of Betony, put in the Ear, fomething hot or luke warm, will both put away Paine; and the Deafnels of the Bare (if there be any) and all Impediments of the same.—I have proved this divers Times, and found it excellent good in this Case.

68. This Water following is both proved, and precious, against Fistulas; and also, it so hardenesh Iron, that you may cut another Piece of Iron therewith, as easily as if the same were Wood. Take of Earth-Worms, and draw off thence a Water by Distillation; and likewise draw Water of Radish Roots, both which Waters mix together; then put therein an edged Iron Knife, made red hot; the same thus heated and quenched, for three or four Times, by an equal Quantity used at each Time, and the Knife tempered with the Edge; dip it red hot again into the same Water, and then after, you may cut Iron safely and easily therewith; and this Water is also marvellous in Fistulas.

69. If a Horse cannot stale or piss, or else doth the same hardly, or with much Grief or Pain, beat his Body all about easily, mildly, or gently, with the Boughs of Elder, full of Leaves; then after cover his Head. Neck, and all the Body with the same Leaves, and it will help him very much.—Simonica Gardinalit.

vels, and is reputed as a Prophet. Take the Filings

of Brais, Iron, Lead, Steel, Gold Spume, Silver. Gold, or Storax, according to the Riches or Poverty of the Patient. First of all, let them be put into the Urine of a Boy that is a Virgin, the second Day in warm white Wine, the third Day in the Juice of Fennel, the fourth lay them in the Whites of Eggs. the fifth Day in Woman's Milk that gives fuck to a Boy, the fixth Day in red Wine, the seventh Day in seven Whites of Eggs, and put that only into a Still, at any easy Fire; and that it shall distill keep it in a Vessel of Gold or Silver. Silence is to be kept of the Praise of this Water, because it may not be bought; for its Virtue doth qualify Leprous Perfons; it heals and destroys a pure Lepry; it wipes away, or takes away every Spot; it preferves Youth; it makes the Eye fair. I cease to speak of the Virtues of this Water, because I sear lest they that have it should be puft up with Pride .- Trotala de Paffion. Multer

founding of the Ears, or Wind in the same. Take Almonds and the Kernels of Peaches, and let them be clean peeled in hor Water; then samp them, and get Oil out of them, and put of the same Oil, with Tents wet in the same, into the sounding Ear, or otherwise grieved; which Tents must be made of sine Linen Cloth; and do thus with new Tents every Day, once, for the Space of nine or ten Days; and it will put away the sounding and many other Pains of the Ears.—This I learned of one that came out of Spain; and I proved it to be very true.

THE END OF THE SEVENTH-BOOK.

Same of the Ex

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NOTABLE THINGS.

the following the season between the season and the

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YOU shall make Vinegar by and by, and if you do pour pure and good Wine, half sod, into a new earthen Vessel, and let it be well covered and stopped, and so fet the same Pot in hot scalding Water.

2. To take the Birds that eat the Seeds that are fown. Seeth Garlick, that it may not grow again, for it is faid to profit marvellously, if it be absorbunt them; for they that shall eat of it, will be taken

with your Hand .- Mizaldus.

3. If you give one of these Pills following, every Night going to Bed, to him that hath the Palfy, it will help him, for it is proved. Take of Herb Ivy, Cowslips, Betony, of the Flowers of Sticados Arabies, of each one Drachm; let them be dried in the Shadow, and make them in Powder; then take good Turbith one Drachm, of the best Agarick two Drachms; Colloquintida Half a Drachm; Ginger, Sal Gem, of each ten Grains; good and chosen Rhubarb one Drachm and Half; Spikenard seven Grains; the Powder of Hiera simplex Galeni Half

an Ounce; Scammony prepared; one Drachin select schem all be made into time Powder, and with the Juice of Herb Cry make a Mass of Bills. The Weight to be given avone Time, is, one Fill of one Scraples Andmark, if he that hath the Pally, take this ordinary Pill, (not once every Day, but twice in the Week at the least) you shall see a sudden Help in the Pally. These Pitts may worthily be called glatious Pills for the Pally — Emperica Basediai Victoria Faccioni

did hit his Wife therewith on the left Cheek, being with Child, who after was delivered of a Wench, which Wench had, and hath the Mark of a Moufe on her left Cheek.

5. You may turn white Wine into red, without any Hurt or Detriment, by and by of the Powder of Honey (that is first forting a stony Substance, and then dried, and so made into Powder) be east into white Wine, and spixing it well in the Same, with rolling it up and down together. The Roots of any Kind of Docks, either new or dried, put into the Wine, will perform the same with less Husiness.

Greate, and made domething thick like on Ointtment, doth marvelloudy help them that have the Cough, and have taken cold, if the Soles of their Feet, and the Back Bone be anounted therewish before the Fire.

2. This Water following is excellent good to clear a dim Sight, if two or three Drops thereof be part into the hyes at a Time, wing it certain Dade togs there. Take of the Water of Vervain, the Water of Roles, and the Water of Fennel, of each four Owncess firing white Wine three Ownces; Tatty prepared, onto Sugar Candy, of each three Drachman Aloes Hepatick, two Drachms: the them all be beaten in

fine Powder that are to be powdered, and put them into Water and Wine, mixing all together, and let them remain and stand a whole Day; then strain them easily, and keep the Liquor in a fair Glass, and use it as aforesaid.—This is a precious Thing for the

Sight of Eyes,

8. A marvellons Medicine for Wounds and Sores. Take a Handful of Arsmart wet in fair Water, then lay it in the Wound or Sore; after bury the same Arsmart in some moist Ground, and the same Wound or Sore will afterward miraculously heal, as the same Herb doth rot and consume. —This I bad of one that affirmed it to be true. I think it is written by Paracellus.

9. The Bodies of drowned or dead Men do float on the Water with their Faces and Bellies upward, but dead Women do float on the Water grovelling, or with their Faces downward, contrary to their Procreation. But they do float or swim on the Water, out of whom the Lungs are taken, &c.—Mi-

zaldus.

10. The Water of Marigolds doth help any Difeases of the Eyes, and takes away all Pains of the Head; and the Smoke of the Flowers thereof taken or received by a Fundible, into the Secret Parts of a Woman, or otherwise taken, doth bring forth easily the Aster Burthen.—This Secret Mizaldus did get of an old Midausse, awhich had need of his Help wherewise.

11. Oak Fern (called Polypodium) stamped and plaistered upon the Feet of a Woman travelling of a Child, causeth the Birth of the Child, either alive

or dead. - This was told me for a great Secret.

12. Take of the Greate of Swine, or Hog, and rub therewith the Body of any that is fick, against the Heart or Soles of his Feet, then give that Grease to a Dog, which is hereat, the Party will escape; if not, it is a Token that he will die thereof.

13. This

a 3. This following will help them that be deaf. Take a Piece of green Elm, or Ash, and lay it in the Fire, and receive the Water that comesh out of the Ends thereof; and take a Spoonful of the Greate of an Eel that is red beneath the Navel, boil all these together a little on the Fire; and put it into a Glass, and when he goeth to Bed, put some thereof into his Ear, lukewarm, and in two or three Days he will be whole, and hear well.—Proved.

14. To draw out a Tooth without Pain. Take the Gum of Ivy, and green Ivy Leaves, of each like Weight, and burn them to Powder in a new earthen Pot, and when it is made in fine Powder mix it together with the Milk of Spurge, and put some thereof into the Tooth that you would have out, if it be hollow; if not, touch the Tooth therewith, and it will fall out; but beware you touch no other Tooth therewith.

15. If you will prove whether these be any Water mixed with the Wine or not, put an Egg into the Wine, and if the Egg fink into it, there is Water mixed with it; and if the Egg fwim, then it is pure Wine.

16. Wash your Eyes in the Morning with your own Water, and at Night rub about your Eyebrows, and round under your Eyes, a little Pomatum, and it clears and strongthens.—This I had of one that proceed it.

proved it.

17. The Juice of Bay Leaves distilled into the Ears, doth not permit Deafnels, nor other strange Sounds to abide in the Ear.—Per. Hispanus.

18. A Question was asked of the State of a certain Person being sick, and of what Condition the Discense was, and whether he should recover thereof, or not. It seemed at that Sight, that the Party was whole for whom the Question was made, because the Sustain in the tenth House, and the Part fortunate H3

in the Ascendence but many other Tellimonies showed the conwary, and Marendid compre Venns, Lady or Almuten of the Afcendent, and Venuralio. was under the Beans of the Sun; and began, to be Combuse, distant from the Sun ten Degrees; ifor Venus in the twenty-eighth Degree of Sagitary, and the Sun in the eighth Degree of Capricon; which two Degrees of Sanitano did fightly two Months. being a common Sign, and the eighth Degree in Capricorn being a moveable Sign, did figuify eight Days; therefore it was doubted, of the link Perlong about two Monghs and the eight Days after the Queltion was made, as God would ordain it, and fo is happened right, by the Appointment of God, to whom it belongs to care infirmities and Griefs, to raife up the dead, and to moderate the earthly Bodies, and to disperse inferior Things by Means to whom be Glory. Amen. This is true. - Gubre. mus Anglicus in fao Trastato de Urina nemvolfas

Bones, or Arms, or any other Place of the Body.
Anoint the Place where the Ach or Pain is with goods and pure Aqua Composita, by the Fire, and let in foole in; do thus three or four Times together; then, at the last Time, while it is wer, catt upon the wer Place where the Ach is, the Powder of Olibanum (which is the fairest and whitest of the Frankincense) and so lay a Linen Cloth upon the Powder, and sew it fast, and so let it lie three or four Days, until it be well and whole, which will be by that Fime, God willing - Propert.

20. It is not good to bury any too haftily, especially such as have had the Apoplery, the Falling Sickness and that are sufficate with the Strangutation of the Womb, calledgile Macher; for such may seem dead, and revive again within three Days; for it was the fourth Day after Lanarus died; one Christians

did raife him from death to life; lest any should report, that Lazarus had the Apoplexy, or the Falling Sickness, or fuch like; and therefore but in Trance. or not perfectly dead; whereby the just Merit of Christ's marvellous Miracle thereof might be darkened .- This is the Meaning of Lemnius, in his Second Book of the fecret Miracles of Nature. Therefore it is very meet to know whether any fuch be perfectly dead or not; which you may do, by holding a little burning Candle at the Party's Nose, whose Mouth is open on elfe by fetting fome little Cup or Glass full of Water to the Brim, upon the faid Party's Belly or Navel; for by the moving of the Flame of Candle, or of the Vessel with Water, you shall perceive his fecret Breathing, and whether there be any Life in him or pot, - Camillus.

21. An approved Medicine doth follow for the Shortpels of Breath, and doth marvelloufly help the same. For if Half an Ounce thereof be given to the Patient thrice in a natural Day, that is, three Hours before Dinner, two Hours before Supper, and about Midnight, continuing the same three or four Days and so more, you shall see the diseased healed. Take of Manna elect, or chosen, called Manna Granata two Ounces; the Flowers of Caffie, newly drawn. Half an Ounce; Penydes three Ounces; Oil of fweet Almonds, being new, one Ounce; the Lights or Lungs of a Fox, finely beaten and powdered, two Ounces; make the rell in Powder that are to be nowdered, then mix all together, and make thereof an Electrodry with the Syrup of Hylop.— Emperica Ben. Pictorio Fames. You may have it well made at the Apothecucies. Thave tried it to be an excellent Thing in this Cafe.

the Vellet, cast into the same a Piece of Cheese, and then you shall see a marvellous Thing; and why that is Georgius Valla Placentimus doth teach.

23. If you anoist your Hands or other Parts of your Body, with a Liniment made of Nettle Oil and a little Salt, it will defend the Party therewith anoisted from the bitterest Cold that is. — Mizaldus.

24. If there be Branches of Bay Tree, wrapt up or laid among Cloth or Books, it will keep the fame fafe from Moths, Worms, and other Corruption.—Dioferides.

25. If you stamp Ant Eggs, and strain them through a Cloth, and put thereto the Juice of Swine's Grass, or Knot Grass, and drop it into the Ears, it helps a long continued Deafness.

26. A Powder to preferve the Sight. Take Betony, Rue, Celadine, Saxifrage, Lovach, Annifeed, Cinnamon, Eyebright, of each one Handful: Cardamum, Ginger, Fennel, Petrofeline, Hylop, Organy, Syler Mountain, of each one Drachm; Galingal and Sugar one Ounce. Let a Powder be made of thefe, and let it be taken continually with Meat, and the Sight will be restored and kept. This Powder was ordained by Master Gerald, whose Trial an old Man did prove, which used Spectacles twelve. Years, so that without them he could not see great Letters: but after he had used this Powder, only one forty Days, he was free, infomuch that all the Time of his Life after, he did fee and read the leaft Letter that was .- This Tortula bath written in the latter End of bis Book De Passionibus Mulierum.

Legs, whereby to make them as slender as they were before. Seeth Oats in Water until they be tender, then let the Party diseased hold his Leg that is swoln over the Vessel, that it may receive the Fume, or Smoke of the said Oats, and cover the Party with something that it may go down round about the Vessel, and then Blisters will come upon the Leg or twoln Place, out of which will run much

A Committee of the Comm

Water

Water and Corruption; then after anoint the Place with Butters do this four or five Times if need be:-

This is proved.
28. Two or three Drops of pure Aqua Composita, put into the Eyes Morning and Evening, every other Day for the Space of four or five Days, will clear the Sight, and help the Eves of a cold Caufe marvelloufly .- An old Gentlewenan that tried it on berfelf, did reveal it to me.

29. The Herb of Dandelyon well fod in Water, is counted to be a chief Help for the joining or knitting of Wounds. It is good against Ruptures,

or for them that be broken or buriten.

30. A marvellous Water, that foon and eafily may be prepared, more precious than Gold, is made as followeth. Pur fair and clear Water into a Veffel, wherein there was never before any Liquor, or before never occupied, and when the Water is very hot, pour it to quick Lime; being before in another new and clean Vessel, and let it remain and reit to long until you have taken all the foul Spume that floats above from the fame, and that all the Lime be fettled to the Bottom; and the Water very clear; then pour out the Water very fofely, without moving the Lime at the Bottom, and keep the fame Water in a fair clean Glafs, or fome other clean Veffel well covered and stopped, until you ale the same. It will searcely be believed, what a miraculous Virtue and Power is bath in all kind of Ulcers, and chiefly fuch as spring of the French Pox; for the same be-ing bathed, moistened, and with a Linen Clock dipe or was in the said Water something warm, a pretty while and then a Linea Cloth well wet in the laine, and laid upon the Ulcer or Sore, in Manner of a Plaister, and after renewed again. It wipes clean away all the Fifth or Corruption; it ceafeth the Pains, is fills the Ulcer with Pleft, and it quite quencherh

quencheth the Heat or Inflammations in a small Time, not without a great Miracle; for, otherwise, quick Lime doth burn with vehemency of his Heat. Let them enjoy this excellent Search, which for great Prayer, and Price to many I have refused to utter.—Thus much Mixaldus.

Quantity of big Nut, caufeth the Deliverance of the Child, either quick or dead.—Petrus Hilpanus.

Take of Roman Visuol two Pounds; of distilled Honey four Pints; distil these together, (making the Vitriol first in Powder) and when it is distilled adott the same the third Part thereof of Aqua Vitze rectified, which, diligently mixed, keep for your use, and apoint the fore grieved Place therewith. Do this Morning and Evening, until you seel yourself well, which will be (God willing) within seven or eight Days, at the fasthest.—Lurate this out of an old Book. Ithink it is also in the new Jewel of Health, which is a warthy Book, full of many strange and execution Things:

33. The Smoke of Juy burned doth drive away Batts and Resemble from that Place where the Smoke is.

Aftrology) for any Thing wherein he hath a Hope to have—Math if the Lord of the Eleventh House apply to the Lord of the Aftendent, or the Lord of the First House to the Lord of the Eleventh House inductions the half have the Thing which he hopes to get or have, and he shall come to it. And if the Afrect be of Trine or Sentule, he shall quickly and easily, and by good Moans, obtain it. But if it he by a Quartile or Opposite Afrect, he shall get it with Tediousness and Labour, Furthermore, it thous doft find the Lord of the Eleventh Mouse in an analysis.

into

sh, and feedwad, then judge that he shall have the Thing which he for hopes to have even as he de-

fixes - Haly Mienragel,
-36 Lay a Sponge appa an Ach, or Gost, diptin warm Wine of the Decotion of Cummin, and in will draw out the harrful Humours. It hath been proved .- Per Hispanus - the transfer of

36. A Piece of the Root of Crawfoot, either put into the hollow of a Tooth, if there be any or applied to the Tooth that acheth, will help the fame mulchiately - A fune, proved, and often wied Medi-

ine by the deeves held a Spreness in the Throng or elfe any hard Swelling there, called the Squinancy, or Quinfay, and perhaps thereby doth hardly deaw his Breath; ler them apply this following ofnimes in a Day, it will fosten and dissolve it, for it is proved. Take the Roots of Hollihock cut in finall Pieces, and made clear; Camomile, the Flowers of Violets, the Flowers of Mallows, with the Roots of each; one bleaded; lot them buil all in a fufficient Quantity of Water puntil the Water be confurned a then put to the fame the Flour of Barley, Linfeed, and Fenngreek, well framped and beaten, of each a Handful sthe Greate of a Hen, one Onnce : Oil of Camemiles and Oil of fuent Almonds, of each slike much, which will be enough to make the Plaister fat. This I know to be an excellent Remady in this Cafe; which I learned of Benedictuckistaring Famoretongrade's Book on Hed Emperica Benedicity, Close 13ft a PhincMedicine following will help say Pains

or Weakness in the Back. Take a Quart of Malm-sey; of Balm, Nep, and Maldweed, (which Maidwhen is a tinking Herb, having Flower like a Daile fey) of each one blandful; framp the Herbs well, and their killing well is not Malmiey, on yet force of the Malmiey on yet force of the Malmiey upaths disreprogre them has different

into the rest of the Malmsey, and drink a good Draught thereof every Morning failing, and at Night when you go to Bed; and within three or four Days it will help you perfectly (God willing.)-A notable and often proceed Medicine.

Morning four Days together, and it will make thee fing clear, and fpeak with a good Voice. It clean-

feth the Break marvellously. Often proved. for if Mints be given to one that is wounded, he will not eafily wax whole. If Mints be mixed with-Milk, and after taken from the same, and Runnet or Cheflip put into the fame Milk, the fame Milk will never go together, or come to cord.

41. Culver Dung fodden in Wine, till the Wine be confumed, and them emplathered hot to the Gout, healeth the same perfectly; use it Morning and Evening, four or five Days together, - Per. Hif-

panus.

42. To restore the deaf to hearing, take the Root of Hound's Tongue out of the Earth, and make a Hole in the Root, as long and deep as you can, and fill the fame with Salt, and cover it well that nothing can come within it; then fet it in the Earth again as it was, and cover it with Earth; and let it be there three Days, and at three Days End take it up, and that which you find therein, keep it in some clean Glass, and put some thereof into the deaf Ear. Let him use it every Evening going to Bed, until he hear clearly, which will be within a Portnight at the farthest, (God willing) and when you do it into his Ear, let him lie in his Bed, that the Liquor may enter .- This I had out of an old written Book.

43. Take two little Pieces of good L (the Bark (crap'd away) of the Length of a Pinthe Bigness of two Barley Straws, and put both of them in your Mouth, between your Gums and your Cheeks; that is, on each Side one; and so let them lie all the whole Night. Use this every Night for a Fortnight at least, and without doubt it will stop or stay the Rheum, for it congeals the thin Rheum into a thick Flegm, so that you may spit it out.—This below one that you may spit it out.—This below one that you may for it out.

and lay it in a Saucer with fair Water, and let it frank till it be yellow, and then drop some of it into the Eye with a Feather, and it will destroy the Pox, and save the Sight. - This I had out of a Book.

tive for Man or Woman that is brought very low with Sickness. Take two Pound of Dates, and wash them clean in Ale, then cut them small, and take out the Stones and white Skins, and beat them in a Mortar, till they begin to work like Wax; then take a Quart of clarified Honey or Sugar, and Half an Ounce of the Powder of Long Pepper; as much of Mace; Cloves, Nutmegs, and Cinnamon, of each one Drachm; as much of the Powder of Lignum Aloes; beat all these Spices together, and seeth the Dates with the Sugar or Honey with an easy Fire; cast therein a little Powder, by little and little, and shir it with a Spatula of Wood, and, so do until it come to an Electuary, and shep cat every Morning and Evening thereof, one Ounce at a Time; and it will renew and restore again his Complexion, be he never so low brought.—This bath here proved, and it bath done good to many Man and Woman.

46. A notable Receipt for the Black Jaundice. Take a Gallon of Ale, a Pint of Honey, and two Handfuls of red Nettles; a Penny worth or two of Saffron, and boil it in the Ale, the Ale being first fairmed, and then boil the Nettles and Honey therein

therein all together, and firain it well, and every Morning take a good Draught thereof, for the Space of a Portnight; for in that Space (God willing) it will clean and perfectly cure the black flaundice.

Take a new laid Bog, and break the Shell in the Middle, and pour forth all the White, then put to the Yolk as much Pewter finely forap'd off the Handle of a Spoon or Pot, as will he upon a Two peace, with as much Nutmeg as will his upon a Penny, and as much white Sugar Candy beaten to Powder as you pleafe, firring them together; and fot up it up every Morning fatting; and the last Thing at Night; and it faileth not in three or four Days Time.

48. Wholever, in the first nine Days in May, drinks every Morning fasting, a little Dish full of the Juice of Betony, it will do him murvellous much Good for the Gout; which he shall perceive the

next Year following, if he live to long. It is the

49. Whosever hath the Plenrify, or is staffed in the Stomach with tough or hard Flegm, let him take a Scruple, that is, the Weight of twenty four Burley Corns, of the Powder of the Seeds of Nettles, with the Syrup of Violets, and Iwallow the same; as by licking it by little and little, and he shall spit out the viscous and tough Humour casity.—If Secret of a Parasian Physician.

70. If the Grief of the Gout or Ach be too outrageous, take of Opium one Drachm, of Saffron two Drachms; mingle them with four or five Yolks of Eggs, and plainer the fame upon the Grief, for it mightily affuageth the Pains, and disfoluers the Cor-

ruption.

or Piles. Take two or three Bricks, and burn them red hot, and put them in fome Pan under a close Stool, and fprinkle them with Vinegar, and let the Party

Party greeved fit upon the faid Stool, that the Fume thereof may afcend upward to his Fundament; do thus three or four Times, if need be, and certainly

it will help it.

150. If you will make Birds drunk, that you may eatch them with your Hands, take fuch Meat as they love, as Wheat or Beans, or fuch like, and lay them to fleep in the Lees of Wine, or in the fuice of Hemlock, and fprinkle the fame in the Place where the Birds use to haune; and if they do eat thereof, straightways they will be to giddy, that you may take them with your Hands - I wrere this out of an old written Book, wherein I know many true Things were written.

59. A profest Help for a Woman that travalleth of Child. Dake Hylep, Vervais, and Dictany, of each one Handful; flamp them finall, and temper shem with old Ale; then strain it, and wring out the Juice, and give a good Draught thereof to drink, and the will be delivered with Speed, and the Chilli and flie both faved; to that the Child be alive when the trinks in

54. A true Medicine for the Gont. Take the luice of the Flowers of Broom, and the Juice of Scaba cæli and Honey, as much of one as of another, and feeth it all together till it be of the thicknels of Honey, and anoint the goody Place there-with, I knew, faith the Writer hereof, a good Priest in bondon, that healed all Men or Women therewith, for the most Part that came to him. This, for the great Likelihood of the Medicine, and for the faithful affirming, I thought good to register among the refl. of her many and

goulf of one Pound of Wax, two Ounces of quick Brinillone, and as much of quick Lime, putting thereto an Ounce of the Oil of Nats, a Candle be made, with a Wick of Bumbast, and so put into the Water.

Water, as foon as ever the quick Lime begins to burn, it will move the rest of the Things, too apt for the Fire to burn, even in the midst of the Water.—Mizaldur.

56. A Ram will not butt, nor run at one, if his Horns be bored through, nigh unto his Ears. - Mi-

zaldus.

57. A little Ganpowder put into a Piece of fine Linea Cloth, and the same put into the hollow Tooth, or holden between the Teeth, so that it touch the aching Tooth, it puts away the Tooth Ach pre-

fently .- This is wery true.

58. If you distil Herb Ivy, and give the Water thereof to be drank of them that are grieved or tormented with the Gout, anointing also therewith the gouty or grieved Place; it will heal or help them assuredly.—Great Warrantees was made of this Medi-

cine, subere I bad it.

59. A special Medicine for all sudden Sickness, and especially of the Stomach and Breast. Take a Spoonful of the Aqua Vita, and put therein Half a Spoonful of the Powder of Liquorice, and let it remain therein three Hours, and drink it fasting, or at Evening when you go to Bed.—It is a sovereign Thing for Stomach or Breast.

60. Lay Saffron on the Navel of them that have the yellow Jaundice, and it will help them .- This

was affirmed to me as proved.

out the Juice thereof; then sand a marvellous Effect will follow, and a speedy Remedy thereof.—A Gustill follow, and a speedy Remedy thereof.—A Gustill

tleman, a Friend of mine, told methis, as an approved

Thing in this Cafe.

62. This marvellous Water following will recover the Sight again, hindred of any Caule, wherewith Constanting the Emperor received his Sight. Take three Drachms of Tutty, made in very small Powder; as much of Aloe Epaticum in Powder: two Drachms of fine Sugar; fix Ounces of Rofe Water; as much of pure white Wine; mix all together, and put it into some clean Vessel or Glass, being well closed and stopped; fet it in the Sun a Month together, stirring it once every Day; then take of the same Water four or five Drops in your Eyes Morning and Evening, and with this continuing a certain Space, it will cause the Sight to come again, as ever it was before. - This I know it proved for an excellent Water for the Eyes, for it cleares behin marvelloufly. I knew one that could not thread a Needle without Spettacles, which put not past two or three Drops of the Same Water in his Eyes at Night, and the next Morning the Jame Party did fee well to thread a Needle without Speciacles.

63. To make a Light that shall never fail. Take the Worms that shine in the Night, called Glow Worms, stamp them, and let them stand till the shining Matter be above, then with a Feather, take off the same shining Matter, and mingle it with Quicksilver, and so put it into a Vial, and hang the same in a dark Place, and it will give Light.—This

I had out of an old Book.

64. The Sound of an Echo is thought to drive away Bees, therefore their Hives ought to be placed where the Echo or the Voice doth not found

the Write what you will on white Paper with the sea of a red Onion, well mixed and tempered with

with the White of an Egg, which being dry, will appear as tho' it were plain Paper, without any Writing; but if you hold it against the Fire, you may then easily read it, or perceive the Letters.—
Lemnius.

66. To gild Iron or Copper. Take the Gall of a Bull, and rub the Iron or Copper well therewith, (but be fure that the same before was well burnished all about) that you would have gilded, and after dry it in the Sun, foreseeing that there come no Dust thereto; and when it is dry, gild upon it, as you do upon Silver.—Mizaldus.

67. Seeth an Egg in strong Vinegar, until it be very hard, then let the same Egg lie three Days in Urine; then dry it, and it will be marvellous hard; or let an Egg lie three Days in Vinegar, then dry the same in the Sun three Days, and it will be very hard.

68. Cast Brimstone into a Chassing Dish with hot burning Coals, and hold a red Rose over the Smoak thereof, and it will be white Smoak by for the coals.

69. To separate Gold from any Thing gilded. Seeth pure Sulphur Vive, called quick Brimstone, in Water, until Half the Water be consumed, then wet the Party gilded with that Water; then dry it at the Fire; then strike the same gilded Place with a little Iron, and the Gold will fall from it.—This I had out of an old written Book.

70. To prove or find out the Event of any that is fick. Count the Days from the beginning of his or her Sickness, and take the Root of an Herb which hath so many Leaves, as the Number of the same Days be; tie it or hang it up, and if the Disease be curable, the Party will be much recreated; if not, then the Party will be sad; but if you cannot find any

any Herb that hath to many Leaves, put the Roots of divers Herbs together, the Leaves whereof toge-ther, do perfectly make up the Number of the faid Days, from the beginning of the Party's Sickness; and use them as above said.

71. The Blood of a Hare dried, doth help and . flay the Bloody Flux, or any other Lax, though it be never to fore or extreme; fo doth the Bones of a Man or Woman, made into fine Powder, and taken

in sed Wine.

72. An easy Plaister for the Gout, but not a little effectual, because I, saith John Arden, have oftentimes applied it, as well to Women as to Men; and have taken away their great Pains with once applying it, as well in the Feet as in the Knees, and other Joints. But take Heed it be not perceived of the Patient, nor of any other; but it ought to be kept more secret and dear, and let it be revealed to none but to thy Son, or to any well beloved Friend. I do think it prevails above all other Medicines in the Gout, and eafeth the Pain sooner, and ought to lie five or fix Days without any moving of it, if it can be so applied; it is made thus; Take of black Sope as much as is fufficient, whereunto add of the Yolks of raw Eggs, half as much as the Soap, and mix them well together in a Difh, until the Soap hath loft its proper Colour; which done, lay thereof upon fine Flax, and spread it like a Plaister, and apply it to the grieved Place; then take the Whites of Eggs, mixed with Wheat Flour, and wet a Linen Cloth well in the same, and lay the same upon the faid Plaister, and tie it well upon it, that the Plaister remove not away of all the faid Time, unless there be great Occasion .- This is proved.

73. If you feeth Barley, dry Beans, and Liquorice

cut in Pieces, of each a like much, all together in fair Water, and drink a good Draught thereof with fome Sugar every Morning fasting, and every Night when going to Bed, five or fix Days together, or more, it will deftroy an Imposthume, and shall thereby avoid or cast out the fame. - Proved. key the Blood of the first when I are the first

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NOTABLE THINGS.

FILL an Egg full of the Juice of Agrimony, and give it unto the Patient to drink, who you sufpect to have drank Poison, and it will mightily purge upward all the Poison; with a wonderful facility healeth the biting of Serpents, and other ve-

nomous Beafts. - Pet. Hispanus.

2. This Oil or Balm following, is of a marvellous Virtue against Trembling and the Palfy, and it helpeth the Memory, anointing the hinder Part of the Head therewith; which a most singular Physician kept private to himself for some Time, as a most precious Secret, who in the End revealed it to the Author; whereof the making followeth. Take of Galbanum one Pound; (in another Place I have it Half a Pound) of Gum Ivy three Ounces; these, sinely beaten apart, mix together, which after put into a Glass Bottle with an Head, and distil it in Balneo Marill; after it is distilled mix therewith one Ounce of the Oil of Bays, and one Pound of good Turpentine; then let the Whole be distilled, and separate the Water from the Oil, and keep the

Oil as a precious Balm. The Use of this is, that the Patient vexed with the Palfy, Convulsion, the Cramp, and Trembling of the Members, be laid on his Back, and the Oil temperately hot, poured upon the Belly, into the Hollow and Bottom of the Navel, and you shall see, after a marvellous working, that may rather be counted divine than natural, and very much helpeth the Palfy, and strengtheneth the Memory, used as before. A certain Practitioner applied one Drop of this Oil on the Patient's Forehead that had the Palfy, and another on his Navel. and he incontinently arole, as amazed, and was after one Hour delivered of a grievous Pain of a Wound in a certain Place of his Body; and the shrunken Sinews being anointed with this Oil, the Patient was suddenly healed, &c. This Oil helpeth Deafness proceeding from a cold Cause, and helpeth besides, the Lois of Smelling .- Arnoldus de Villa Nova I take to be the Author thereof.

3. It is a most sure proved Remedy, as well in curing spitting of Blood, as also in preserving from the same, every Day in the Morning fasting to eat a Scruple (which is the Weight of sour and twenty Barley Corns) of Rhubarb roasted at the Fire.—Emperica Benedicis Faventini.

a. Bay Salt well beaten into Powder and fifted, and incorporated or mixed well with the Yolk of an Egg, and so laid upon any Carbuncle, Plague, fore Botch, Boil, or Incosthume, afforedly, by the Grace of God, it will draw to itself all the Venom of the Plague, or the Sore, and break any Boil, or other Thing, so that in a fhort Time, the same will be healed — A tried Thing.

5. If the Forehead of the fick wax red, and his left Eye become little, and the Corner of his Eye run, and his Brows fall down, and his Nose wax sharp cold; if he turn to the Wall, it his Ears be

cold, or if he may fuffer no Brightness; and if his Belly fall, if he will pull Straws, or the Cloaths of his Bed; or if he pick often his Notirils with his Fingers, and if he wake much, these are most certain Tokens of Death.

6. Pottage made of the Leaves and Roots of Strawberries, being eaten falling, certain Days, of them that have the Jaundice, doth help them perfectly.—This was the Secret of a certain Monk, where-

with he got marvellous much Money.

7. Take a little of the Fat or Leaf of a Hog. and rub it with a Stone, or other convenient Thing. dimensional upon the Lead of a House or Gutter, till it is very black, and anoint the Place therewith twice or piles thrice a Day.

8. Juniper Berries are medicinable against Poifon; for there is none of like Operation unto it. And Dioscorides saith also, that they do help against Poisons and Stingings of Serpents.—Per. Hispanus.

9. As principle a Medicine as ever was ordained for the Bone Ach, either in Men or Women, in what Place foever it be. Take a Pennyworth of Aqua Vitæ, and another of Oil de Bay, and mix them together, and anoint the grieved Place therewith hot by the Fire, and it will take away the Pain for ever, using it often; but you must warm the Ointment a little in a Saucer, before you lay it on, and chafe it well until it be dried in; and cover it warm at all Times, until it be whole.—Thus I found it written.

10. Agrimony, Mugwort, and Betony, both Leaves and Roots stamped with old Greafe and Vinegar or Verjuice; and a Plaister thereof applied to the grieved or fore-pained Back, will quite put away Pains and Griefs thereof, so that you use it three or four Times. — A sure and proved Medicine,

faith Mixaldus.

11. If you will catch Moles or Wants, put Garlick, Leek, or an Onion in the Month of their Holes, or in their Enterings into the Ground, and you shall see them come or leap out quickly, as the they were amazed or assembled.—Albertus.

12. If the Fistula be outward, put into it the Juice of Culverfoot, for it healeth it. If inward, drink it, and it healeth also.—This is true, for it bath

been proved.

13. For them that have furfeited or eaten too much, let them stamp Betony, and temper it with hot Water and a little Wine, then strain it well, and drink a good Druaght thereof Morning and Evening, first and last, three Days together, and it will thoroughly help them, God willing.—This was told

me for a Truth.

14. For all Evils of the Stomach, and for them that cannot eat. Take an Herb called Centaury, and feeth it well in stale Ale; and when it is well solden, stamp it; after that, seeth it again in the same Ale; let there be two Handfuls of Centaury, to three Quarts of Ale; and let them seeth as aforesaid, to three Pints, then put thereto one Pint of pure Honey, boil them together, and keep it in some close clean Vessel; give the Party grieved three Spoonfuls thereof sasting, every Day, till he be whole and well, for it drives away the Phlegm and Corruption from the Stomach, and makes him have a great Desire to his Meat, within sour or five Days.—Often proved.

15. The Powder of Betony put in Wine, that is, a Spoonful of the Powder to a Draught of Wine, a little boiled on the Fire, and drank, doth presently help such as have drank Poison before. Whosever drinks the same in the Morning fasting, no Poison tasted after the same Day can hurt him.—This is

proved.

16. The Dung of a Cat dried, and so mixed with firong Vinegar, that it may be something thick, and therewith any hairy Place rubbed oftentimes, or anointed in the Day, it will cause that Hair to grow no more in that Place, — Proved of a Countryman,

faith Mixaldus. Nasty Dog.

17. This Potion or Drink following is wonderful, and very often proved of me, faith Petrus Hifpanus, for it killeth the Fiftula, in what Place foever is be, and draweth out the corrupt and broken Bones. Take the Roots and Leaves of Plantain. Strawberry Leaves, the Leaves or Seeds of Hemp. the Leaves or Seeds of Mustard, the Tops of sharp Docks, and Colewort Leaves, and Tanfey; let them all feeth in a good Quantity of white Wine; after frain the whole, and put into the firainings as much Honey as shall be thought meet. Give thereof unto the Patient, early and late, until such Time as the clear Potion or Drink come forth by the Mouth of the Fiftula, which always must be kept open with a Silver Pipe put into it, and kept upon it always a red Colewort Leaf. It is of a wonderful operation .- Petrus Hispanus, and I myself, bare proved it, and bealed in fuch Manner as is before declared. His a precious Thing.

18. Snap Dragons bound to the Privaties of a Woman in Labour, causeth her to be delivered incontinent; but there must be heed taken, that it be quickly removed, lest it draw forth the Matrix

withal .- Petrus Hifpanus,

19. Here followeth an excellent Oil, which maketh a fair Colour in the Face. Take of Almonds feraped, ten Pounds; of red Sanders in powder fix Ounces; of Cloves one Ounce; of white Wine four Ounces; of Rose Water three Ounces; these, after they be grolly beaten together, let them lie in a marble Mortar, close covered, for eight or nine Days,

Days, beating the same over once a Day; then beat it all in an earthen Vessel, antil it begin to sume, and be thorough hot; and after that put it into a new square Bag of Linen Cloth; then put the same Bag into a Press, between two smooth Plates of Iron something hot; for out will come a red Oil, wherewith Women may anoint their Faces, for it causeth a comely, red, sine beautiful Skin.—A Secret, and practifed of few. This is in the new Jewel of Health, a Book of much Value and small Price.

20. The Grease of an Eel, and the Juice of Singreen, mixed together, of each a like Quantity, boiled a little, and a little thereof put into the deaf Ear, nine Nights together, will bring the Hearing

again as well as ever it was.

21. Take Sal Armoniac, Allum, and Sal Nitre, of each a like Quantity, with a little Filings of Silver; let all be mixed together, then put them into the Fire, that they may be hot, and when they shall cease to smoke, then with the same Powder alone, or else mixed or moistened with the Spittle of your Mouth, let Copper or Brass be rubbed therewith, and straightway it will have the Colour of Silver.—Proved.

22. Plantain stamped, and the Juice wrung out, and put into the Hollowness of an Ulcer with a Syringe, healeth the same. So doth Betony, stamped and applied to a Fistula, healeth it. The Juice of Cinque Foil, doth heal the Fistula likewise, if it be

put into the same with a Syringe.

23. To separate Gold from any Thing that is gilded. Take Borace, and temper it in Water, then boil it over the Fire, and with the same Water anoint the Thing that is gilded, and cast thereon a a little of the Powder of quick Brimstone; after put it into the Fire, that it may be made red hot, then

quench it in running Water, and you shall find the Gold in the Bottom of the Veffel.

24. For any Pain in the Ears, and for them that cannot hear. Take a great Onion, cut a Hole therein, and fer it in the Embers to roal, then fill it full of Oil Olive, and ever as it drieth, fill it up again. till it be roafted well, then take away the uppermost Skin thereof, and strain the Onion through a Cloth, and keep it in some close Glass, and when you will occupy thereof, put some of it into the whole Ear, and let him lie on his fore Ear when he goes to Bed; and if he use this nine Nights at the furthest. it will help him.

25. For the Fundament that goeth forth. Take the Tops of red Nettles, and stamp them in a Mortar, put it into an earthen Pot, and add thereto a good Portion of white Wine, then fet it over the Fire, and let it feeth till Half the Liguer be con-fumed. Give the Party discased a page Draught thereof, fomething hot, to drink, Morning and Evening, first and last, for the Space of ten Days, and also apply the Herbs something warm to his Fundament, and it will help him perfectly.

26. For the Eyes that be chafed, and the Lide turned up, bleared Eyes. Take Arnament, Honey. and the White of Eggs; of each a like Quantity : temper them well together, then take Flax and lay the same thereon, and apply it upon the fore Eyes, and it will draw the evil Blood out of them, and perfectly hear them .- This Medicine bath been proved.

27. This following is a Secret, and an approved Remedy for the Palfy, whereof if you give thrice in the Day to him that bath the Palfy, Half an Ounce, that is, in the Morning three Hours before Meat, and two Hours before Supper, and at his going to Bed, it will help him thereof. Take of the new. and fresh Brain of an Hare, boiled or fried, one

Pound:

Pound; the Juice of Sage, of Herb Ivy, and the Juice of the Root of Acorns, of each three Drachms; of pure Cinnamon, Cloves, black Pepper, of each Half a Drachm; Turpentine, washed with the Water of Herb Ivy, three Ounces; Sugar, dissolved in the Water of Herb Ivy, as much as doth suffice; and thereof make an Electuary according to Art, and know that it is marvellous.—Emperica Benedictic Victorii Faventini.

28. To help swoln Legs. Take Mallows, seeth them in Water, samp them well, and strain them; put thereto Barrow's Grease; fry them together until it be something thick, and like an Ointment; lay some thereof upon a Cloth, and make a Plaister, and apply to the fore and swoln Leg, and lay a new Plaister thereto twice every Day, Morning and Evening, three or four Days together, and by that Time it will be assuged, and as small as the other.

This was told me by a Woman that had tried it many Times.

29. To put a Schedule or little Writing in an Egg. Lay an Egg certain Days in strong Vinegar, until it be soft, then write your Name, or what you list, in a Piece of Paper, and fold the Paper as hard together as you can, then with a Razor cut the same Egg in the Top, finely and advisedly, through the which put the little Paper into the Egg circumsspectly, then put the Egg into cold Water, and immediately the Shell will be as hard as it was be-

fore. - A proper Secret.

30. For the Web or Spot in the Eye. Take the great Bone of the Goofe Wing, the older the better, forthough it be a Year old, it is not the worfe, break it and take out the Marrow that is within it, then put fome of it upon the Web or Spot, and it will break it and fave the Sight.—Proved.

31. The Virtues of Tormentil, This Herb com-

forteth the Sight, and cleanfeth the Body of divers Maladies. The Powder thereof is good to clarify the Sight of the Eyes, though one be blind; and this Herb is drest in this Manner. Take the Herb with the Root, and seeth it with white Wine, till the third Part be fodden away, and give him that is blind, to drink of this Liquor nine Days in the Morning cold, and at Night blood warm, and within that Time he will recover his Sight (by God's Grace:) but if the Sight of the Eye be hurt, take also the Herband stamp it, seeth it in white Wine, with a little Water put into the Wine; then lay or fpread the Herbs on a linen Cloth, and bind it upon his Eye or Eyes, and it brings a wonderful Help. If thou flamp this Herb with the Root, a good Quantity, and put it into a little Vessel full of Wine. and let it remain therein three Months, who foever drinks often of this Wine, though he hath been blind nine Years, he will recover his Sight again,-This I had out of an old written Book, which doth much agree with Pet. Hispanus in this Case, whose Mind thereof I have mentioned in another Place of this Book.

32. Fundament fallen. Put it up with a warm wet Dishelout, then flatten a roasted Onion, and bind it

per Corns in your Mouth, and drive them down

with Beer .- W. M.

34. This following is a fecret and approved Medicine for them that are fhort breathed, very good for the Poor because it is not costly. Take of the Roots of Hollihock dried in the shade, one Pound, made in fine Powder ; clarified Honey four Pound; feeth them over a Fire, and fir them together until it be in the Form of an Electuary, whereof let

the Patient take often, and he will be whole. -- Em-

perica Benedici Victorii Faventini.

35. A perfect fure proved Remedy, and a rare Secret for helping of Womens Breaks that are fwoln, and full of Pain, which was revealed to me by an old Woman, who faid that the Lady Owen, Doctor Owen's Wife, used it to Women in this Case very much, who kept it as a Secret. Stamp or bruile nine little Worms, of fome called Swine Lice, which commonly will be found between the Bark and the Wood of old dry Trees, which have many Feet, and being touched, they become as round as a Button. in eight or nine Spoonfuls of Drink; let them remain therein all Night, and the eighth Morning firain the fame Drink, and let the difeafed Women drink the fame a little warmed at one Draught, and then let her lay to her Breast a two or threefold linen Cloth warmed; the next Morning let her take eight of the fame little Worms in drink, in such Order as before; and the third Morning feven; and the fourth Morning fix; and fo, every Morning fellowing, one less, until nine Mornings be ended, on which ninth Morning the must take but one of them, as it will fall out by decreasing one every Day; and if the be not then thoroughly whole of her Break, let her increase every Morning one immediately following, until the hath received nine at one Time, according to the Order before appointed .- A rare and notable Thing, if it be true, for I never proved it.

36. For the swelling of Arms, Legs, or Feet. Take Linseed, Wheat Bran, Brooklime, Chicken Weed, Groundsel, of each one Handful, and one Pottle of white Wine; seeth them all together, till it be thick, and lay a Plaister thereof to the Place that is swell, as hot as the Party can suffer the seme, and it will take it away, and help him with three or

four Plaisters .- Proved.

Ort

37. To help a stinking Breath that comes from the Stomach. Take two Handfuls of Cummin Seed, and beat it to Powder, then seeth it in a Pottle of white Wine, until a Quart thereof be wasted away, then give the Party a good Draught thereof, first and last, as hot as he may suffer it, and it will make him have a sweet Breath within fisteen Days.—This is proved.

38. Put the Feet of a Hen in hot Embers, till the Scales or Skin thereof be separated or shrunk from the Legs, and with the same Skin, warm, rub Warts three or four Times or more, and it will drive them

away .- Pet. Hispanus.

39. If you will do away, or confume a Wen, do as followeth. Bind fast the Wen, then take Verdigrease, Brimstone, Soap, Oil of Eggs, Allum, and Honey, of each a like Quantity, temper them together, and lay it thereto, will do away the Wen, and heal it.

40. A fingular Oil, and very rare, which causeth a comely Face, and maketh the Person merry which useth it; yea, strong and hardy to fight; the making whereof doth follow. Take one Pound or two of Hempfeed, which, after finely beating thereof. fprinkle and wet it with a little Wine, then put all the fame into a new earthen Pan glazed, and fet it over the Fire; heat it so long until you cannot fuffer your Hand in it; after, put the same Substance hot into square Bags, which wring hard out in a Press, and an Oil will come forth very profitable, whereof if any drinketh, to the Quantity of an Ounce at a Time, it maketh him pleasant and merry; and if a Soldier drink it, it will make him both herce and hardy to fight, without any Fear or Doubt of his Enemy; and also, it is profitable to Women, in that it maketh them merry, and comely to see too; and in this Manner you may draw out

Oil out of all Seeds. This is in the New Jewel of Health.

41. A notable and often proved Medicine for a Sciatica, Ach, Gout, or other Pain or Grief. Take a Pint of pure Aqua Composita, one Beast's Gall, and one Ounce of Pepper beaten into Powder; boil them all together, until Half-the Aqua Vitæ be consumed; then lay some thereof on a Cloth like a Plaister, and apply it something hot to the grieved Place, and let it lie twelve Hours unremoved, and so do thus sour or sive Times, if need be, for it is a

fute Help.

42. A precious Water for Eyes that be fair and clear, and yet are blind. Take Smallage, red Fennel, Rue, Vervain, Betony, Egrimony, Five-leaved Grass, Pimpernel, Eye-bright, Sage, Celandine, of each one Quarter of a Pound, wash them clean, and flamp them in a fair brazen Mortar, or in a Pan; then take the Powder of fifteen Pepper Corns, finely fearced, and a Pint of good white Wine, and do them to the Herbs; and also take three Spoonfuls of live Honey, and fifteen Spoonfuls of the Urine of a Boy that is an Innocent, and mix then all together, and boil them over the Fire a little while, and firain all through a Cloth, and keep in a Glass well stopped, until you occupy it; and with a Feather do it into the fore Eye; and if it dry away, temper it with white Wine again. This is a Medicine for all Manner of Evils of fore Eves, to make a Man Ice, if ever he shall see, within fifteen Days, on warrantife, by the Grace of God .- This I took out of an ancient written Book.

43. For the Cods that are swoln. Take the Powder of Cummin Seed, Barley Meal, and Honey, of each a like much; fry them together with a little Sheep Suct, and bind the same, as a Plaister, all

about the Cods, and it will help.

44. This

or any Fellons. Lay first thereto some Posset Curd, and let it not be removed in twelve Hours, and that will gather the Matter together, and make it tender; but if once applying the Posset Gurd, do it not, then apply thereof to it twice or thrice; then take unquenched Lime, and cast upon it some fair spring Water, and mix the same with black Soap, and lay to the Sore a Piece thereof, according to the greatness that you would have the Hole of the Sore to be; and when that is broke, then wash it in white Wine a little heated, and so heal it with sweet Butter, and Rowder of Sugar mixed together.— This is a little and brown Thing, saith Mixaldus.

45. A noble Secret for all incursole Aons, and Pains in the joints, wherever they be. Take all the whole florn that a Buck cast off, the later the butter; call away the Scaup, take nothing but the Horn, cut the fame in Shivers or Pieces, then feeth the fame in a Gallon of fair Water, until all be come to a Pint, or fomething more; then call away the Pieces of the Horn, and then let that in she Vessel stand still until it be gold, which then will be like a Jelly; and when you will occupy thereof, warm fome of it in a Saucer, or fome o her conve nient Thing, and then anoint the grieved Place therewith by the Fire, Morning and Evening, and let it drink in, by the Heat of the Fire, and it will heal it thoroughly for ever (God willing) within nine or ten Dreffings.

46. For Iwola or fore Throats a rate and fure Remedy. Rub your Hands on the bare Earth or Ground, and then rub therewith the fore or Iwola Throat; if prefently you do thus three several Times, the Swelling and Pain will marvellously go away.—This was laught on by a Friend of mine, that did know it to be true.

There tried it and find it which An

A7. An excellent Remedy for a great Heat and Pricking in the Eyes. Fill an Egg-shell, newly emptied, with the Juice of Singreen, and let it in hot Embers, and foum off the green Baggage from it, and then it will be a Water; then strain it, and put some of it into the hot Eyes, sour or sive Nights together, and it will cease the burning and pricking thereof quickly.

48. A wonderful Drink against Bruises, and it helpeth such marvellously that are bruised through falling. Take Egrimony, Betony, Sage, Plantain, Ivy Leaves, and Rose Parsley, stamp them together, and mix Wine thereto; give the Patient often to drink till he be whole.—A true Medicine, I think

that Pet. Hifpanus bath the fame.

49. If you burn four Ounces of Turpentine upon a hot or burning Plate or Iron, until it may be made in Powder, and then mix two Drachms thereof with four Ounces of the Water of Saxifrage, and give it twice a Week, early in the Morning, to them that have the Stone in their Bladder, and fo continue it two Months, he shall not only be preserved from breeding of the Stone in the Bladder, but also it will burst and drive forth the Stone bred there already.—This is proved, and a Secret to be kept well in Mind. Emperica Benedicii Victorii Faventini.

50. If Lavender be well fod in Water and frained, Half a Pint thereof drank deily, first and last, for the Space of a Fortnight, it will heal them that have the Palfy.—This was found in an old written Book.

Diseases, and chiefly for the Stomach. Mix two Spoonfuls of Sallet Oil with two Spoonfuls of pure Aqua Vitze, and drink all the same in the Morning at one Time; do so fix or seven Mornings together. It is a notable and often proved Thing.

52. For the Strangury, a strange Medicine. Take

a Pint of good Aqua Composits, put a good Handful of Ivy Leaves therein; keep the Vessel well stopped, and the Ivy Leaves will confume therein; use to drink of the same; three or four Spoonfuls at a Time, Morning and Evening, first and last, sive or fix Days together, you shall see a marvellous

Help thereof.

Ach in the Huckle Bone, called Sciatica. Take a Pound of good black Soap, one Pint of good Aqua Vitæ, Half a Pint of Sallad Oil, and a Quarter of a Pint of the Juice of Rue; feeth them, and flir them all cogether over an easy Fire, until it be thick, and then it may be made into a Plaister, and then spread some thereof upon a Piece of Leather, and apply it to the Ach or pained Place, and let it lie thereon unremoved three Days and Nights; and if the Pain be not then gone, then apply such another Plaister thereto, and remove it not off so long, and it will help it certainly.—This was told me by one that knew it often proved. Mizaldus confirms the lame.

of the proved. Mizaldus confirms the fame.

54. The Powder of lump Sugar put into a Bloodthotten Eye, or that is fomething dim of Sight, it
helps the fame, and amends the Sight very well;
especially if you put afterward a little Rose Water
into the Eye.—This I have proved oftentimes to be
true; yea, and I think, if it were used, it would con-

fume the web of the Eye at length.

55. Black Sheep's Wool, mixed and chafed by the Fire with fresh Butter, and the deaf Ear stopped therewith at Night, and thus used nine or ten Nights together, it helpeth Deafness persectly and speedily.— A proved Thing, faith Mixaldus.

56. Here followeth a notable and excellent Aqua Vitæ. Take Galengale Cucubarum, Gingor, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, of each one Ounce; fresh Sage, four Ounces; Water that is distilled by Times out of pure and good Wine, ten Onnces; put them all together, and let them remain fo, in a close, clean Vessel three Days; then distil the same, and keep that that is distilled in a clean and close Velfel. Whofoever drinks a Nut-shell full of this Water every Day, it will preferve their Bodies marvelloufly, and keep them from many Difeases, and bring them to old Age. - M. Gallius, Phylician to Charles the Emperor, used this Water, and lived an Hundred and twenty-four Years. George a Lapide dewifed this Water.

57. If you defire to have sweet Water forthwith, or by and by, put two or three Drops of Oil of Spike in a good deal of pure Water, and chafe it together in a Glass with a narrow Mouth .- Luco-

nimus.

58. An excellent Oil for cold Achs. Take the Wood of Ivy dried, out the Wood in little Pieces, and of the Berries and Gum of Ivy, of each a like Weight; let them be put in an earthen Vessel, bored through in the Bottom in two or three Places, then let another Pot be fet under it in the Larth, and join the Bottom of the upper Pot unto the Mouth of the other with Clay or Paste, and the upper Pot must stand wholly above the Ground; then make a Fire on every Side, and the Oil will distil black into the other Vessel. This Oil, before all Oils, ceaseth the Griefs of the Joints of a cold Caule. This is proved to be a notable Oil in this Gase. Rogerius seems to be the Author hereof, as appears by Evonimus.

59. If you put out the White of a Hen's Egg, and fill up the fame Egg with the Juice of the Fleur de Luce, and mix the Yolk and it well together, then warming it a little in the hot Ashes, and fo give it in the Morning to them that have the Dropfy it will avoid downward the Dropfy Water Much above Measure .- This is proved to be Trush. like

like unto this Benedictus Victorius Faventinus writes for the fame Caufes, but he appoints the Juice to be given with Mellirate.

oo. A proper Practice to make a Capon to bring up young Chicken. Take a Capon, pull his Belly bare of Reathers, and after rub the maked Place with Nettles; then fetting young Chicken under him, he will marvellonly cherish them, and bring them kindly up; and the rather, if you use him thus for a Time; for by that Means, he is moved the more willingly to cherish, bring up, and feed, yea, and to love them as a Hen would do naturally; and the Reason thereof is, for that by the pricking of the Nettles, he is the rather desirous to couch on the lost Down and Feathers of the young Chicken sitting under him.—This I had out of the Natural and Artificial Conclusions of the Schelars of Padua, translated into English by Thomas Hill.

61. The Water wherein Lavender is fod, dother quite put away any Spot or Staining in any Cloth, Cap, or Hat, if the stained or spotted Place be washed or subbed therewith.—It is very true.

62. To make any Fowl, of what Condition the fame be, to have the Feathers all white. Take the Eggs of what Bird or Fowl you will, roll them in the Juice of the Herb called Mousear, or in the Juice of Houseleek, or otherwise in Oil (after the Mind of Cardanus) and after put the Eggs again in the Neft; for after the Hatching, the Feathers will grow white.—This is taken out of the Natural and Artificial Conclusions of the Scholars of Padua, inclined by Thomas Hill.

63. This Confection following is a most excellent Medicine and Remedy for many inward Effects, especially for all Fluxes of Blood, from whencesoever they flow, and also other Fluxes; moreover, for them that have great Pains in their Back and Liver,

or whose Liver is not altogether well. And Galen, the Author hereof faith the like, for the Excellency of it. Give not this before thou half received a Reward therefor, the making whereof doth follow. Take of Cinnamon, Caffia Lignes, Opium, of each two Drachms; Myrrh, both Peppers, Galbanum, of each one Drachm : let them be flamped and mixed with a little clarified Honey, and made in a little Lump or Mass. Give thereof at Night two round Pills, fomething bigger than a Pea, in the foft of a roafted Apple, and let not the Party drink for two Hours after; and if his Grief or Pains be ever fo great, he will be in marvellous Ease and Quietness. within an Hour or two after, and fo remain the most Part of all the Night; yea, and perhaps, sleep foundly and well. You may give it two or three Nights together, if the Party be frong; but if he be very weak, give it every other Night, three or four Times; if the Party be in extreme Pain, then give it when you lift; but if the Stomach be full of Meat, or Phlegm, it will thew the less Effect. Whofoever shall prove it will find it a worthy Thing .--I bave proved it an Hundred Times.

64. A fine Way to make Coral by Art, which followeth. Take the Horns of Goats, shave and scrape them into Powder, and let the same steep in strong Lee made of the Ashes of the Wood of an Ash, sifteen Days together; afterward/take it out of the said Lee, and mix it with Cinabrium dissolved in Water, and hang it over an easy Fire, until it be thick, and if it have then the Colour of right Coral, make it in the Form or Fashion you think good, dry it and polish it according to Art.—This doth

Mixaldus de feribe.

65. The Juice gotten out of a red Onion, and three or four Drops thereof put into the deaf Ear cold, three or four Nights when the Party goes to Bed.

Bed, helpeth the Deafness be it ever so great or ancient. Fear not, though it put you to much Pain at the first Time, for at the second Time it will be

more easy:

66. To make a Woman that hath a dead Child within her, immediately to be delivered thereof. Take the Quantity of an Almond of a Bull's Gall, mix it with two Spoonfuls of Wine, and let her drink it, and the shall avoid it straight.— Jacobus Meckerus.

67. Divide an Apple in the Midst, and in one Half of the Apple in the Midst of it make a round Hole, by cutting a Piece out of it, then into the same Hole put a black Beetle, and so lay the flat Side on the Table, and the Apple will move by the Means of the Beetle, to the Marvel of them that be-

hold it.

68. Take an Apple of Coloquintida, and lay the fame to steep in Water a whole Night, and after, boil Wormwood in the Water, which Water being east about the Chamber, killeth all the Fleas therein. Also anoint a Staff with the Grease of a Hedge-hog, and lay the same in the Midst of the Chamber, and all the Fleas there, will come and cleave to that Staff.

69. If Roses and Lillies be fown nigh together, or that they touch one another, the Flowers of them will small the more pleasantly, and will grow the

better .- Mizaldus

70. Baits to catch Fish must have four Properties; they must small well, and that makes them come from remote Places, such as Annifeed, Juice of Panace, and Cummin is best of them all. Secondly, they must taste well, that thereby they may be deceived, for which use Blood, especially Hog's Blood, these and Wheat Bread. Thirdly, the Bait must sume to the Head, to make them drunk, as Aqua Vita, Lees of Wine. Lastly, it must make them

fenseless, such as Marigold Flowers, for that Herb which bears yellow Flowers will make great Fish attonished in one Hour's Time; so will Lime, so will the Juice of all the Tithymals, and Nux Vomica, but nothing better than Coculus Indicus.

71. This Composition is tried to be certain to catch fish. Take a Quarter of an Ounce of Oriental Berries, Cummin Seeds, and Aqua Vitæ, or each a fixth Part of an Ounce; Cheese one Ounce; Wheat Meal three Ounces; make little Pellets, beating all

together. - Cardanus.

72. An excellent Oil following for Wounds and Ulcers, Achs, Pains of the Back, and Emrods therewith; and it is marvellous good for the Gout. The making of the Oil is thus. Take of the most pure and oldest white Wine one Quart; of the oldest Oil Olive three Pounds; Cardous Benedictus (called the bleffed Thiftle) Valerian, and the leffer Sage, with the Flowers if you can get them, of each a Quarter of a Pound; of the Leaves and Flowers of St. John's Wort Haif a Pound; let the Herbs and Flowers be infuled or fleeped in the faid Wine or Oil twentyfour Hours, then the next Day let all be put into an earthen Veffel leaded, or a Veffel of Brais, upon an only Fire, until the Wine be confumed, moving it fill, being over the Fire; then being taken from the Fire and strained, put thereto of Venus Turpentine a Pound and a Half; then let all boil together a Quarter of an Hour; then put thereto Olibanum five Ounces; Myrch three Ounces; Sanguis Dragonie one Ounce; and let all boil till the Myrrh be diffolved; then put it into a Vessel or Glass Ropped, and let it stand in the Sun ten Days. Before you use this Oil you must wash the Sores of Wounds with white Wine, wherein mult be the Powder of Olibanum, -I b written this bere, because I think thereby many shall be medicants had be gillal maximisto

Knowledge of this precious Oil, which otherwise should

never bave beard it.

about thy Legs and Thighs.

74. A Purge to cleanse the Blood. Of Cream of Tartar two Ounces, 8d | Jalap, in fine Powder, half an Ounce, 3d; Powder of Brimttone Half an Ounce, id; mix them together in a Mortar; then put a Quarter of a Pound of Honey or Treacle, which you will, into a Gallipot, and mix the Powder with it very well; swallow as much of your Purge early in the Morning, as the Bigness of a Nutmeg, or as much as gives two or three Stools a Day, and you need not keep House; but it must be continued till the Distemper is abated, which is most effectual at Spring or Fall, as other Purges are. It carries all offending Humours out at the back Door, Note, if you take this Purge chiefly for the Head Ach, Desiners, &c. mix with it, first, one Drachm of grated white Bridny Roots. If for Rheum in the Eves, or Pearls therein, you must wet your Eyes with the fuice or Sap of Halle, thus to be had, cut a small Wand from the Root of a Hazle Tree, let a Man hold the great End fail in a Pot or Glass, and let another begin at the Top, and twill it frongly, little and little, as for a Faggot Band. - M. M. 278.

75. A fweet Water, and unknown, whereof one Part mixed with ten Quarts of pure Water, maketh the whole most sweet. Take Nutmegs, Cloves, Galingale, Spikenard, Grains of Paradice, Mace, Cinnamon, of each one an Ounce; pound or stamp them all, add thereto twenty Grains of Mulk or less, as you delight in the smell thereof; pour into them a Pound and a Half of Rose Water; then let them to remain in a close Vellel four or five Days; then put thereto thrice as much Role Water, and distil all the same in a Pot or Kettle full of Water, seeth-

ing it in Balneo Maria, Put the distilled Water in a Glass well stopt, to the Use aforesaid .- Euwonimus. 76. It is faid that a Hare doth live ten Years; the Age of a Cat is fo much; a Goat doth live eight Years, an Als thirty Years, a Stag or Buck a thoufand Years, a Sheep ten Years; but the Bell-weather many Times doth live fifteen Years; a Dog fourteen, but sometimes twenty; a Bull fifteen; but an Ox, because he lacks his Stones, doth live twenty; a Swan and Peacock twenty-five; a Horle twenty, and oftentimes thirty; there have been Horses that have lived fifty Years; Pigeons live naturally eight Years, a Turde and a Partridge twenty-five Years; and alfoa Ringdove, which fometimes lives forty Y cars a Blackbird and a Crow three Hundred Years. Mizaldus Brans Mt Migallus - 300 years 77. The Body of a Birch Tree cut or fcored the Spring Time going before, doth yield great Plenty of Water, which Water, being drank, hath a marvellous Strength to break the Stone in the Reins .-Manbeelus upon Diescorides writes it.

THE END OF THE NINTH BOOK.

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NOTABLE THINGS.

THE smell of Bitumen raw, or the Smoke thereof burning, received by the Nose of such as
are grievously tormented with the Pains of the Mother, is a present Remedy. Whereof many Women
that are grieved with that Disease, do hang it about
their Neck in Wool, that they may drive away their
Fits, by the often swelling thereof.—Mizaldur corites
this, and the learned Doctor Monardus affirms the like
thereof.

2. The Sparrow-Hawk is a fierce Enemy to all Pigeons; but they are defended of the Castrel, whose Sight and Voice the Sparrow-Hawk doth Fear, which the Pigeons, or Doves, know well enough; for where the Castrel is, from thence will not the Pigeons go (if the Sparrow-Hawk be nigh) through the great Trust she hath in the Castrel, her Defender.—Johannes Baptista Porta bath swritten this.

3. The Leaves of a Willow Tree, as also the Bark thereof fod in Wine, doth help them that have the Gout, if they be fomented or bathed therewith.

4. Three-

4. Three half-penny Weight of the Powder of an Adamant Stone drank with the Juice of Fennel, draws the Water from them that have the Dropfy. And the same Stone put to the Head, takes quite away all the Pains thereof — Jacobus Hollerius, an excellent Physician, affirms it.

5. Pieces of Amber being put or tied to the hinder Part of the Head, do help the running or watriness of the Eyes, with marvellous Success; and, hanged about the Neck, do hinder Distillations, that they go not down by the Throat.—Mizaldus. Besides that,

it is proped to be true.

6. Whosever will have a very white and delicate Skin, let them boil or heat Litharge of Silver in Vinegar distilled, and wash therewith their Skin, which they desire to have fair, trim, and white.—

This I took out of Mizaldus.

7. Oats sodden, and the hot Fame thereof close received, on any lame Members, either Arms, Legs, or any other, and the said Members put and holden a good while in the same sodden Oats, when they may be suffered therein, and the same Order used four or five Times, if need be, doth help them perfectly that be same.—This was told me for a very Truth by them that knew it, and saw it tried. Mizaldas.

8. If one that have the Dropfy, or Jaundice, shall drink their Urine for certain Days together, it will help them marvellously.

g. Steep a Thread in Oil and Brimstone mixed together, and compass a Glass with that Thread in that Place where you would have it broken even, or parted, and after kindle the same Thread with Fire, and do thus so often until the Place of the Glass be hot, and after, compass the same with a Thread wet in cold Water, and it will part so clear assumer, as

though it had been cut with a sharp pointed Diamond.

10. If they that be swoln, and are sull of the Dropsy, do lie three Days and Nights in their Beds, well covered round about in sodden Barley, it helps and cures them perfectly.—This was plaved by them that came very much sixual from Guinea; and one of them that was helped therewith revealed is unto meablish I am consent to publish to the common Commodity of many.

Take two Pound of Water that is diffilled out of good white Wine, as you diffill Aqua Vite, put thereto of the Water of Sage, and the Water of Rosemary, of each five Pound; diffill them together, and when they are distilled, put to the Water distilled, one Ounce of Sage, and as much of Rosemary; and when they are sheep'd together eight Days, strain it, and use it in the curing of Fistulas.—

Euronisms; in subject Books are many excellent Things.

Iz. If you will colour or paint the Briffles of a Swine, with divers Colours, when they be well washed, and sod in Allum Water, let them be put, whilst they be warm, in Water coloured with Saffron, if you will have them yellow; or in the Juice of Elder, or Walwort Berries, if you will have them of a blue Colour; or in Water mixed with Flos zeris, or Verdigrease, if you will have them of a green Colour; and so of other Colours. You may prove them with the Feathers of Birds.

ra. The Powder of Earth Worms. Mice Dung, or of a Hart's Tooth, put into the Holes of Teeth that he Worm eaten, doth pluck them up by the Room, or make them fall out without any other In-

14. If the Stone that is found in the Head of a long Small be made in fine Powder, and blown in the Eye, it puts quite away all Spots thereof, and it destroys the Web in the Eye, and any other Evil in

the fame. - Mizaldus.

15. In the Winter Time, a Spoonful of Aqua Vita, Iweetened with good Sugar, with a little Piece of the porell white Bread put into it, left it should fromble the Brain, or do harm to the Liver, is healthfully given to gross and slegmatick Bodies, that it may concool the Humours, and defend their Bodies from the Lethargy, which is a Forgetfulness, and a losing almost of the Senses, and from the Apoplexy, which is a ceasing as well of the inward Senses, as of the outward, as from old Difeases.—Lemmas.

16. Take a Ring that is hollow round about, in-

16. Take a Ring that is hoflow round about, inco which put Quickfilver, and flop the same fast, that it run not forth; after, heat the Ring somewhat in the Fire, which being hot, lay it on a Table or Stool, and soon after it will leap or dance of itself, until it be cold.

17. Quench hot from in the Juice of Hemlocke, three or four Times, fetting it remain therein every Time all it be cold, and the Iron will be fost. Also Carnane writeth, that if you take Oil, putting it into molten Lead seven Times together, and after quench from red hot in that Oil four or five Times together, it will make it fost.—Aproved Thing, faith Mizaldus.

18. A notable diffiled Water as followeth, worthy to be compared to Gold. Take one Part of Gentain, and two Parts of Centaury, stamp them together, and put Wine to them, and let them foak together five Days, then distill them, and keep the Water distilled in a close clean Vessel. This Water drank Morning and Evening, preserveth the Body from all kind of Diseases; it putteth away all Imposshumes; it maketh a good Colour; it resistes the Plague; it healoth the fick of Phthisic; it voideth

the stated Stomach; it breaketh the Stones in the Reins; it separateth and putteth away the watry Humours of the Spleen; it helpeth the forward Flowers, if it be drank nine Days together in the Morning; and purgeth the Belly; also it purgeth all Choler and corrupt Blood; it healeth all Wounds within the Belly; it cleareth the Sight; it cure's possence Bitings. To the healing of the Wounds, the Powder of Centaury ought to be put to them.— Talin's Book of Waters. Suppositions adjusted this, whith it a courtly work.

19. Put Quickfilver in a Bladder, and lay the Bladder in a hot Place, and it will kip from Place to Place without handling. NO this is one file and

the Skin of the Face, or other Parts of the Body, which is a Secret, and unknown. Pake hx newlaid Eggs, Half a Pound of Malmfey, a young Pigeon not wholly feathered; Half a Pound of new Cheefe, coming from the Press, made of notkimmed Milk; eight Oranges; Oil of Tartar three Ouncer: one Ounce of Cerule, made in line Powder; Gum Arabick and Mastick, of each Half an Ounce; Water of Bean Flower eight Ounces; Rice four Ounces; steeped first a whole Day and a Night in Half a Pint of Cream; cut the Oranges in Pieces, and stamp them a little; then put all together, with the Cream and Rice also, and diffill the same with an eafy fire; and keep the Water distilled in a clean, close stopped Glass, and use to rub or wet the Face therewith every Evening before you go to Bed, and every Morning wash it clean with Water distilled of Bean Flowers. Use this for a Fortnight or three Weeks together, and you shall find it a notable Thing.

zi. To make a Gine to hold or join Things together, as hard or fait as a Stone, and an excellent Secret nest

Secret. Take unflaked Lime, and quench the fame with Wine, and beat the same into fine Powder, mixing therewith both Figs and Swine's Grease; and after, labour them well together; for this (as Pling writeth) paffeth the Hardness of Stone, which joineth Pots or any Thing together. Also take Greek Pitch, Rofin, and the Powder of little Stones; thefe mix together, and when you would occupy of the fame, heat it over the Fire, and work therewith. (that is, form any Thing therewith) and it holdeth them together as hard as any Nail. Allo take Spuns ferrie one Pound, of Tile hards in Powder two Pound, of unflacked Lime four Pound, cal Oil of Linferd as much as shall suffice to prepare; mixand work them together. This Glue is marvellous firong, which neither feareth nor yieldeth to Water or Fire. This is of the natural and artificial Conclusions of the Scholars of Padua, translated into English by Thomas

22. Bn Angel-1 ke Water of a marvellous Virtue against Blearedness of the Eyes, Chanks, and burning with Fire. Take three Ounces of unflacked Lime, and Half a Pound of Rain Water, let them fland together in a Vessel of Glass or Tin, three Days; mix and fir them together, and let them fettle again a whole Day and Night, in a Vellel covered; afterward strain them tenderly through a Linen Cloth, until it be clear; then put into it three Drachms of Sal Armoniae, the whitest you can ger, beat it finely, and let it be diffolved with long flanding, and oft moving in the faid Water, and when it is fettled, firain the clean Water that standeth above, certain Times, or else diffill it by a Filter. This Water healeth the Spot and Web in the Eye, if you drop three Drops thrice every Day into them, continuing so until the Eyes be whole. It taketh away also the Tears of the Eyes, the Redness, and the Blear-

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Blearedness of the Eyes, and also the Canker and Burning. It taketh away all Spots and Stains out of Cloth, both of Silk and Woollen, if they be washed with it a little warmed.—Funovius, by the Report of Euronimus; besides I have proved it in the like Case; therefore I am hold to say it is an excellent Thing.

23. An excellent Water called the Golden Water, a Balm or black Oil doth follow. Take of pure Turpentine seven Ounces, wash it well with white Wine; after, take good white Tokev three Pound; clarify it with a little white Wine over an easy Fire, and take off the Scum fill from it: then put the Turpentine to it, mixing them well together; then pour thereto of Aqua Vitæ four Lound, and mix them well in a Body of Glass, lutting or stopping it well; then take Bugloss, Borage, Balm, Sage, Lavender, of each one Handful; Wormwood one Drachm; Rolemary two Handfuls; then take Wood of Aloes, Xilobalfamum, the three Saunders, of each one Drachm; Mace, Nutmeg, Galinga, Cloves, Cubebs, white and long Bepper, Saffran, Spikenard, Grains of Paradile, Cardamomum, of each three Drachms; Zeodary Half an Ounce: Squinant Half a Drachm; the Peels or Rinds, and Seeds of Lemons, Sticados Arabick, of each one Drachm; Calamus Aromaticus Half a Drachm; Carlimacerdopacii two Ounces: Biffort two Drachms: the Root of Fleur de Luce Half an Ounce; of Bayberries Valerian, Polipody, of each Half an Onnce : of Liquorice, Annifeeds, of each Half a Drachm! of Radish two Ounces; of Coriander correct, Half an Ounce; Syler Mountain one Drachm; Blanched Almonds Half a Pound; fmall Raifins Half a Pound. being washed with Wine. All these, being beaten and ftrained, put into the faid Body of Glass, to the Honey and other Things, and if there be not enough of Aqua Vitæ, put thereto more, and let them stand

to feven Days well covered and Ropped; then after diffil the same in Ashes with an easy Fire, (all being well luted) for the Space of four Hours, left the Honey boil, and there will come out a clear Water; then increase the Fire, and when you see the Water yellow, then put to another Receiver of Glass, which you must lute allo with the Beak of the Still; and keep the first Water by itself, and increase the Fire, until there come no more yellow Water; and when you see it come black, take away the Receiver, and put another thereto, and lute it likewife; and when you fee a Smoak come, then it is enough; and keep also these three severally, and let the Still stand until it be cold. In the first Water put Folit Indi five Drachms, Amber Half a Drachm, Must Half a Scruple, and also fifteen Leaves of Gold. If you will use it for the Head, take one Ounce of the Water of Betony, and, of the first Water one Spoonful. mix them together, and drink it all falting. The Virtue of this doth Brengthen all the Members. Take one Ounce of Maimley, or of other good Wine, in a little Glass; put one Spoonful of this first white Water thereto, mix them together, and it will be as white as Milk, which drink with a falling Stomach, neither eat nor drink for two Hours after, and it will preserve thy Members. For a cold Liver, take a Spoonful of the white Water, with an Ounce of the Water of Sage. For the Break, the Cough, and cold Rheum, take it with the Water of Hylop, Lovach, or Fennel. For the Heart, with the Water of Buglois, Borage, or Balm. For the Stomach, with the Water of Wormwood. For the Lights, with the Water of Maidenhair or Polipody. For the Spleed, with the Water of Hart's Tongue. For the Virtigo, or Giddiness of the Head, or the Apoplexy, with the Water of Peony, of Pennel, or of St. John's Wort. For the Stone, with the Water

of Radiff, or Winter Cherries. For the retaining or holding of the Water, with the Water of Creffor, fome Partley, or Saxifrage. For the Eyes, with the Water of Fennel, or Bye-bright. For retaining or witholding of Menfruss, with the Water of Mugwort, or with the Water of Radiffi. For the too much Plux of the Mentionas, with the Water of Plantain or Nightlade. For the Matrix hart by the Midwife, or of any cold Caufe, whereby the deth conceive no more, let it be used with the Water of Valerian, or Betony. Against the Spots of the Face, take of the Water of Pimpernel four Parts, of this white or first Water one Part; mix them together, and ansine the Face Morning and Evening; or drink it twice of thrice in the Week with Endive Water. It cares the Canker, being anointed therewith; and the Pidula, a Drop thereof many Times put upon it. It helps a cold Goot, if it be anointed therewith. For the Pain of the Matrix let this Water be taken with the Water of Mugworf. Alfo it is good against the Quartan and Quotidian Fevers. The Citrine Oil hath many Virtues, as the Oil of Balm, if any Grief be anointed therewish. The black Oil is of great Virtue in the Goot, if it he anointed therewith, as the Mother of Balmi-Thir I bad out of an old written Book.

24. Here followeth an excellent Medicine, that will heal old rotten and incurable Ulcers, very quickly. Take of Turpentine, three Times washed in fair Spring or Well Water, and after, put in Rofe or Plantain Water, three Ounces; the Yolk of an Egg; Oil of Rofes an Ounce and an Half; Mercury Sublimate, made in Powder, Halfa Drachm; let them all be mixed well together, and make therepf an Ointment, and wash the Ulcers or Sores with white Wine; spread some of the Ointment upon Flax, and apply it to the Sore, and drefs it with

new Salve twice every Day; but before every Dreffing, anoint it with this following, three or four Fingers breadth about the Sore: Take of the Oil of Roles two Ounces, of Vinegar Half an Ounce, of the Powder of Bole Armoniac a little; mix them together, and anoint it as aforesaid. And when all the rotten or putrified Flesh is eaten out, then anoince the Ulcer with Butter, and you shall see a wonderful Effect.—Proved.

25. For the burning or great intolerable Heat of the Urine. Take of the Seeds of Pursiain, of the Seeds of Lettice, of the Seeds of Endine, of the Seeds of the white Poppy, two Ounces of each of them; of the Seeds of Henbane Half a Drachm, Sebasten two Ounces, Saffron one Drachm, Liquorice five Drachms, Pine Apple Kernels ten Drachms, Fountain or Spring Water fix Pound; mix them all together, and let them be fod until the third Part of the Water be consumed; then let it be strained; whereof take one Ounce in the Morning, mixed with one Ounce of Julep of Violets, and the fourth

Day the Effect will appear.

26. A notable and excellent Balm. Take of Turpentine one Pound and a Half, Galbanum two Ounces, Aloes, Cicotrine, Mastich, Cloves, Galengal, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cubebs, of each of them an Ounce; Gum of Ivy Half an Ounce; when all is well beaten, mix them together, and distil them in a Glass, with a flow Fire first, and receive the first Water by itself; then increase the Fire, and a Water more reddish will come; then increase the Fire more, and an Oil will come of a red Colour, receive that so long as any will come; you must change your Receiver thrice. This Oil hath all the Virtues of true Balm, for it burneth in the Water, and curdeth Milk by and by, for if one Drop of it warm be put into a Pint of Milk, it will forth-

forthwith become curdled. The first Liquor is called the Water of Balm, the fecond Oil of Balm, the third Artificial Balm. The first is profitable against the running of the Ears, if two Drops, Morning and Evening, be put into them; if dropped into the Eves, it mendeth Blearedness, and confometh the Tears; it doth marvelloufly restrain the super-Huous Humours in any Part of the Body; it taketh away the Tooth Ach being washed therewith, and killeth the Worms, if there be, any. The third Liquor will suffer no Venom; it is utter Destruction to Spiders and Serpents, two or three Drops thereoflaid upon a venomous biring, doth make it whole firaight. If you draw a Circle with this Liquor, and that a venomous Beaft therein, it will die there. rather than get out. To be frort, it doth all-the the same Things that Treacle doth, but more effectually. Being poured or put upon an Imposthume, within nine Days healeth it; and likewife a Fistula, be it ever so evil; and also Noli me tangere, all Diseases bred of them, and of all cold Humours, it healeth, if a linen Cloth, dipped in it, be laid on the Place where the Grief is. It putteth away utterly the Palfy, and all trembling of the Members; it strengtheneth marvellously the Sinews; it is hotter than the first or second. If a Man put a Drop of it in his Hand, it pierces straight without Grief. To conclude, it doth many other Things, and Diseases that rife from a cold Cause it healeth, if they use it right.-Lullius in bis Book of Waters. This is proved by Euwonimus.

27. If you take Gall of an Ox, Man's Urine, Verjuice, and Juice of Nettles, of each a like Quantity, and mix them well together, and quench steel red hot therein, four or five Times, and it will become as foft as Paste.—This is affirmed by the Scholars of Padua.

28. A most pleasant Remedy for them that are infected with the Plague, Carboncle, Petilential Pullies, Holy Fire, and of that Kind. Take of the ripe Berries of Ivy, dried in the Shade, flamp and make them into Powder. Take Half a Drachm of it in two or three Onnces of the Water of Plantains and remain still in the Bed, until you have sweat very well; and after you have fweat put on a clean Shirt well aired at the Fire, and if you can conveniently, let the Sheets and Cloaths of the Bed be shifted. There bath been some healed with this in one Night .- This is proved. Alexis of Piemont face one beloed with taking this Powder twice; that is, Morning and Evening having two Sores appearing, which, with this Powder, broke the next Day after, and so recovered.

29. To make an Egg ascend into the Air. In the Month of May fill an Egg Shell clean emptied, with Dew, and stop the Hole well, then lay the Fgg in the hot Sun about Noon, and it will be lifted up; but if you set a Staff by it, it will ascend the more

caly .- Jacobus Weckeris.

the Glue made of Fish, and beat the same strongly on an Anvil till it be thin, which, after, lay to soak in Water until it become very soft and tender, which will be within five or six Hours, then work it like Paste; stretch it, or draw it out very thin, when you will work with it, put some of it into an earthen Pot with a little Water over the Embers, and soum the same very clean, and let it seeth a little while; then after work with the same, keeping it still over the hot Embers, until you have done with it, for so it sastenath and bindeth the stronger, and in such Sort, that it sastenath Pieces of Glass together.—

Proceed.

31. If you would destroy Caterpillers, do thus.

Agoint all the Bottom of the Tree round about with Tar; then get a great Sort of Anta, or Pilmires, and put them into a Bay; draw the same by a Cord unto the Tree, and let it hang there, so that it touch not the Body of the Tree; the Ants will not go down the Tree, by reason of the Tar, and for want of Food, will eat and destroy all the Caterpillers there, without hurting any of the Pruit.—This was told me for a very Trush.

and put all the White and Yolk out of it; then put into the Shell a Bat that flies about in the Evening, and glew or elose it tast on the Top, and you shall see the Bat sty away with the same Egg Shell, to the great Marvel of them that know it not.—

Proved. To be any impressibility.

33. Rub any precious Stone upon Lead, and if it change Colour, then it is a counterfeit Stone; if it change not then it is a natural and good Stone.

34. Stamp Calandine, and lay it to any Tetter or Ringworm, or any other such like, called Imperigo, or Spergo, shifting it twice every Day with new, for the Space of a Fortnight, and it will quite destroy and kill them. And also it will put away any black Spots, with the like using thereof, in what Part of the Body soever they be.

34. A very good laxative dredge Powder, whereof you may take a Spoonful when you need in your
Pottage or Broth, and it will make you go to Stool.
Take of pure Turbith one Ounce; Ginger, Cienamon, Maltich, Annileed, Hermodactile, Diadredion,
of each Half an Ounce; of the Leaves of Sena two
Ounces, of Sugar four Ounces; bear all into fine
Powder, and let them be mixed together.—Leonardus
Fuchlas.

36. Take the Stones out of Raisins of the Sun, flamp the faid Railing, and apply a Plaister thereof

to any Grief or Ach, and it will cease it presently; and if you use it five or fix Times, in such Order, it will thoroughly help and cure the same.—Ibave seen

it proved.

371 If you gather green Beans from the Stalks when they be ripe, fully grown, and ready to ear, and immediately cut off the Stalks with a Handful of the Root, then new and more Branches will shortly spring out of the same; whereupon will spring forth new Beans, more plentiful than before, and as good as the first; whereby you may have more than double increase, and two feveral gatherings of Beans in one Year. But take Heed that the first gathering and cutting away of the Stalks, be when the said Stalks be green. I have seen it proved, therefore I write and publish it for an undoubted Truth. It is credibly told me, that if you use Pease in the same Order, the like Effect will follow; which I believe to be true, as well in the one as in the other.

38. Take a little Rue, or Herbegrace, and stamp the same, then strain out the Juice thereof, and after you have thus done, let the Party that is pained with the Tooth Ach drop three or four Drops of the same Juice into his Ear, on that Side the Pain is, and let him lie on the other Side an Hour or two, and it will not only take away the present Pain, but also the Party that trieth it shall never be troubled with the Tooth Ach afterwards.—This was reported to me for a Truth, by our who had proved the same.

39. Lay a Dish over hot sodden Milk, and there will be Water on the inside of the Dish, which Water keep in some Glass, whereof if a little be put into sore, pained, or dim Eyes, it will help them marvellously —This was affirmed to me for a Truth.

40. A Fly drowned in Water, Wine, Ale, or Beer,

Beer, and to thoroughly dead, being laid in warm Afhes, (but they must not be borning or very hot) will recover and live again - This is over the

will recover and live again. — This is very true. Las-41. If you do gather Roles when they be fully ripe, and immediately cut away the new Tops, and the uppermost Branches of that Year, you shall have new and fresh Roles grow the same Year about Michaelmas. — I know this to be true, and for a Truth I bave published it abroad.

42. Worms and venomous Creatures are driven away from any Place with the Smoke or Fume of

other Creatures of the fame Kind.

43. Quickfilver killed, burned Lead, the Scales of Iron, or black Hellebore, mixed with some pleasant Mear that the Mice love, if any Mice eat thereof, it will kill them.—Mizaldus.

44. There is a certain Gum brought from the firm Land of Peru, which helps the Gout with purging the Cause thereof; if you put of it as much as a Nut in distilled Water, which Water ought to be the Quantity of two Ounces, and give the same to the Patient, who must forbear Meat till the Midst of the Day

45. If a Handful of Figs be stamped till the Kernels be broken, then tempered with a little fresh Grease, and so a Plaister thereof laid to a Woman's Breast that is sore, as hot as she can suffer the same, it will take away the Swelling and Pain thereof; and if it be ready to break, it will break it, or else note—This is an excellent and sure tried Thing.

46. Take two Ounces of Sulphur Vive, called Quick Brimstope, beat it in Powder, and mix the same well with as much black Soap, that is of the most stinking Smell, and tie the same in a linen Cloth; let it hang in a Pint of strong Wine Vinegar for the Space of nine Days, and then wash any Kind of Scurviness or Morphew therewith, though never

fo old or rooted, being in the Face, or in any other Part of the Body, with a linen Cloth dipped or wet therein, and so let the same Vinegar dry in of infels; do thus as long as the said Vinegar lasteth, and therewith the Deformity of Morphew will be perfectly healed. And wholoever afeth to drink the Water of Strawberries diffilled, it will certainly kill the Root of any Morphew that is within the Skin.—
Proved.

An excellent Preservative against the Plague, which was proved and used in the great Plague Time in England, in the Year of our Lord 1948; for every one that used if then, escaped. Take Aloes Hapatica, pure Cinnamon, Myrrh, of each three Drachms; Cloves, Macin, Wood of Aloes, called Lignum Aloes, Mastich, Bole Armoniae, of each Half an Ounce; mix them all together, and make thereof avery fine Powder, whereof take early in the Morning, with white Wine mixed with a little Water, and by the Grace of God you shall be preserved safe from the Plague.—Wickerst.

48. If you been the Shells of Sneils with Styray, and then sprinkle thereof upon Ants Hill, thereby they will be driven forth of the Ground or Place

where they are.

49. Take English Sassion, bester in fine Powder, and as much of pure and good black Soap, which, when they be well mingled together, spread it upon the fieldy Side of a Piece of Leather, then lay it upon the Navel of them whole Urine or Water is stopped, and it will procure the Water to come forth within an Hour.—This pure told me for a Fruit and tried Sceret, whereof I dairs make no supremutife; but farguer it as you find it.

50. Quick Lime mixed with old Cheefe, and well beaten together, will fatten and glew frangly together

gether broken Stone Vellole, and alfa broken Glaff. -This was credibly told me for a very great Secret, by

151. If the Rottom of a frething Pot, with Meat, newly taken from the Fire, may be touched or felt without liarm or danger of burning; then certainly the fame Meat is boiled enough; but if it be hot, and not sufferable, then it is not sufficiently fed. This I know to be true, for I haver fees the Trial thereof. we will all wones

sa. The Water of diffilled Honey makes fair and comely coloured Hair, if it be often moisteped or spanged therewith. This is proved.

The Roots of Hollihocks stamped and mixed with the Greate of an old Hog, and plaistered to the Gout, helpeth it in three or four Days,-Pei. Hispanus.

54. Verjuice fod until it bevery hot, then put it into a Tin Bottle with a narrow Mouth, and holden to, or in the Ear, that the Fame may enter into the Head, it will help the Head Ach marvelloully, and the founding of the Ears; and if there be any quick Things in the Head, it will bring them forth with great Speed .- A Gentleman taught this to a Waman that was fore tormented in her Head, offerning it as a precious and rare Secret. But I never tried it a therefore, as it proves, fo praife it. well --

se. I have heard it told for a very Truth by divers Persons, that in a Plague Time, in the Castle of Cullen, there was a certain Woman deed, and was buried with a Ring of Gold upon her Finger, for the Goodness whereof a coverous Fellow, after the was buried, digged her Grave, anthopened the Cof-fin wherein the did lie, thinking to take away the Ring from her Finger, but immediately the faid Woman did ftir or move, and began to fit up; which when the Fellow faw, with great Fear he rail away;

the Woman by some Means did unloose the Sheet wherein she was wrapped, and strait went home to her Husband, and called upon him to let her into the House; whom, when he heard, he thought it had been a Spirit; but at last, through her importunate calling, he received her into the House, and thus, wonderfully she recovered and lived, and after that had three or four Children. Of whom it was said, there is a Monument at this present, in the said City of Cullen. Therefore two hasty or quick Burial is not to be used, as not only this rare Example may sufficiently teach us, but also for such Causes as I have alledged in another Place of this Book.

56. If you graft the Slip of a Wilding or four Apple upon the Stock of the Hawthorn, you shall have Medlars grow thereof. — This I have feen proved,

therefore I affirm it for a very Truth.

57. Whefoever hall wear about their Middle fuch a Girdle as followeth, tying it fast that it fall not away, they shall not fear drowning, whereby they may pals over any Water without Danger, tho' it be ever so deep; for so long as they have it about them, they cannot fink. Take two Pieces of good Neat's Leather, well tanned and dreffed, fuch as Footballs be made off. (each Piece being of the Breadth of five or fix Fingers) and of fuch a Length as will make a sufficient Girdle for you; let a Shoemaker few them very strong and thick stitched, and furely together, and likewise at both the Ends; and in the Midst thereof fasten a Pipe, like to a Bagpipe, wherewith blow the same Girdle as full of Wind as possible; then under the nether End of the Pipe, tie the Leather very fast and sure, that joins the Pipe and Girdle together, with a Packthread, or with fome other fure and strong Thing, lest the Wind come out of the Girdle, whereof you must take great Heed.

Heed. Also blow three Ox Bladders full of Wind, and tie them hard, that the Wind go not forth, and sew each of them strongly and surely within good strong Neat's Leather, round like a Football, and make three strong Loops upon the said Girdle, one against the middle of the Back, and each Side one; then tie sast and surely one of the Bladders to each of the said Loops, and tie the Girdle about your Middle very sast and sure, and then you cannot sink into the Water, and so you may pass safely over, if the Water be not too broad and too rough.

58. Gellius writes, that the Hedge Hog makes the Mouth of his Hole, Cabin, or Cave, always contra-

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THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

ry to the Wind.

THE END OF THE TENTH BOOK,

ELEVENTH BOOK

in the said that we want

NOTABLE THINGS.

1.

A N inward Imposthume may be broken by a fudden Passion, Laughter, &c. as appears by that memorable Story of a Cardinal of Rome, who being at the Point of Death, and given over by all Physicians, every one of his Servants strove to get fomething for himself; and so divers of his Gentlemen having fome tittle Box, or Cabinet, or little Frunks under their Arms, came and presented their Service to him, and fo past away with a Congec. The Cardinal keeping an Ape, and the Ape obferving, as he fat by the Bed-fide, how they all carried away fomewhat, and were gone; he spied the Cardinal's Cap, which being upon the Bed, he leaped and took it, and put it on his Head, and came and bowed his Head to the Cardinal, and fo went out of his Presence. The Cardinal perceived that his Servants had progged for themfelves, and left him, observing the Ape how he strove to imitate them, could not forbear laughing extremely at the Wit of the Ape, and the Servants Knavery, and

fo, by his violent Baughter, M. Impathume broke, and he speedily recovered his Bealth.

2. The Cire of the traction Diferie of the Ague feems to be for hard, and the Medicines used to be unprofitable, because the fractions militake the South and Place of an ague, and indeed because the Practice of the true Cire is always ther fest off. For the Ague lies in the Spirit, in the Intrals, and in the Blood in Veins; for the Spirit irritatated and oppressed. Therefore the antient Greeks always opened an Artery, and so never missed of perfect and speedy Cure; and if it was now practiced, thousands would speedily find belo for that shivering and quaking Diferie.—Propers.

3. For the Stone. It is tertain, Thyme, Parsley.

3. For the Stone. It is tertain, Thyme, Parsley, and Nettles flourish most in stoney Ground; may, lay the Seeds of these in a close Place, even apon Marble, and they will take Root in it, and cleave and break it; so that, mix the Spirit of these three or four Plants together, of Thyme, Parsley, Roman Nettle Seed, and Fennel, of each a like Quantity, and let the Patient take a little Quantity in white Wine, in the Morning falling, and at Evening in Bed, he will shortly, to his great Comfoit, find the Benefit.—Propose.

Benefit.—Proof.

4. There have been many Men and Women who have been cut and wounded, and for want of fome to flaunch the bleeding, have been not only much enfeebled, and their Spirits quite from, nay, oftentimes Gangrenes, and to amputation of a Limb, if not Death, bath followed; for the prevention whereof, till the Chirurgeon can be had, leastle Webs of Spidars (the more ventimous the better for that U(e) be gotten, and applied to the Wound, and they will flop the bleeding of the Wound, for they are infigrent force; and hiptoric of all filmes of Bloods let it not be despited because it is only to be had, for the

the Web of the Common lesin many Cales as good as Silkworms.

5. There is not a fafer Remedy to kill Worms in Children, then to take fix eight, or ten red Earth-Worms, and let them produce they Salt; then die them open and wash them with the words or white Wine, and dry them in an easy to the Diffi, and when they are dried, let them be betten to fowder, and so give them to the Child in the Morning salting, three or four Mornings, and let him eat nothing for one Hourse Space, and the Worms will rot

and void with the Excrements - Taifaire

6. The Frog is commonly known, but the Virtue of them physically afed are wonderful, and fearcely known. All Parts of him are good and profitable for Mankind, their Heart, Arveldus fays in Lib. 4. Breu. That one who was troubled with a Filiula ac the lower Region of his Stomach, was perfectly cured by swallowing, four or ave Marnings, the Hearts of Frogs. The Lungs are a Prefervative against the Falling Sickness. And so is the Liver, as Timosbeni relates. The Liver dried, and mixed with Honey, applied to the Tooth Ach, is a prefent Cure, as Nicander hath it. Weckerus teftifies the fame, beaten to Powder. Lib. 2. Antedot fpeci. The Gall, as Pliny bath it, dissolved in Honey, cures the Flux, called the Dyfentery. The Blood is good against growing of Hairs. Their Fat, dropped into the Ears, cures Deafnels. The Spawn or Sperm of them, put into a linen Cloth, and applied to the Hemroides or Piles, is excellent, as Callins, in his Bafilica Chymica. The fame kills the 1tch of the Hands, and Redness of the Face, and is good against Burnings, as Quercetan teffifies, Lib. 1. Pharmac. taken in March .- All thefe are known for Truth, at Aldrowandus, that famous Author, in his Historica Quadrup, relates. Lib. 1. Pag. 60. 7. TheoLy. Therefore fays, that he that keeps Geefe about his House, needs not fear Thieves, and hath always those that will tell him afforedly, what Weather will ensue; for the Goose, by Watchfulness and Clamour, will give the Alarm against Thieves; and by their eagerness of feeding, and fluttering in the Water, they do presage a Storm at Hand, and this is true, either Summeron Winter.—Theophy.

8. The dairs of Gouts, burned and mixed with Vinegas, stops presently the Bleeding of the Nose.

8. The idains of Goats, burned and mixed with Vinegas, stops prefently the Bleeding of the Nose, as Sixtur, and cures, the Liethargy. Marcellus and Esculapius affirm that the Hairs, burned and beaten to Powder, and given in Wine to drink, doth expel the Stope, and cures the Strangury.—This is true,

young Man; who perfuaded his Mother, being very rich; to make over all her Effate to him, to the End that he may thereby marry a rich Wife; which she did perform. Her son marries richly, but presently slighted his aged Mother, and thrust her out of Doors, so that she was forced to beg from Door to Door. The young Man and his Wife, and some other Friends with them, made a sumptuous Dinner, and about the midst of Dinner, his Mother being almost starved, knocked to come into the House; the Door being opened, and the young Man hearing his Mother's Voice, commanded the Servants to cover the Dishes of Meat, and carry them away, that his Mother might not see them. She enter d, and her Son talked a good while with her, but at last defired her to depart out of his House, which she did; and then he commanded his Servants to bring the Dishes of Meat again upon the Table; the Servants opening the Dishes, in three or four of them, wherein Chicken and a Capon were laid dress before, were now ugly forked Serpents; the Servants affrighted, durst not come near the Dishes; the Master

wondering at their they fent a Maid Servant to bid them make Hafte; Indicoming, feeing to fishinge as Change; san and told her Matter the Chicken and Capons were turned to great Serpents in the Diff. He rose up in Hate and faid, The the David was in the Diffes, yet he would bring them to the Tables to coming to lay Hands on the Diffies, the Serpents leaped furionity into his face, and folded themselves to fall about his Neck with their Mouths to his, that with their rank Poisson happelently died, miferably food n, and hinking. A notable Ranishment to unnatural Children, forcing their aged Parents .- This I had out of Cafarin Hifterbach. Lib. o. Illust Mirac. Cap. 27.

s ios Ehe Signs and Tokens to know whether a Horse be young or old, are various. Anatolias fays, if you public the Skin a little from the Flesh, and it follows your Hand as you draw is up, and prefently respring to its Place, it shows a Morie is young; but if it returns flowly to the Bleff, it declares him old. Vigetius fays, that to know the Age of a Horfe. count the Wrinkleson his upper Lip, from the first! Place of his Biring to the furthermost Pant; the Number of Wainkles thew the Number of Kense The deliness of his Eyes, the baldness of his Eyes brows, heavy Looks, hanging thown his bleady flower nels to Morion, and white Hairs interreland, with thickness of Skin, Posterns, fet Dock, and great Teesh yellow, declare him to boold. He is a young! Horfe, whose Face is heree, hall, bold, fuming here? funious, and neighing. Camerias fays, a good and courageous young Haifbahailbpactake obithree qualittes from three Creatures, viz from a Wolffleyes, Stomach, and a shout Neek; from a flore flore cars, long Tail, and a gentle Cait, from a Woman, his Breaft, Peide, and his Hair. Algrovand. de Quadrup. Lib. 1. . . Cont men emos ten frub , buid 11. Tie

Pr: Tie known for Truth, yet very firange, that a Gentleman being a little merry with Wine, came to Rochester over a Bridge on Horseback in the dark of the Evening, there being but a Plank laid over betwire two Arches, with finall Rails for Poot Polks only, for the Bridge was repairing; he not knowing of it, nor his Horse making any stop; when he came into his lan, the Man bid him welcome, and wondering to fee him there, afked how and which Way he came into Town; the Gentleman replied, over the Bridge. It is impossible, faid his Hoft, for a Horse to come over. The other defended it. Next Morning the Gentleman and his Hoff went to the Bridge, and he feeing the Height of it from the Water, the Narrowness of the Plank, and the Greatness of the Water, fell down dead immediately, and could not be recovered. Many have been known to have been swallowed up with Grief, and to make away themselves, by thinking what Puils they were to fuffer. Scarce any, before this Man, is known to have died, for elcaping great and imminent Dangers.

12. That famous Bridge of Rocheffer, is all barricaded with Iron Bars of great Strength and Height, but few know the Reason, and 'tis fitting to be divelged. A Man's Wife in Rocheffer kept a Paramour, and because she could not enjoy him as oft as she would, they both plotted to musder her Husband, which they villanously performed; and having so done, they resolved to sew him be in a Sack-cloth, and in the Dark to throw him over the Bridge into the River. The Paramour having him on his Back, the Woman spied one of his Feet hang out. Stay, said she, I will stitch up this Foot which hangs out, and in stitching, she stitched it fast to her Paramour's Coat behind, unwittingly. He coming to the Bridge, went to hoist him over, and violently

M 2 - casting

cassing him off, the Weight of the dead Body, of a sudden, pulled him over too, and so they both were drowned, who being taken up and known, the Woman was examined, confessed, and was executed. And hereupon to prevent the like Mischiefs, the Bridge was presently after incompassed with Iron Bars.

13. There is an admirable History concerning that beautiful and maiden City of Holland called Dort. The Spaniards had intended an Onllaught against it, and fo they had laid Thousands of old Soldiers. in ambush not far from it. There did live a rich. Farmer who kept many Cows in his Grounds, to furnish Dort with Butter and Milk; the Milk-maids coming to milk, faw all under the Hedges Soldiers lying; they feemed to take no Notice, but went finging to their Cows; and having milked, went as m rilly away. Coming to their Master's House, they fold what they had feen. The Master wondering at it, took the Maid with him, and prefently came to Dort, told it to the Burgomafter, who fent a Spy immediately, found it true, and prepared for their Safety; fent to the States, who presently fent Soldiers into the City, and gave Order that the River should be let in at such a Sluice, to lay the Country under Water. It was done, and many Spaniards were drowned, and atterly disappointed of their Design, and the Town saved. The States, in the Memory of the merry Milk-maids good Service to the Country, ordered the Farmer a large Revenue for ever, to recompence his Lots of House, Land, and Cattle; caused the Coin of the City to have the Milk-maid under her Cow to be engraven. which is to be feen upon the Dorf Dollars, Stivers, and Doights to this Day; and so she is set upon the Water Gate of Dort; and fhe had, during her Life,

Life, and her's for ever, an Allowance of fifty Pound per Diem. — A noble Requital for a virtuous Action.

14. It is a certain means, upon a journey, to keep your Horse, if he be of Strength, and sound, that he shall not tire, but go on to his journey's End.; if he be dull, and cares not for a Whip or Spur, alight and go to a Smith's Shop, and get a Horse Nail, and run through the Horse's Ear, bend the sharp and of it, and let the Clapper hang pretty low in his Ear, which, whether by the sudden Noise it makes in his Head, or that it affrights and keeps him from Heaviness, it is sure, that as long as that hangs in his Ear, he will go on his Way.—

Probatum of.

15. Many Men, with travelling in hot Weather, and in Places defitute of Drink or Water, are ready to faint, to hinder both these, take in your Pocket two or three Olives, and as you are thirsty eat one of them, and keep the Stone in your Mouth, which will preserve you from fainting and thirst,—Aldre-

vandus Hift. Lib. 2.

Cornelia, great Scipio's Daughter was one, the other two were Campania, but lived in Rome. Therefell out a Contest betwixt them, which of them had and kept the rarest and richest Jewels. The Day was appointed to visit one another. Coming to the first, she shewed her Diamonds, Carbuncles, Gold Bracelets. Ear Rings, Collars, and Coronets of Rubies, and precious Stones, set in Gold, together with her rich and various Attire and Persumes, exhore omnia mea; and these are all mine, says she. So coming to Cornelia's House, she shewed them her Children at their Books, with their School-Master, and here are mine, says she, But going from thence to the third Lady, she shewed them a large Room of poor Mens Children, which she kept as her own in

good Order and Indultry; and here you see mine; I will not lose them, nor change them, for all your's, said she; and the Truth is, she deserved the Praise and Honour; for relieving so many poor Orphans.

Burton's Melanch. Page 473.

17. Many have disputed whether Marriage, or fingle Life, is to be preferred, and have shewed Arguments on both Sides. Amongst the rest, Jacobse de Voragine, in twelve Arguments, pathetic, succinct, and elegant, hath described the Benefits of Marriage. They are these:—

1. Haft thou Means? Thou haft one to keep and

increase it.

2. Haft none? Thou haft one to help to get fome.

3. Art thou in Prosperity i She doubles it.

4. Art in Adversity? She'll comfort, affift, bear

5. Art thou at Home? She'll drive away Melan-

6. Art thou abroad? She prays for thee, withes thee at Home, welcomes thee with loy.

7. Nothing is delightfome alone. No Society is

equal to Marriage.

8. The Bond of conjugal Love is adamentine,

9. Kindred is increased, Parents doubled, Brothers, Sillers, Families, Nephews.

10. Thou art a Father by a legal and happy.

11. Barren Matrimony is curled by Mofes. How

much more a fingle Life.

12. If Nature escape not Punishment, thy Will shall not avoid it; as he sung it; that without Materiage,

Earth, Air, Sea, Land, oft foon would come to naught; The World itself mould be to Ruin brought.

18. Pelopidias declared that he was not worthy the Nasure of Man, who left not a Son behind him to defend the Commonwealth, and his Name and Family; he was injurious to himfelf, deliructive to the World, and an Apoliate to Nature.

Another quick Wit replied, and answered these with twelve other Arguments against Marriage, as,

1. Haft thou Means? She'll spend it:

3. Art thou in Prosperity? Markied, 'tis clogged

double it, and de will double it, and will

g. Are at Home? She'il be ghquiet, fcold.

6. Art thou abford! Take Heed thou art hot horned, and then fetched home.

7. Nothing is better than Freedom and fingle

8. Marriage! 'tis fuch a Band; there's no Hope of looking.

o. Thy Miseries and Cares are increased.

a fingle kife.

the Life of Angels.

Who can reckon up the Authors who have written, pro seen, some for, some against Marriage? The a Hazard, and therefore to be ventured on.

dom of Naples, of an honest Country Fellow, at Plow, by the 8de Sitte, who faw his Wife carried away by the Moore and Pyrates; he left his Plow, at after, through Water up to life Chin; and then swang on Hingary the Oppring either to let him have his

his Wife back again, or elfe prayed him to take him alfo Prisoner, for he had rather be in a Prison with her, than at Liberty without here a Galley Slave, a Drudge, any Thing to have his dear Wife again. The Captain relating this Passage to the Governor of Tunis, he let them both free, with a Pension to keep them as long as they lived - Fulgojus. Lib. 2. of a Physician in Milan, that cured mad Folks, by keeping them in the Water, which he kept in his House; some to the Knees, some to the Middle, others to the Chin, ad modum in fantæ, as they were more on less mad. And one of his Patients being pretty well recovered, flood at the Door, by which came a young Gentlemen with a Hawk on his Fift well mounted. and ten or twelve Spaniels following. The Man was very earnest to know for what ofe all that Preparation was for. The Gentleman told him it was to catch Fowl, How much in the Year, faid the other, may the Fowls be worth you take. Ten or twenty Crowns, faid the Gallant. And what may your Hawkes, Horses, and Hounds cost, says the other. Five or fix Hundred Crowns, fays the Mau. Oh, fays he, your Wealth runs away with your Horfes and Hounds, and your Fortunes with your Hawks. I wish you to be gone quickly, for if the Matter Physician come, he'll put you into his Water, not to the Knees, or Middle, or Chin; but over Head and Ears, for you are mad all over .- Di critus Junior, Morb. 3. Subjett. 15.

21 One Noy, who was the King's Attorney General, afterwards being a Counfellor, and of a good pregnant Wit, hearing a Cafe pleading, two Meabeing Plaintiffs against a Woman who kept in Ind. The Cafe was, that these two and another, coming to a Fair where the Woman dwalt, to buy Cattle, less, every one of them, a Hundred Found in Golden

her Hand, and charged her that the thould not deliser it to any, till all three came to her. So they go ing into the Fair, to bay Cattle, one of them leaves the other, and comes to the Woman, defires the Money, or elfe the Fair would be done. She, without any Scruple, knowing him to be one of them, delivers it to him. He presently gets his Horse eway, and never was heard of. The other two fued the Woman for the three Hundred Pound. The Case was going against her. She cried, she was ondone. But Nor flanding by her-Woman, faid he, if you'll fee me, I'll warrant your Caufe. She did fo. He pleads, My Lord, fays he, we confess we had this three Flundred Pound, and were not to deliver it until all three came for it; my Lord, we have the Money, and let thefe two Men bring the other, and we will pay them; but until they are all three come; we are to keep it. Now, my Lord, here are but two of them. So relieved he the Woman, and wonderfully pleased the Court, and himself.

22. A bold Lawyer, who would not eafily bluth at a Missake, having (as too many of them have) more impudent Words than Wit; his Client flanding by the Bar-The Cafe, my Lord, fays, he, is clear and true, as high been warranted by two fufficient and able Lawyers, the one of them is without doubti in Heaven-Nay, thay there, fays the Judge, if your Case is no more certain and true than that, Linal not warrant it: for scarce any of your Profession as that Place

23. The Doke of Brusswick and his Army, comthe People had carried all their Goods and Cattle, the Duke defired the Overfeer of it, to fend out some he would give them Provision for his Act aid; but they did peremptorily s the Duker then as fair

fair Means will not, foul Means shalls to falls to Battery, and shey yielded. There was infinite Store of Provision within given to the Soldlers. The Duke takes two of the Friars, daubt them all over with Tar and Pitch, and then makes them tumble them felves in Feathers; so they looked like two African Monlters; he had them go to the Dutchess to pick them clean; elfe, like two Pools, to haste to Rome, and tell their Pather he had sent them two Pildge Bazzards or Owle for his Digner.

make Wine of Cherries, Goefferries, a pricete, and Ptumbs, or any fach like Fruit. Bruife them, then put them into a Tub, fuch as is afed to main Malt in, with a Tap in it; then put as much good Water as you think fit, either to make it finall or firing. Let these insuse eleven, thisteen, seventeen, or ninesteen Hours; then you multidraw it. If you would keep it, put some bitter Herb or Seed three or four Hours in it. For present Use, Dalm, or my good Herb; then to every Gallon put two Pound and an Half or three Pound of Honey, Sagar, or Treacle, the more the stronger it will be then put some Yeast to it, and let it staid and work,

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26. To make Flummery that will thicken Sauce excellently, inflead of grated bread or Flour. Take a good Handful of beaten Oatmeal, put it into a Quart of Water, and boil it half away; then first it through a Sieve, Let it fluid by you for Ufer II is much better than grated Bread or Ploor proper most Cases, than Bean.

27. Take a Buthel and Half of good Whent Bran, and a Gallon of Motoffes, and force Ginger, and Water to it; and it: will make a Barrol of Table Boor;

28: Chalk infefed in Spring of Riser Water, and three Days is open Vellis in the Air, is good against

against Stoppages, it parges by Unine, brings away Gravel, and slime offensive Matter. Chalky Water is good to brew withal, or to with withal, for it saves a great Deal of Soap; it is good for the Hearthpara. Likewife put Chalk alone into stale Beer, and it immediately sets it a working, and takes away the stagerness, and makes the Drink pleasant and wholesom.

29. An universal and excellent Remedy for all Diffempers inward and outward. Drink your own Water in the Morning nine Days together, and it cures the Scurvy, makes the Body hightfome and chearful. It is good against the Dropfy and Jaune dice, drank as before. Wath your Bars with it warm. and it is good against Deafners, Noise, and mon other Ailments in the Ears. Wash your Eyes with your Water, and it cures fore fives, and clears and firenathens the Sight. Wash your Hands with it, and it takes away Nombness, and makes the Joints limber. Was any green Wound with it, and it is an extreordinary good Thing. Wash my Part than itches, and it takes it away. Wash the Fundament, and it is good against Piles or other Sores. Walk the Note, and it kills Worms that breed in it. Wath the Guma, it cures the Scurey in them, and fastens the Teeth, and keeps them found. Souff it up your Nofe, and it clears the Brain and Stomach. Wathyour Feet, and it is good against Chilblains, Corns,

or Swellings. Hell would the Bell Section 30. Take a Quart of Water, mix it with one or two Spoonfuls of ground Oatmeal, and well brew it together ten or twelve Times, out of one Pottinger into another. It makes an excellent Drink, and in Summer Time is very pleafant; in Winter Time, if you make it Blood warm, it will dishauselle it his Drink a pleafant before 2sty whatever, it was dishauselle it accellent against the Stone or Gravel, or

any other Obstructions in the Passages. It begets a natural Chearfulness, extinguisheth all Sorts of natural Flushings and Vapours that happen for want of a strong natural Health and large Passages. It opens and clears the Stomach. Purges by Urine, if drank in the Morning fasting. Good against griping Pains of the Bowels. Prevents Fumes and Vapours. It is good against all windy Humours. It is excellent against the Scurvy and Dropsy, against Rickets in Children, and begets Appetite to Admiration.

31. To make German Balls for beautifying and preserving Shoes, Boots, or any thick Leather. Take of Bees Wax a Pound, refined Turpentine two Ounces, clarified Rofin two Ounces, Olive Oil a Quarter of a Pint, Lamp Black two Ounces, black Earth two Ounces. Mix these together over a gentle Fire, keeping them continually stirring, till well melted and incorporated; then, being almost cold,

make it into Balls for your Ufe.

32. How to harden Leather, that it shall last much longer than it doth unprepared. This Secret is so necessary for the whole Land, that I shall discover it. Lay such Leather as is well tanned to soak in Water wherein there have been store of Filings of Iron a long Time, or else in Water that hath lain a long Time under a Grindstone, where Iron hath from Time to Time sallen and there settled.

33. Take a Pewter Bason half full of Snow, and put into it a pretty Quantity of Salt; then take a Joint Stool, and put some Water upon it, upon which set your Bason, and stir it with your Hand a little while, and it will steeze so sast to the Stool, that you may carry it about the House; nay, if you set the Stool upon the Fire, it will do the same.—

34. An easy Rule to keep the Days of the Month in your Memory. Thirty Days hath September.

True

April, June, and November: February hath bight and twenty alone, and all the reft hath thirty-one, which holds true, excepting Leap Year, and then Sebruary hath twenty-nine Days.

35. Take the Roots of wild Cocumbers, and fee them on fire, where Pifmires are, and the Smoke

will kill them.

36. Some take Origanum beaten to Powder, and drew it on their Holes, and it will kill them.

37. Some take Cirenium, and melt it in Oil, and pour it on the Pilmires Banks, and it will kill them .- Proved.

38. If you take Lupines beaten with the Dregs of Oil, and anoint the Bottom of Plants, it preserves

them from Pifmires.

39. Cover your Sugar Bags with white Wool, or anoint it with Rubica, and it preferves it from Pifmires.

Tokill Bugs.

40. Some take Squills beaten to Powder, mixed with Wine Vinegar, and then rub it well into the Bedflead.

41. Some take the Gall of an Ox, and mix it with Vinegar, and rub the Cracks and Joints of the

Bedflead.

42. Some take Wormwood and Rue, a good Handful, and mix them with Oil, and put to them as much Water as Oil; then boil it till the Water is boiled away; then strain the Oil from the Herbs, and mix it with Sheep's Suet, as much as the Oil. Anoint the Bedflead therewith, - Proved, C Agrippa,

43. Some take three or four Ounces of Guinea Pepper, Burn it in a Chaffing Dish of Coals in your Chamber, thut the Windows and Doors close, and be fure get out yourfelf. Do this three Times a

Week for a Worth in the hot Weather, and it de-

44. Some take Wormwood, and flip it from the Stalks, and put in white Paper Bags, and prick Holes to let the Punes out; put feme of these over, under, and become your Bed and Sacking. This prevents all Sorts of Vermin, and is very wholesom.

45. Take a Handful of Wormwood; and white Hellebore, and boil them in Urine till Half is

wasted, and rub your Bedstead with it.

46. Some take Quickfilver, and mix it with Hog's Greate, of each a like Quantity, and ufe it as before.

47. Some take Wax and Brimftone, and burn them under the Joints and Creates of Bedfleads; and the Bugs will come out of their Holes.

max. Some take the Dregs of Oil and boil it; then mix the Gall of an Ox with it, and use it as before.

49. Some take strong Glue and boil it with Vinegar, and rub the Bedstead with it.

gon Some vake Heeram bruiled with Oil, and

rab the joints of the Bedflead,

gi. Some take firong Vinegar, mix Salt with it,

Lime, and put into some Water, and let it stand three or four Days; then pour off the Water, and add a Quantity of common Salt; the stronger both of Lime and Salt the better; wash with this Liquor the Bloom, Sides of the Wall; and Bedstead, two or three Times a Week, and set your Windows open to let in Air, and it will kill Bugs and Pleas.

59. Some boil Coloquintida Seeds, a good Quan-

it as before, the control of the

54. Some take a Quantity of fresh Tar; and mix its with Juice of wild Cucumbers; let it stand two

on three Days, and him is four on five Times a Day. then anoine your Beddead with it

and keep them three or four Days in Water, then wash your Room and Bedslead often.

. 36! Affyou would kill Snaker and Adders, firike

57. If thou are bie on stong by Addes on Smake, take the Juice of Alla Tree heaves, squeezed into good Wine or Beer, then concerne Place thong with Ash Leaves, and it will cline it. - C. Agnisses

with it, it kills the bice to a specifical and and

-59. Some take Vinegar or Onion, and mix it with Allum and Aloes, and anoint the Blacel-Alexand out by the dame to shall he

60. Some take Aramanthus, and boil it in Lucy and wash the Head. Bayen. We say the contract

61. Fig Leaf Ashes cast on the Root of Trees, a

62. Some take Ox's Bifs and Less of Qil, and boil them together then cash it on Free or Bushes i killivelieming spart clock of a bool of what was

62 Sometake & Gallon of Grabs, and floor them? nine Days in Water, and sprinkle the Presswith itus and it kills them an Oardan, them the part ye

64. If you would make your Teeth whites rub! them with Brick Duft, on a linen Cloth, were Proved to forth blood in word witely

65. If you take a long Goele Feather, and holdrit fall with your Hands at each find, and trike anthe Nack of a live Cocky being held by another Person by the Wings and Feet that he difference it, will cute offolise Head . This feems drange, but it is true. I know one that has won foveral Wagers upon ik

66. IF

66. If you would keep your Cattle from Injuries by Flies, anoint your Beast with Oil wherein Bake-ler hath been boiled, and the Flies will not come near them. Some anoint them in the beginning of Spring with Juice of Carworden Leaves, and that preferves them all that Year.

67. To kill flies. Take Originum and Allum, heat them with Milk, and sprinkle them in the Place

where they come, and it kills them, it does it

68. Some fleep white Hellebor in Milk, and mix

it with Orpinest as before, and the all it will be

69. If you would gather Plies together, get adeep earthen Pot, and lay in it besten Collander, and all the Plies in the House will come to it.

Tourist you would gather Fish together, take Elder Leaves, Savory, and Thyme, of each a like Quantity; then take Ox or Sheep's Suet, and the Lees of Wind, and beat them in a Mortar, then throw little Pieces into the Water near an Hour before you fish.

71. Some take Garlick and Mutton Suet, and mix it with red Wine, and make it in Paste, and cast it into the Water as before. — C. Agrippa.

72. Take the Blood of a black Goat, mixed with I Wheat Flour and the Lees of Wine, into a Paffe, and throw the Paffe into the Water.—Proved.

73. To take Fish with your Hands. Take Elder Leaves, wild Marjoram and Thyme, all dried; then use a sufficient Quantity of each; mix them with Sheep's Blood, and dry them in an Oven, and throw

Library into the Waterl-Pliny: 2015 to

74. Some take Nettles and Cinquefoil, and Juice of Housleek, and stamp them together; then take it into your Hand, and go into the Water, and ship your Hand to and fee, and they will come to you, that you may take them.

75. Some ..

wild Cucumbers in their Holes, and it kills them. Some pour the Dregs of Oil into their Holes, and it kills them.

or. Some take white Hellebor, bruise it small, and mix it with Wheat Flour, White of an Egg, Wine and Milk, and lay little Cakes of it in the Mouth of the Hole, then the Moles will eat it, and it certainly kills them .- Paramus.

96. If you take a live Mole, and put her into an earthen Pot, flop it close, then make a Fire, and fee the Pot on it, and if there be any Moles thereabout, hearing her Cry, they will come together to the Place, and you may kill them, - C. Agrippa.

97. To prevent Wealers from fucking Eggs. Take Rue, and lay it about the Hen's Nest, and they will not come near it. of this is no again the

98. To kill Westels. Take When Plour, Sal Armoniac and Honey, make thefe into a Paffe, and lavite in the Places where they come, and they wi cat it, and it immediately kills them, no duck the

og To draw Rats and Mice together. Take Copper or Brafs Pot, and put into it Dregs of Oil, near Half full, fet it in a convenient Place, and they will come in Troops, then strew Pot Ashes about the Place, and it kills them. - Abort.

100. To prevent Rats and Mice eating your Cheefe. Take Hog's Suet, and the Brains of a Weafel, mix them together, and lay small Pieces about the Room, it will prevent their coming. - C. Agrippa.

101. To drive Rats and Mice from your House. Take wild Marjorum, and burn it in your Rooms; it will drive them away as long as the Scent remaineth.

102. Some take the Head of a Rat or Monfe, and pull the Skin off it, and lay it where they come, and it frights them, that they will come no more .-Agrippa - thinking it is a ghost

102. To

Tithimalum to Powder, lift it through a Sieve, and take a large Quantity of Wheat Flour, and some Metheglin; make it into a Paste, and lay it where they come, and in a little Time it will make them blind.—Proved. + Powder of Arich Turd.

104. To fatten Chicken in a little Time. Take Rice ground, and scald it well with Milk, mix it with brown Sugar, and give it to your Chicken in the Day Time, but no more than they can eat; give it them warm, and let it be as thick as Paste; give them Beer to drink, and they will be quickly fat.

105. Bitter Almonds, and Wheat Flour, made into a stiff Paste, and laid in the Holes of Rats and Mice, kills them. Some take Pot Ashes and throw into their Holes, and it kills them. Some take the Scade of wild Cucumber, an equal Quantity of Colloquintida and Oat Flour; make it into a Paste, and lay it where they come, and it kills them. Some take Filings of Iron or Steel, and mix it with Wheat Sough, and lay it in their Holes, and it kills them.—

G. Agrippa.

THE END OF THE ELEVENTH BOOK.

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TWELFTH BOOK

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NOTABLE THINGS.

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TO kill Rats and Mice. Take Hemlock Seed, and cast it into their Holes, they eat it gree-

dily, and it will kill them certainly.

2. To dress or cleanse your Hat. Take a Pint of strong or small Beer, boil it well, and lay it hot on, a little at a Time; then with a hard Brush rub it well. Some take a little Soap and smear over the Place that wants cleansing, then with some hot scalding Water, rub it well with a hard Brush; scrape the Soap off with the Back of a Knife, or it will look greasy again quickly.

3. To kill Rats and Mice. Take the Leaves of Holliberry, and mix them with Wheat Flour, then take a little live Honey; make this into a stiff Paste, and lay it into their Holes, and they will eat it; it

is prefent Death .- Broved.

4. To kill Fleas. Take Lime beaten to Powder, and firew it in your Chamber. Some take two or three Onions, and Soap Lees, and boil them together, then sprinkle the Room with it, and it kills the Fleas.

N₃

5. Some

5. Some take Wormwood and the Root of wild Cocumber, and boil them in Pickle, and sprinkle it in the Room, and it will kill Fleas. Some take Mustard Seed, and the Herb Daphines, and boil them in Water, and sprinkle the Room.—Paxamus.

6. If you take a roalted Apple, and take the Skin and Core from it, and beat it in a Mortar with as much Quickfilver as will make it into an Ointment; therewith anoint the afflicted Places.

7. To gather all the Fleas in the Room together. Get a small Piece of Wood as big as a Man's Arm, rub it over with Hog's Greafe, and all the Fleas will gather to it in the middle of the Room.

8. Some take a Dish broad and shallow, fill it with Goat's Blood about Half full, and set the Platter ander the Bed, the Ficas will come swaming into it.—Plion.

Moles.

are others on the Cod, and denotes many Children.

Wisdom; on the Arm and Shoulder, denote great Wisdom; on the left, Debate and Contention. Moles near the Armhole, Riches and Honour. A Mole on the Neck commonly denotes one near the Stomach, which denotes Strength.

11. A Mule on the Neck and Threat, denotes Riches and Health. A Mole on the Chin, another near the Heart, and figuines Riches.

and fignifies good Stomachs, and great Falkers.

is a Sign of great Riches both to Men and Women; and on the other Side the quite contrary. Moles on the right Ear of Men or Women, denote Riches and Honour; and on the left, the quite contrary.

14. A Mole between the Eye Brow and Edge of the Eye Lid, there will be another berween the Navel and the Secrets.

19. A red Mole on the Note of a Man or Woman, there will be another on the most Secret Parts. and fometimes on the Ribs, and denotes great Le-chery. Moles on the Ankles or Feet, figurify Mo-defty in Men, and Courage in Women.

16. A Mole or Moles on the Belly, denote great Baters. A Mole on or about the Knees, fignifies Riches and Vistue; if one Woman sleft Knee, many Children. A Mole on the left Side of the Heart, de notes very ill Qualities. A Mole on the Breatt, de notes Poverty. A Mole on the Thighs, denotes great Poverty and Infelicity.

Riddles

17. What Work is that, the faster you Work, the longer it is ere you have done; and the flower you work, the fooner you make an End. - It is the turning of a Spies if you turn fall, it will be long ere to be routed; but if you turn llow, the fooner it is

18. What is that which is

Rough within, and red without, And briffled like a Bear's Snouts.
There's never a Lady in the Land, But will be content to take in her Hand?

It is an Eglantine Berry, which is rough within and red synthout, and thath Briffles on the Top.

119. What Kings, Queens, and their Survanes, by
they that are human once a Year, and are cut and
torm as finall as Flath, at the Post—They are the Kings, Queent, and Valor, among the Cards;
20. What is that, the more you lay on, the faster

thes Affirst a court Water cut

it wastern !- It is a Whetstone, for the more you

whet, the less it is

Mouth of Horn, and Feet like a Griffin?—It is a Cock, for his Beard is Flesh, his Bill Horn, and his his Feet like a Griffin.

borne, at any Time fince, or before?—It was the Ass that bore our Lady and her Son out of Egypt.

Men eat least of ?—It is a Bee, for it maketh Honey and Wax, and yet costs his Master nothing the

Keeping.

24. What is it, that is as high as a Hall, as bitter as Gall, as foft as Silk, and as white as Milk?—
It is a Walnut, for it groweth as high as a Hall, and the Shell is as bitter as Gall; the Rind that covereth the Kernel, is as foft as Silk, and the Kernel as white as Milk.

25. What is it, that is as small as a Nitt, and

ferves the King at every Hirt-It is Salt.

26. What is that, the more it is, the less Men fear it, and the less it is, the more Men dread it?—It is a Bridge; for if it be little, we are afraid to go over it; but if it be big, we fear no more to go over it, then to walk on the Ground.

27. As long as I cat I live, but when I drink I

it is an Bolaci

die,-It is Fire.

Dreams.

28. If a Woman dream the is kindling a Fire, denotes the will be delivered of a male Child. To dream you fee a Stack of Corn burnt, figuities Famine and Mortality. If a fick Person dreams of a River or Fountain of clear Water, denotes a Recovery.

29. If a young Man dreams he draws Water out

a Well, it fignifies he will be speedily matried. To dream that he has a Glass full of Water given him, fignifies Marriage.

30. To dream of feeing a Barn well flored, figni-

fies Marriage of a rich Wife.

31. If a Woman dreams of being delivered of a Child, yet is not big, it is a Sign she shall at length be happily brought to Bed. If a Maid dream the same Dream, it signifies Banquet, Joy, and succeeding Nuptuals.

32. To dream of little Rain, and Drops of Water.

is good for Plowmen.

33. To dream of being touched with Lightning, to the unmarried, fignifies Marriage; but it breaks Marriages made, and makes Friends Enemies.

of a Lion, betokens the getting of a male Child.

35. To dream of roasted Swine's Flesh, signifies speedy Profit. To dream of drinking sweet Wine, betokens good Success in Law.

36. To kill Rats. Take fine Powder of new Lime, mix it with Treadle, and lay it on many small Pieces of Paper, about the Bigness of a Sixpence, where the Rats pass to tread on, which they licking of their Feet, borns their Guts.

any Liquor in it. Dip a large Rag of Linen into melted Brimstone, and before it is cold roll it in Coriander Seed, and by a Wirelet it into the Barrel, it being on Fire, stop the Bunghole, and so the Blame is out, put the Liquor in.

38. To sweeten a Barrel that is musty: Boil Pepper in Water, and put it in scalding hot into the Barrel, stop it close, and at three or sour Days End

take it out. I man be come

39. To feafon Bottles that are four. Put them into a Kettle of cold Water, and boil them with

the old Corks; but take not the Bottles out of the Water till it is cold. And for new Bottles, put them in Water before you use them, and also Corks that are new.

40. To feafon a new Barrel. Fill it full of Water, to fland three or four Days, potting in fresh Water

every Day.

41. A cheep and pleasant Drink. Boil Treacle and Water together, work it with Yeast, or sir a little Treacle and Water together, and drink a Draught, and it is pleasant and wholesom. Taken oft on an empty Stomach, cures Coughs and Short-ness of Breath.

Az. To cure an Ague. Boil three Drachms of Allum in two Quarts of Milk, drink a good Draught

of the Whey before the Fit comes on.

43. For a Cough. Take a Quart of Ale, and put a Handful of red Sage into it, and boil it Half away; firain it and put to the Liquor a Quarter of a Pound of Treacle, drink it warm going to Bod. Take Honey, Butter, and Notmey together, swallow them oft, and sleep with Spanish Juice Liquorice in your Month. Or, Take Rue, Elecampane Root, Rosemary, Liquorice, and Anniseeds, all in Powder, with a little Butter and Treacle, fire them in a Skillet or Pot together over the Fire, and oft lick some.

44. Dropty: Boil a large Handful of Agrimony in two Quarts of Ale till Half be wasted, drink Half a Pint in the Morning, and at much at Night.

45. Tobacco chewed in the Month, but do not fwallow the Spittle, is an universal Medicine for the Dropfy, and all other Swellings in any Part of the Body.

46. Piles. The Powder of Frankincense and Barrow Hog's Fat, stirred together over the Pise, adding a little Verdigrense, and attoint with it. Or, Take Flour of Briantone, thrice as much fine Sugar,

and with Gum Tragant diffelved in Rofe Water, make little Cakes, est fome of them four or fo Times a Day; they are opening. Take no firing Purge, nor nothing that hath Aloes in it.

47. Poison just taken. Take Sallet Oil and Cream of Tartar, and drink it, and putting a Feather down

your Throat, Rrive to vomit.

Rules for Health.

1. Eat and drink fuch an exact Quantity as the Constitution of thy Body allows of, in reference to the Services of the Mind.

z. He that studies much, ought not to eat so much as those that work hard, their Digestion being not

fo good.

The exact Quantity and Quality being found

out, is to be kept to constantly.

4. Excels in all other Things whatever, as well as in Meat and Drink, is also to be avoided.

t. Youth, Age, and Sick, require a different

Quantity.

6. And fo do those of contrary Complexions, for that that is too much for a fleomatick Man, is not

fufficient for a cholerick.

7. The Mealure of Food ought to be as much as possibly may be, exactly proportionable to the Quality and Condition of the Stomach, because the Stomach digefts it.

8. The Quantity that is sufficient the Stomach can concect and digelt, and fufficeth the due Nou-

rithment of the Body.

9. Hence it appears, that a greater Quantity of some Things may be eaten than others; some being of lighter digention than others.

10. The Difficulty lies in finding out an exact Measure; but eat for Necessity, not Pleasure; for Luft knows not where Necessity ends.

11. Woulde

11. Wouldst thou enjoy a long Life, a healthy Body, and a vigorous Mind, and be acquainted also with the wonderful Works of God? Labour in the first Place to bring thy Appetite into subjection to Reason.

Rules to find out a fit Meafure of Meat and Drink.

1. If thou hast eat so much as makes thee unsit for Study or other Business, thou exceeds the due Measure.

2. If thou art dull and heavy after Meat, it is a Sign thou hast exceeded the due Measure; for Meat and Drink ought to refresh the Body, and make it cheerful, and not to dull and oppress it.

3. If thou findest these ill Symptoms, consider whether too much Meat or too much Drink occafions it, or both; and abate by little and little, till thou findest the Inconveniency removed.

4. Pass not immediately from a disordered Life, to a strict and precise Life, but abate by little and little the excess; for ill Custom comes on by Degrees, and so by Degrees must be left off.

3. As to the Quality of Food, if the Body be of a healthful Conflitution, and the Meat does thee no Harm, it matters little what it is; but all Sorts must be avoided that prejudiceth thee, though it please the Tasse ever so much.

6. Let Students eat a good Quantity of Bread with their Meat, though they ought to avoid all Meats that offend, yet, now and then, they may eat a little of any Meat they defire.

7. After diet is exactly obtained, the Appetite will require only what Nature hath need of, it will defire as Nature defires.

8. Let ancient People eat Panado made with Bread Bread and Flesh, Broth, which is of a light digestion,

and an Egg now and then will do well.

9. Beware of variety of Meats, and such as are curiously and daintily dressed, which destroys Multitudes of People; they prolong the Appetite sour Times beyond what Nature requires, and different Meats are of different Natures; some are sooner digested than others, whence Crudities proceed, and the whole digestion deprayed.

as much as may be, for it is more difficult to refrain good Cheer when it is present, than from the Desire of it when it is away; the like you may observe in

the Objects of all the other Senfes.

fant, but filthy, evil, and detestable, as indeed it

really is.

12. The richest Compounds, when concocted, yields the most notione Smells, and he that works hard, and fares hard, hath a sweeter and pleasanter Body than the other.

Objection 1.

Ought this Stint to be altered or not, when once found out? Winter requires fomewhat a larger Quantity than Summer. Hot and dry Meats agree best with Winter; cold and moist with Summer. In Summer, abate a little of your Meat, and add to your Drink; and in Winter, substract from your Drink, and add to your Meat.

Object. 2. Ought the daily Measure to be eat at once or oftener? Those that lived in hot Countries took it all together, and that about three o'Clocking the Asternoon. Weak Persons and aged People had better take it at twice; but Custom and Complexion

must be observed in this Particular.

3. If a Man cafually exceeds, let him fast the next Meal, and all may be well again; provided it be not too often done, as if he exceed at Dinner; let him refrain at Sopper, &c.

4. Take notice that I intend not fuch a small Quantity as is infulficient to maintain Nature, but fuch as is most agreeable and convenient for the Sto-

mach, and bull conducing to Health.

5. Now a temperate Diet frees from Dileases; Arch are seldom till; but if they are surprised with Siekness, they bear it better, and recover from repletion.

6. Use now and then a fittle Exercise a Quarter of an Hour before Meals, as to swing a Weight, or swing your Arms about with a small Weight in each Hand, to leap, or the like; for that stirs the Muscles

of the Breaft.

7. A temperate Diet arms the Body against all external Accidents; so that they are not so easily hurr by Heat, Cold, or Labour; if they, at any Time, should be prejudiced, they are more easily cured, either of Wounds, Dislocations, or Bruises. It also resides all Epidemical Dislocations.

8. It makes Mens Bodies he for any Employment.
It makes Men to live long. Gallen lived by it one:
Hundred Years; and many others I could infrance.
The Eurkish Priests, and others in Numeries, live by it long.

9. Gallen faith, that those that are weak complexioned from the Mother's Womb, may, by the Help of this Art, which prescribes the Course of Diet, attain to extreme all Age, and that without diminution of Senses or Sickness of Bodys and he faith, that though he never had a healthful Confitution of Body from his Birth, yet by using a ghod Diet; after the 27th Year of his Age, he never sell

into Sickness, unless, now and then, into an one Day's Fever, taken by over much Wearinefs.

to. A fobor Diet makes a Man die without Pain, it maintains the Senfes in Vigour, it mitigates the

Violence of Passions and Affections.

13. It preserves the Memory, it helps the Under-standing, it allays the Heat of Lust, it brings a Manto a Confideration of his latter End, it makes the Body a fit Tabernacle for the Lord to dwell in, in makes as happy in this World, and eternally happy in the World to come, through Jefus Christ, our Lord and Saviour. Amen

Of Confunguinity, or Kindred of Blood.

A Man may not marry his Grandmother, Grandfather's Wife, Wife's Grandmother, Father's Sifter, Mother's Sifter, Father's Brother's Wife, Mother Brother's Wife, Wife's Brother's Sifter, Wife's Mother's Sifter, Step Mother, Wife's Mother's Daughter's Daughter, Son's Wife, Brother's Wife's Sifter, Brother's Wife, Son's Daughter, Wife's Son's Daughter, Wife's Daughter's Daughter, Brother's Daughter, Sifter's Daughter, Brother's Son's Wife, Sifter's Son's Wife, Wife's Brother's Daughter, Wife's Site ter's Daughter.

The same ought to be observed on the Woman's

Part.

Some Things fit to be remembered by all Proples

None under the age of twenty-one Years can fue in their own Names. Males or Pemales of fourteen Years old, may be bound in Bonds or Covenants for Necessaries, as Food, Raiment, Schooling, Instructions, and Marriages, &c. Men under the Age of fourteen, and Wemen under twelve Years, cannot make Wills of Lands; but, above that Age, may of

move-

moveable Goods; and, in some Cases, may be Wit-

neffes, and Executors.

Bargains of above rol. Value, should be under Hand and Seal, else the Parties, or one of them, may refuse to stand to it.

Promises will not stand good without a Consider-

ation valuable.

A nuncupative Will, which is that that is declared

by Word, and not written.

No Englishman is bound to answer all such Questions as a Magistrate may put upon him, or made to accuse himself; but may safely call for his Accusers before he answers.

Administrator's Power is equal to an Executor's, and are bound to pay Bonds and Bills first, before

Book Debts.

A Jointure made to Women after Marriage, is

seldom good in Law.

He that will not refer all personal Trespasses to Arbitrators, but will rather go to Law, is accounted an unreasonable Man, and no Christian.

Curious Observations about the Weather;

Not only to know it for a Month, but for ever; by one that files bimfelf Erra Pater.

To know the Weather by the rifing and festing of the Sun.

If the Sun rife red and hery, expect Wind and

If at Sun-rifing it be cloudy, and the Clouds vanish away as the Sun rifeth higher, it is a fure Sign of fair Weather.

Likewise, if the Sun setteth red, it is a Sign of fair Weather. If it set in a muddy, misty Colour, it is

a Sign of Rain.

 T_{i}

To know the Weather by the Moon.

If the Moon thines clear, and not compatied about with Milt, it will be fair Weather,

If the Moon be compassed about with a Circle; like a great Wheel, or is misty and dim, Wind or Rain follows, or Snow within twenty-four Hours.

To know the Weather by the Stars.

The Stare more bright than ordinary in Summer,

fignities great Winds and wet.

If they twinkle or blaze in Winter, the Wind North or East, is a Sign of a great Frost. When they are seen to fall or shoot, is a Sign of great Rain and Winds.

To know the Weather by the Clouds.

If they are round, and of a dapple grey Colour, and the Wind North or East, fair Weather for two or three Days after.

If the Clouds appear like Towers or Rocks, fig-

nify great Showers.

If Clouds that are fmall grow bigger and bigger, it is a Sign of much Rain. But if great Clouds wafe and grow lefs, it is a Sign of fair Weather.

To know the Weather by Mifts.

If they arise from Rivers or Ponds, and then vanish away, fair Weather.

If from thence to the Hill Tops, Rain the fame

Day, or two Days after.

If a general Mist before Sun rifing near fall

Moon, fignifies fair Weather.

But if such a Mist in the new of the Moon, fignifies Rain in the old of the Moon. But in the old of the Moon, fignifies Rain in the new.

To know the Weather by the Rainbows.

If two Rainbows appear, fignifies fair for the pre-

fent, and two or three Days after, Rain,

A Rainbow appearing after a long Draight, is a Sign of Rain: but after a long Time of wet, fair Weather eather.

If it appears big, it is a Sign of much wet, but if

very red. Wind withal.

If a Rainbow appear in the Morning, it is a Sign of finall Rain, and prefently after fair Weather,

Of the Winds.

If in Spring there be North and Raft Winds, and great Draughts, fo will the Summer Quarter be, and confequently, scarcity of Grass and Hay. So, the contrary, will be alenteous for Hay and Grafs; for there is as much South and West Wind, as North and East too, and confequently as many wet Years as dry.

To know when the Wind will fet in one of thefe town Places, for two or three Months together, for the maft Part.

Birft. For the North Raft Winds, when the Wind turneth thither, if it is two Days without Rain, and turn not South the third Day, nor Rain the third Day, then it is like to continue North East for eight or nine Days, and then come into the South again. These nine Days are commonly fair.

If it turn from South to North East, again with Rain, and continue North East, without Rain two Days, and turn not South the third Day, nor Rain the third Day, it is like to continue North East for two or three Months, for the most Part; the Winds will finish these Turns towards the North, in three . Act of say the board and Weeks Time.

Secondly.

Secondly. For the South Well Winds, when the Wind hash been in the Nonth two Months or stores for the mod Fart, and cometh to the South, usually there are three on four fair Days of fill, and then the fourth or the Day someth Rain, or the Windsturneth North, and continues day fill.

If it return that the South within a Day of two without Rain, and turn Northward with Rain, and term Northward with Rain, and return into the South the first and second Day, as before, two or three Times together after this correction it is like to be in the South or South West two or three Months together, for the most Part, as if was in the North before; the Wind will hard these Turns in a Portnight

The East or West Winds I mention not, because the Rain cometh sinally from the South; or in the Change of the Wind, from South to North, as for the Draught, so the most Part, the Wind is North East.

If from the South it is fair Weather for a Week together, which is but feldom, it will be a good Daught, when there hat b been long Rain out of the South before.

The Wind commonly turns from North to South a full Wind, or without Wind, but comes bank again into the North with a strong Wind and Rain. The great Winds that blow down frees and Houses, cometh mostly by the turning of the Wind out of the South, by the West into the North, which clears the Air, and drives away Rain.

How to know when the wind will turn before is turns.

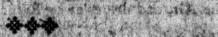
Observe when you see a Cloud arise against the Wind, or Side Wind, know, that when the Cloud comes up to you, the Wind will blow the same Way that the Cloud came, and many Times very strong, because that Wind that brought the Cloud to you,

was stronger than that you was in before; this Obfervation is of a fudden Storm. Likewise, when the Sky is equally thick, all but one little Edge of it. and that grows greater and greater against the Wind, until it come over your Head, then the Wind will be that Way from whence the clear Place came, although it were Side Wind or contrary Wind before. Likewife, if the Wind be North, and the Air clear, and Clouds arise out of the South against the Wind know that the Wind will be in the South, when the Clouds come to you. In like Manner, if the Clouds arise against the Wind any other Way, when it raineth suddenly, it is like to be fair again in Half an Hour's Time. If it rain an Hour or two before Day, it is like to be fair before Noon, and all the Day after; but if it rains an Hour or two after Sun rife, it is like to be Rain all the Day after, except the Rainbow be feen before it rains.

Or when the Air grows thick by Degrees, and the Sun shines dunner and dunner, until it shines not at all, or the Stars or Moon by Night, then it rains fix

Hours commonly.

Likewise, when it begins to rain from the South, with a high Wind for two or three Hours, and then the Wind fall, and it continue raining still, then it is like to rain for twelve Hours or more; nay, usually till a strong North Wind ariseth that clears the Air; these long Rains seldom hold above twenty four Hours, or happen above once in a Year.



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A compleat School-Master.

bar of astronomic forms and may be not a sect

First to learn English the common way.

ABCDEFGHIKLMNOPORSTUV WXYZ&c.

abedefghiklmnopqrfstuvwzyzac.

a e i o u are Vowels, the rest are Confonants.

Double Confonants are,

ab eb ib ob uh bab beb bib bob bub cab ceb cib cob cub
ace bace case dace race sace pace mace
ab ject com-pact a-mend ed ex-tend-ed
an-ti-qui-ty di-mi-nish ed in-sur-rec ti-on
la-bo-ri-ous ness tran-sub-stan-ti-a-ti-on.

Our Fa-ther which art in Hea-ven; Hal-low-ed be thy Name, thy King-dom come, thy Will be done, in Earth as it is in Hea-ven; give us this Day our dai-ly Bread, and for-give us our Tref-paf-fes, as we for-give them that tref-pafs a-gainft us, and lead us not in-to Temp-ta-ti-on, but de-li ver us from E-vil; for thine is the King-dom, and the Pow-er, and the Glo-ry, for e-ver and e-ver. A-men.

O 3

4 quick, delightful, and pretty away-to teach Children
Their ABC, which a School-Mistress in Little Britain used, to her great Profit, and Satisfastion of the
Children's Parents. She does it, I am informed, in
Half the Time the common way preabybe them.

You must get sour Pieces of Bone or Wood, to be cut in fix Square like Dice, and on every Side of the Square let one of the Letters of the Alphabet be engraven or write as ABCDEF on one; then GHLKLM on the other, and likewise on the rest.

The Child using to play with them among other Children, and being told what Letters are uppermost, will soon learn the Alphabet, with Sport and Pleasure.

You may likewise cause a Piece of Bone or Wood to be made into siw long square Sides, about two Inches in Length, and let each Side be written or engraven with sour Letters, and so the rest of the Sides, and let them throw it, and name which Letters comes uppermost; and when they have learned the great Letters, you may write the small Letters on.

When they have learnt their Letters, then teach them to spell thus; put A and B together, and afte what that spells; then A and C; and so on; but, to do this, you must have twenty four Letters, and only one lingle Letter on a Dye.

is March as it is in them your givenus this flav our day by Exect, and for given or one for a significant for the private or one for private them that tend put a point it was in the it as for the time of the King of the form and the Cover, and the Cover, and the Cover, are conducted the cover and ever.

C In

A new Method to track Children an write Inible in

ABCDEFGKIKLM NOPQRITUWXYZ. abidefghiklmnopgefst

wo wooyk

All nothing but what you may fafely own. Better it is to indure Injuries than all any, Goverous Men are poor for want of Content. Delight to obey God's Grace in thy own Heart, Evil Company provokes Youth to vain Words. Fashion pleases only Fools and Foos. Govern thy Actions by God's Law in the Heart, Haft thou wronged any Body, make Sanifaction. Intemperance deferoys more People than Wars. Knowledge and true Wifdom is the Gift of God. Lefs Geremony and more Sincerty More of your Ideart, and less of your Hat. No better am I, if farmwere a Baint, if Ibe a Sinner. Out of Evil comes no Good, Pride poes before Deftruction Quench not thy Defires to good Actions. Remember thou must come to Judgment. Strive to get Knowledge in profitable Arts. Wife Men think swice before they all once Expel all evel I boughts out of the Mind. Youth may die a the Old mill die. Line was a Philopoper, and very farnes.

4

Rules to be abserved by Children or others.

r. R 18 h. at fix in Summer, and at feven in Winter 2. Make up your Bed.

3. Wait upon God and pray, and God will bles

and keep you all the Day.

4. Then wash your Hands and Face, Eyes and Mooth, and behind your Ears with fair Water, and swallow two or three Mouthfuls, and it will prevent Head Ach, Tooth Ach, Scurvy, and preserve your Gums and Teeth; and if your Teeth are black rub them with a little Brick Dust put on a linen Cloth, and wash your Mouth after, and it will clean them.

5. Eat a Mels of Water Gruel if you can have it, or a Piece of Bread and Butter, or Cheefe, and drink a Draught of fair Water or small Beer after it; Water in Summer is most wholesom; then go to School, or to other Business, and be diligent therein; let no idle Words or rude Discourse be used by you; for-fake all rude and ill Company, live a sober and holy Life, and all good People will defire your Company.

Parents, let your Children live on Roots, Herbs, Gorn Food, and let their Drink be Water; strong Drink but seldom. Holy Men of old lived in this Manner, and obtained the age of some one Hundred some one Hundred and twenty, and some one Hundred and thirty, and were freely from Gouts, Head Ach, and other Distempers frequent to Gluttons, Drunkards, which are, 'tis to be feared, three Parts in four of most or all Countries.

A true Method of teaching bow to write a good legible

Let Copies be engraven, and printed on good Paper, not one Line only on the Topox Side, as is usual for Writing Masters to place their Copies, but in Lines quite through the Book. First the begin-

ning strokes of every Letter, and then the next added, and so on till the whole Letter be finished; that the Child may know how, and where every Letter is to be began and made, then let there be feveral Lines of small Letters, and the like of Capitals, and also Copies of Join'd Hand, all well writ or cut, with the due Strokes of a neat mixed Hand, nowmolt in Fashion, easily learnt, and best for nie; then ler the Child, with a good Pen, and the best red luk. go over the Letters, and make them red, and for proceed to the whole Letters, and then to the joining; only at the first, it will be needful that the I'utor, or some one that can write well, should show the Child how to hold his Pen, and guide his Hand for three Weeks, and not suffer him to sun tudely. and hastily over the Copy, which is but wasting Time and Paper, and spoiling his Hand; it must be done heedfully, and when he has made his Letret, to observe what is amis, and mend it in the next, till he can make all his Letters exactly; and then, and not before, let him proceed to the Join'd Hand Copies; and when this Book is writ out, provide another. Thus writing over the Copies, will, by frequent Use and Custom, being his Hand to an Habit of making his Letters without them in a little Time. For if you keep him to this Practice, there is no fear, but in three or four Months he will be capable of writing a very good Hand. And suppose now in that Time he writes three or four of those Copy Books, that will be but three or four Shillings charge in the whole. Likewife People of mature Age may learn this Way with Eafe, Expedition, and Secrety, it being a Method which can-not fail of perfecting any that shall carefully practile for one Quarter of h Year.

A new Merbod to keach Latin Sweeth in two Years

A GREAT Discourse was some Months since of a Child at Paris, of sour Years old, speaking Latin as other Infants do their Mother Tongue; the King hearing of it, was willing to see it, and it caused wonderful Admiration from him and all the Court. I myself discoursed it some Hours, and did

not hear an improper Word.

1. It had no other Rules for Language than this, Use and Conversation; the Father thereof being so happy to find two Friends honelt and able, who alked it of him upon its being weaned. It is evident that mothing was omitted by them that might be of ofe, either for giving it the Purity of the Language, or policiting it with good Manners. Manners, in speaking to it with Discretion, and removing evil Examples, and prefenting it with nothing but what was harmless; and Porny of speaking, and Language, in uling only proper and fit Words, and in teprehending it, it corrected those that spoke false. Now the Secoels of this Education is defired for the Good of all; the Latin Tongue being to difficult to attain in the common Way of teaching it; and I quettion not, but many will be of my Opinion, though they may not be in a Condition to put them in practice, for want of Persons capable to make such an Attempt faccefsfol.

2. This Way of teaching is both very ancient and infallible. For first, Nobody is ignorant, that from the Beginning of the World to this Day every one has learnt his Mother Tongue without Rules, and spoke it better than any other. Secondly, as to fossign Languages, all know that the hortest, specialist, and casiest Way of Learning, is to give unto the Countries where they are vulgar, where Rules

n

are needless to learn them. And I will not say there good natural Parts hath much helped them; for that Children, whether sprightly or no, learn almost equally well their Mother Tongue. And that Child at Pario, I observed nothing in him more than a Habit of reatoning and docibleness, that proceeded from the Manner which those that had taught him lived and conversed with him in. And I am more confirmed by the Example of two other Children very young, that are educated in the lame Way, that have almost nothing childsh in them, but the Motions and Gayness that are inseparable from that Age.

Mountagne's Father had him taught thus, by imposing Silence on all about his Son, those excepted that could speak Latin to him. If it be thought that this Way will cause great Expences, being to have several Latinists with your Children, the humber of Children will make that easy, and these Doubts are easily satisfied when one sees the Thing done, for often they are sound more easy, and more natural, the more Pains they have cost to do these

natural, the more Pains they have cost to do them.

The great Importance to all People the Latin Tongue is, needs not be insided on; but the common Way of learning it, makes it hard to be attained; for we prefer the Knowledge of Words to that of Things, which is a great Evil, and yet it doth not conduce to teach us, even the Language we have factificed all unto; therefore I am for establishing an ancient, tried, easy, short, and commodious Way for the Knowledge of Things as well as Words.

The way of touching this Child.

The was but two Years old, and those that bred this was ready to undertake two others of of about three Years, and one of them had learnt id speak

speak more Latin than before he could say Words

in his Mother Tongue.

There is also one Master with them, and the Child that they had first, serves in a Manner for a third Master for the other two; the Servants that attend them speak Latin to them, and teach them when they speak amiss in familiar Matters. The first bath been thus brought up as I said before, till he was four Years old, and his Master now begins to teach him French. Quintillion was also of the Opinion, that one Language ought soon to follow the other, and so both be cultivated together.

Thus they that can speak their Mother Tongue, by putting them among them that speak only Latin, may be also taught; and to prevent Consuston, let them not speak English in the Presence of the other Children. Take but those that can speak the Mother Tongue, one at a Time, that so the Inab lity of the others, in answering him, when he shall speak his Language, may oblige him to strive to speak to them in theirs, with a Reserve of giving him a Companion which shall have gained an equal Habit in both Tongues.

And as those that know nothing but their Mother Tongue, shall have been raught by conversing with those who speak nothing but Latin; so also may such as know only Latin, be instructed by the Conversation of them that know their Mother Tongue, discinguishing the Hours when it should be permitted to speak the Mother Tongue, from those, when it

should be allowed to speak Latin.

This may also be carried on to make Persons advanced in Years, capable to learn the Latin Tongue, which might be done by putting together many Men able in that Language, who should make as it were a little Latin Commonwealth, which is the King

King or Government would think fit to order it, perhaps, may be an Object worthy confideration.

This is the whole Mystery of this Way of Instruc-Now this Way is easy, for Children have a firing Bent and Defire to learn that Language spoken in their Prefence.

Note: This Child was never menaced nor punished to learn this Language, for the Exclamations, Menaces, and Threats are not only prefent Evils, which Humanity requireth thould be spared, but also they are Sources of Evils, which Prodence obligeth to prevent, for nothing straightens the

Heart like Fear and Grief.

You must know, to play and to speak seriously in Latin, to entertain them the two first Years with whatever may be incident in the most familiar Difcourses, which extends farther than one is aware of. Afterwards, to form their Manners, and try their Understanding for employing it in what it is capable of, whether it be Reasoning, or for History, or for Descriptions, &c. For thus to increase intensibly that little Stock, to run through the most ordinary Arts. and to use in their Presence the general Terms thereof, and to speak all with that Frankness and Brevity which is so peculiar to that Tongue, but what is exact both for the Words and the Matter. The Latin Tongue reacheth almost to all the Words expressed in Books, as you will find if you read but Plantus, Pliny, Terence, Collumela, Cicero, and Juftis nian; for there is almost nothing great or imall, common or particular, which may not be found in thefe Authors with all the Charles talkers a

That this way is short, is apparent by the Boy's having learnt in two Years, and he would know more, if a Child of four Years old was capable to understand more Phings, and the state of heart

There is much more might be faid of the Ufefulness of this Way, but I thudy Brevity; and if I find Encouragement, may be more full in the next Imprettion.

Aright Method for educating Children.

W. In the Education of our Children runs male in a little Time after or come to go demarke World; to be very diligent, that they spend not their officious Time in Vanity, as the Culton of too many is, but continually exercise them in some useful Arco and Sciences, that in Time they may become ferly viceable to themselves and others, therefore good Education ought to be infinanted even in the very Cracle, which would make its grow strongs and vigorous.

We daily fee, if Met profile Virus, they will grow frong in well doing; and is on the contrary of for there is a wonderful and should infuprable Power, in Habitland in Cultom:

Therefore, friest, let your Wister or whoever number or britigs up your Children, refrain that idles abdupernicious Cultoms of fantastic and foolish talking to their young tentier in fanta, which makes furth a lasting and deep impresson seven from a Quarter of a Year old, which takes such assertion Roberty Ways of Similey and sa obtains such a Power, and strengthens the fantastic Principle, that is not to be wholly rooted out or obligate attent.

Secondly, they ought likewife to cloath their Children in modell and plain Garments, and by not Means point or endeavour to make them forfille where they are fine; this is frequently done both by them that are effected religious, and others, which mightily awakens the high and lofer property of Bride;

and lays a fure and latting Poundation of Self Efteen, and by Degrees frengaliers most exil Practices; so that they pet an Esteem and Value on themselves; and at the same Time difregard and undervalue alltheir Inferiors; this fodeeply wounds, and lays fuch a fure and lafting Method of Pride, that many Thouland diffrested Souls are never healed.

Thirdly, Mothers and Nurses ought to refrain

that evil Cultum of Habbering and Fiffing Children, asking and teaching them to do the lame, and also talking bandy to them; and though this forms innocent at first, yet it is very pernicious - for this opens the Gates of Venus, and thys fare Poundations for Wantonnels and Uncleannels, lo that many Thousands can never free themselves from these invading turbulent Motions and Inchractons after Women

Pouethly, Refrain or forbear much talking, effes cially impertment Discourse, and teach them by a sedate Silence, and show their Districts in a few Words, let those be as grave and some as if they were talking with Senators.

Pifthly, Let them pot flew any Pation towards them, for this precipitates into the fame Principle of Wrath and Violence, which can haidly ever be deffroyed or overcome. But let your Correction be by wife and lober Methods, as by making them fall, or fland filent alone, or the like; flich Correc-tions will penetrate deeper, and make them more fenfible than Whipping and beating, which only advances Bitterness and Envy.

Sixthly, Use the Children to a constant Plour of going to Bed, and rifing, according to the Sealon

of the Year; going to field at Eight; riting at Seven, for Cultom makes their Sleep more found and certain.

Seventhly, As foon as they can go about, teach them little useful Things, both within Doors and

without

without, as to know their Letters, which they are capable to learn before they speak; and Sewing, Knitting, picking up Sticks and Stones, carrying and bringing. Let them also use both Hands, the one as well as the other, contrary to that evil Cuftom of right and left Hand, which are Words and Terms by which the Antients diffinguished good and evil Principles, and not the Hands and Members of the Body, as in the Case of the Ninewites, where to many Thousands did not know to distinguish the right from the left, that is, Good from Evil, which to do is the greatest Blessing and highest Degree of Illumination; whatever some dull Souls may imagine to the contrary. This felfish Ignorance of whipping and beating Children for not using their right Hand, only causes the left so called. to dwindle and become weak; for each Member becomes firong or weak, more or less ufeful, as they are exercised in moderate Action, as daily Experience shews both by Man and Beatt that are used to Labour, nor one Member is not made more firong and apt for Business, but only by Use and Custom.

Also learn them to cast Accompts, Drawing, Painting, or what you please; and when you please, let them fland fill and filent and look on you, which will make a deep Impression on their Mind, by which they will not know what that Vanity is called Play, by which many are spoiled and ruined. Also keep them from the Sight of Children playing, and from all Plays and Games. Also be careful you do not laugh or jest at any one of their Actions, for it is of evil Confequence.

Eighthly, Keep them not too long at any Sort of Employment; one Hour for fome Sorts, and two for others; and make what they learn delightful, and let them not be put on Bufiness when sleepy or

otherwise indisposed.

Laftly,

Laftly, Observe, above all the Rules of Temperance and Moderation in their eating and drinking we think the best Time for eating, is eight, and twelve, and fix at Night.

To learn elderly People to Speak and pronounce Languages as the Natives of the Country.

HERE is scarcely any Person advanced in Years can learn any Language presently, or pronounce and speak it truly, though they have lived among the Inhabitants many Years, and yet Children will do it speedily; but here I shall make Observation, and which will make it appear, that such

an Attainment is not to be despaired of.

First. He must constantly be among the Natives, and mind their Words, Discourses, Gestures, and Actions; yet do you keep filent at least one Year and Half, doing all Things as it were by Signs, in which Time you will pronounce the Language as naturally as a Native, and there is no other Way to do it but this, for a Person in age. Read Trion's Letters for a full Proof of this Matter. Therefore those elderly People that cannot afford to travel, but would learn a foreign Tongue at Home, let him get a young Man or Woman that speaks the Language naturally well, and also English too, in whose Company let him spend the greatest Part of his Time, and order him to talk the same continually in his Presence, he at the same Time instructing the other English in what to talk of; also what Labour or Exercise he shall do, so to be obliged continually to make Repetition of the Names of all common Things or Actions.

Example. When in a House, call over the Names, of all the Houshold Goods; at other Times, discourse of Husbandry, of Foods, and all Materials belong-

ing to a Honfe and Furniture; the like instruct him to do when you are in the Streets, Eachange, Garden, and Fields; and so let no Figure or Object pass without some Discourse about it, both of the Nature and Method thereof; and add to this a constant Repetition of each Thing or Accident that happened; and all this while you must be silent, only giving the Tutor an Account of what he shall discourse and act; and in two Years Time, he shall speak properly, rightly, and easily, with as true an Accent or Pronunciation, as if he had been educated in the Country.

To teach them to read speedily and truly, that could not distinguish Syllables before. Take a Pen full of Ink, black or red, or a black or red Lead Pencil, or a Pin or Needle, and speek with it, all

hard Words, as for Example 10 W 1941 July bes

Achitophel, Bartholomero, Mathematician, Patrimony.

To write Letters feeretly, from one Eriend to another,

OUBLE in the Middle a Sheer of white Paper, then cut Holes through both the Half Sheets, like the Panes of a Glafs Window, or what Fashion you please; then with a Pin prick two little Holes at each End, and cut your Paper in two Halves, give one Half to your triend to whom you defigue to write, the other Half keep yourfelf. Now when you write, the other Half keep yourfelf. Now when you write, lay your cut Paper on Half a Sheet of writing Paper, and stick two Pins through the two Holes that it still not; write then your Mind to your Friend through these Holes; then take off the Paper with the Holes, and write any Nonfense to fill up the Vacancy. When your Priend receives your letter,

Letter, let him lay this cut Paper on it, putting the Pins into the Holes, and then the Nontense is covered, and he reads your Mind:

Another.

Write your Letter with common lak on one Side, then turn your Paper, and write on the other Side with Milk that you would have fecret, and let it day; (write with a clean Pen) then when you would sead it, hold the Side written with lak next the Fire, and the Milky Letters will shew blueish on the other Side, which may be perfectly read.

To fetch Oil or Greafe out of Books, Writings, Papers, or Garments. Put a Drop or two of Oil of Turpentine on the Place that is greafy, rubbing it on, and it will fuck it up, you will fee, prefently.

Would you have your Child learn Latin, put it to one where it shall only be spoke Latin to; if French, put it to one that speaks French only, and let it hear nothing else spoken, and in a Year or two they will be Proficients.

Let your Child, before you put him to a Trade or Business, be shewed as much as may be all Sorts of Trades and Callings, and let him have that he is most disposed to; which is of great Importance, for fettling of Men in civil Societies. And let nor this offend them that engage their Children in high Professions; for let the Profession be ever fo great, the Person that is invested with it may be but little worth, and of fmall Esteem, if he have no natural Disposition to it; and on the contrary, he that excels in a middle Condition, may render himself very confiderable. The Art of Painting and Architecture, &c. is not counted to honourable, though full as honest as a Lawyer; yet an ingenious Painter, or Architect, a rational Man will prefer before a weak Advocate

Putting Children to fuch Trades as their Genius leads them, would make them more honest and more virtuous. It would be a Means to keep them from Idleness, and prevent their spending their precious Time in Trifles, or doing ill. Let them have as much infight as may be into all Trades, as Gardening, Holbandry, Chymistry, Weaving, Watchmaking, Refining, Graving, Painting, Etching, Dying, Tanning, Mathematicks, &c. And it will prevent their running into triffing Conversation, and after ridiculous Plays and Divertisement, that are not fit to be allowed among Christians; yet fome People spend their Time chiefly in those Matters. and that perhaps for Want of timely Care of Parents better inftructing them, in innocent, ufeful, and lawful Employs, as Gardening, and those other Employs before mentioned.

To make an excellent black Writing Ink. Take Arabac three Ounces, Vitriol two Ounces, Galls three Ounces, white Wine two Pound and a Half; beat the Galls, put them with the Wine into an earthen Vessel, set it in the Sun for six Days, stirring them every Day twice or thrice; then set it over a moderate Heat for Half a Day or a Day, and strain it; then having dissolved some Vitriol and Gum in a little Wine, put it into it; then set it in the Sun three Days more, and it is made; to keep it from

freezing, put into it a little Aqua Vitæ.

To make red Sealing Wax. Take one Pound of Bees Wax, of Turpentine three Ounces; if for coarse Wax, red Lead, but for fine Wax, Vermillion, very fine lifted; an Ounce of Oil Olive; melt the Wax and Turpentine, and when they are cooled a little, put the rest in and beat them well together.

To help Beer that begins to four. Put a Handful or two of ground Malt into the Beer, flir it well together, and that will make it work afresh, and

become

become good again. If you put a Handful of Oatmeal into a Barrel of Beer, when first laid in the Cellar, it will carry with it a quick and lively Taste.

To make red Ink. Take small Brazil one Ounce, white Lead and Allum two Drachms of each, Gum Arabic eight Scruples, Urine one Pint; shake them often together.

Also Gum Arabic Water mixed with Vermillion

and a little Saffron, will ferve.

To make good black Ink. Put five Pints of Rain Water into a Pot, then put three Ounces of Gum Arabic beaten, stir it with a Stick once a Day; when the Gum is dissolved, put to the Water six Ounces of beaten Galls, an Ounce of green Copperas, one Quarter of an Ounce of Allum; stir it once a Day as long as it lasts, and keep it from the Frost.

To make red soft Wax. Take Vermillion one Pound, common Oil one Pound, Bees Wax twenty Pound, Rosin een Pound, work them well together.

To clean Silver. Take the Ashes of Wheat Straw

burnt, and rub your Silver with it.

To fatten Hens, Chicken, and Geese. Boil the Blood of Beasts, with some store of Bran amongst it, until it come in the Nature and Shape of a Blood Pudding, and therewith seed your Fowl. The Occasion of Eggs being musty, proceed from want of Air, therefore lay them but where the Air can come at them, one by the Side of the other, and they will keep twelve Months together.

To make London Ink Powder. Take Nut Galls ten Ounces, bruise them well; three Ounces of Roman Vitriol; Gum Arabic and Roch Allum of each an Ounce; make them into sine Powder, sift and dry them, then put the Powder up in Boxes or Papers close; when you use it, put a little into a good.

P 3

Quan-

Quantity of Water, and shake it well about, and in

an Hour it will be good.

To make Japan or shining Ink. Take Gum Arabic and Roman Vitriol of each one Ounce; Galls, well bruised, one Pound; put them into Rose Vinegar, or Small Beer Vinegar, that is clear; let it be kept in a warm Place, often stirring till the Liquor becomes black; then add to a Gallon an Ounce of Ivory Black, and a Quarter of a Pint of Seed Lac Varnish, and it will be a curious black.

To take Ink out of any printed Book or printed Picture. Rub a little Aqua Fortis upon it, and it is speedily out; then take a little Allum Water of Vinegar, and wash it over, and it kills the Aqua Fortis; otherwise, it will cat the Paper, or make it very

yellow.

To make good red Sealing Wax. Take a Pound of Bees Wax, three Ounces of fine Turpentine, one Ounce and a Half of red Lead, or Vermillion finely ground; Oil Olive an Ounce; melt the Wax and Turpentine, adding one Ounce of Rolin finely powdered; and when they are well melted, and the Drofs taken off, put in the red Lead or Vermilion, and flir them well together, till they are well incorporated, and then put it in what Shape you pleafe.

To make black Wax. Take Lamblack or black Earth, an Ounce and a Half; Rofin and Turpentine four Ounces of each; one Pound of Bees Wax; in-

corporate them as the former.

To make green Wax. Take an Ounce of Verdigrease, and all the other Ingredients, except the Colour of the black and red Wax, ordering it as before

To make golden or crunsparent Wax. Take sour Ounces of clarified Ross, two Ounces of Turpentine, Bees Wax sour Ounces, Olive Oil two Ounces; melt them well together, and scatter in the melting,

difor-

disordered or shattered Leaf Gold, and suffer it to mix or incorporate; they polish it over, when made

into Form, and the Gold will appear

To make Sealing Waters. Take fine Flour fifted or boulted, that no Bran remain therein, mix with the Glaire of Eggs, a Quantity of Ifinglass, and a little Yeast; mingle the Materials, beat them well together; foread the Batter, being made thin wish Gum Water, on even Tin Plates, and dried in Stove, then cut them out for Use.

To take the Impression off any Seal. Melt a little Brimstone, casting in some white Lead, put this Mixture on the Seal, strengthen it with a small Piece of Paper, a little bigger than the Impression is a heing cold, take it off, and you will find the Print

of the Seal upon it.

To take Spots out of Paper or Parchment. Take Roch Allum burnt, Half an Ounce; as much Flour of Brimstone; and being finely powdered, wat the Paper a little, and put a small Quantity of the Powder upon the Place, rubbing it gently with your Finger, and the Spots will disappear.

To perfume Sealing Wax. Mix the Oil Olive with Musk or Ambergrease, or what Perfume you please.

To make a Pen, and to colour Quills and Pens If the Goofe Quill he hard and thick, with the Back of your Penknife scrape it to a right Thickness: then with Spittle wet it, and roll it in the Scrapings. and they will flick to it; then with the Lappet of your Cost rub it bright.

If your Quill is loft, put the Head of it into hot After, flisting it till it is as fost as may be, and when it is cool, make a Pen i observe the softer the Quill is, the shorter the Slit must be.

If you have Hundreds of Quille to harden, which makes them flit the clearer, fer Water and Allum to boil, and while it is boiling, put a Handful of the Quills,

Quille, the Barrels only, a Minute into it, and then

lay them by; and fo do with all you have:

To colour the Barrels of your Quills red. Take Allum powdered, Half an Ounce; Vermilion, and the fine Scrapings of Brafil Wood, an Ounce of each; boil them in a Pint of Vinegar till the Liquor be thickish; then strain it, and put the Liquor into a narrow, deep Skillet, and when it boils, hold the Barrels of the Quills in the Liquor, being tied in Bundles, until they change the Colour, and they will be hardened also; and thus you may colour many at a Time. For a yellow Colour, instead of Brafil and Vermillion, ule three Pennyworth of Saffron and an Gunce of Turmerick, both in Powder.

To make a Pep, is only to be done by Practice; observe only that your Slit be clear; if not, then scrape it; and so far as you would have your Slit run, hold your left Thumb Nail, and it will rend it

up just fo far.

A new Method of educating and teaching Children to learn any Language quickly, by Use and Conversation.

To Parents.

WOULD you have your Children to love and fear God, you may easily do it to what Degree you please, provided they do not hear nor see contrary Examples.

Would you have your Child temperate in Meat and Drink, then accustom him to proper and agree-

able Quantities in his Diet.

Would you have him strong, hardy, and healthful, then use mean Foods, and give them in order; and use him to constant Exercise proportionable to his Strength. Parents are obliged to make Retaliation for their Neglects and ill Management of their Children.

The

The abominable Wickedness and Villany, Violence and Pollutions that are frequently committed in our Nation, owe their Original to Mistakes in this Point, for which certainly there will be a Reckoning, and an Account must be given, and the Men forget themselves; yet, in God's Providence, and his Liaw of Nature; there is no Forgetfulness, though Justice and Punishment come llowly oftentimes, yet they surely come; and Men and Women shall then, when it is too late, bewail their Neglect of that Duty which now they might with great Base and Satisfaction perform.

It is an unparallel'd Evil, that People should be more careful about breeding their Horses and Dogs, than they are about their Children.

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THE END OF THE TWELFTE SOOK.

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THIRTEENTH BOOK

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NOTABLE THINGS.

note serviced, when the eding their allering and Dogo,

O harden Tin, and render it as shining as Silver. Mix Lead and Tin with Greek Pitch, and then take a Lump of Potters Clay, make a Hole in it, and pour your Mixture into it; then take of sine Tin, six or more Ounces, and that being thoroughly melted, pour it on the Mixture in the remaining Space of the Hole, before the Mixture is cold; then leaving a Hole in that, by thrusting an Iron through it, pour in an Ounce of Mercury, which penetrating the whole Mass, it will render the Tin, when wrought and burnished, of the perfect Lustre of Silver; insomuch, that Vessels made of it, will not by the Eye be distinguishable the one from the other.

2. To make Brass in Colour resemble Gold. Bruise Sal Armoniac in a Brazen Mortar into fine Powder, mingle it with fasting Spittle, till it becomes liquid, or like an Ointment, and with this Composition anoint your Brass Things; then hold them over a Charcoal Fire till the Brass becomes pretty hot; then rub it over with Whiting and Bran

3 10 1

well dried, and you will perceive it look like be

mished Gold, which will cause much Admiration in those that know not what has been done unto in a sure of cleanse Silver or other fine Metals. Take Whiting and burned Allum, mix them with the Ashes of burned Wheaten Straw, and when sandy beaten, rub telle Plates &c. with a woollen Cl

Expediation will be curiously answered.

4. To reflore the faded Colour in Choth a Tol Wood Ashes one Part, quick Lime two Parts, an put them into a Lye made pretty throng with Wood Ashes finely drawn off, and cleared from the Settlings then boil your Cloth in a Copper Vestiel with them, and rince it out in warm Water wherein a time por Allum has been diffolved spress it, and it will look gloffy, and of a fine new Colour.

5. To make Iron look as if gilded with Gold. Burn an Ounce of Roch Allum till it looks of reddish Colour, then take of Sal Armoniae m Ounce, and of Nitre blaff in Ounce; beavehen to a fine Powder, and pur them into boiling frong Vine gar, in a Brais Pan, or other Brais Vessel, and whe the Liquor is a third Part confumed, thain it wells and rob over (mooth from with it, and it will appear

as if it were gilt with Gold .-

6. A Varnish for Wood or Metal, representing a Golden Colour. Take two Cunces of Gum Sandu-rac; one Ounce of Lithwage of Geld, and four Ounces of clarified Lindsed Oil pubuil them in a grazed curthen Vellel, eit they look of a transparent

Yellow, and varpifling your Materials with it according to Art, they will appearine gilden.

7. To make Porcelene, a contour Way. Takethe
Glaire of Eggs, and calcined Egg Shelle ducty beaten
to Powder; put these beaten together into Gum Atabic Water, let them hand a white lover Emiliers

and thicken, so that they may be made into Pastils; and when you have moulded them into proper Forms for your Purpose, dry and harden them in the Sun, and the Work is finished.

and the Work is finished.

2. To whiten Copper quite through the Body of the Metal. Take such Copper as Kettles are usually made of tough and pliable, lay the Plates in a Crucible, and between every one of them a Strewing of white Arsenic finely powdered, and being melted, when the Smoke is over the Copper will be as white as Tin.

o. To melt Amber. Mix strong Vinegar with the Juice of Citrons, one Part of the latter to two of the former; into this put the Amber, and being set over a flow Fire, you will find the Amber melt or grow so soft, that you may turn and mould it like soft Wax.

footed, so that they become unsightly, losing their native Lustre, burn Tartar to Ashes, and make a Lye of it with Spring Water, wherein a little Allum has been dissolved, and putting in the Pearls, let them seeth over a Stove Fire, and it will restore the pristing Whiteness as orient as ever, and render them more durable and weighty, so consequently better for use.

Burn the Pods of Beans well dried to Ashes, and make a Lye of them, then draw off the liquid Part from the Dross, and put a third Part of strong Vinegar to it; add quick Lime and Tartar; boil them over a good Fire, putting in your Planchets or Pieces of Horn, and it will soon be soft to work or mould into any Fashion, and it long boiled become a jellied Substance, but the cool Air will harden it again.

To fosten Ivory, and whiten it. Distil strong white

white Wine Vinego three Times, and decoct red Sage Leaves in it, with a little quick Lime; the Ivory being put in when the Liquor is boiling hea, will become foon foft, and much whiter than it was; also this will take out yellow Stains from

Ivory, &c.

13. To break a Bar of Iron with Eafe. Daub the Part you would break over with melted Sosp, then run a Thread round it, and draw it backward and forward feveral Times, that it may make a Creafe in a narrow Circle, then dip a Sponge in Aqua Fortis, and clap it round the Creafe fast bound, for fix Hours, so when taken off, a little Stroke will make the Bar break in the Place where the Creafe was, though as thick as a Man's Arm, to the Admit ration of those that know not what you have done to it before.

Turkey Carpets. When you have beaten them, and with a hard Brush cleaned them well with Water in which Bran has been boiled, rub them over with Fuller's Earth, and let it lie thinly on, till well dried in the Sun, and so do twice on thrice; and then being well cleaned from this by a thorough beating, brush them well over with Allum Water, and dry them in the Shade, and so the faded Colours will return almost as fresh as new.

15. To cleane smooth Painting. Dip a Sponge

in Lye made of the Ashes of Vine Branches, mixed with Man's fresh Urine, and it will much restore the

fading.

Of Wines.

16. To make Wine fettle well. Boil a Pint of Wheat in two Quarts of Water, till it burft, then fqueeze out the Liquor through a fine Cloth, put a Pint

Pint of it into a Hoghead of Wine, and it will do

the Peat. the Lees, and put a Handful of the Flowres of Clary into it, in a Bag with a Pound of dried Muffard Seed, put in a Weight to fink it, within three Inches

18. To keep Wine from fouring. Calcine Oyffer Shells and Crabs Claws, and boil thom well in a Gallon of the fame Wine, and put it warm into the Coffe a married to the did to the contract at the

19. To foften a green Wine. Boil a little Honey and Lithurge in Vinegar of the fame Wine, and firaining the liquid Part, put a Quart warm into a Hophead or Tierce, will des the state of the

11 20. To remedy a bieter four Scent in Wine. Boil Half a Peck of clean fifted Barley in two Quarts of Water, till one Half of the Liquor be confumed; let be festle, and ftrain the thinnest Part, pour it into the Cafe, and this it well, but raife not the Lees.

diwn Wine tang'd of the Calk or musty. Rack it off upon the lices of rich Wine of the like Kind, then dry four Ounces of Laurel Berries, that they may be beat to Powder, and two Ounces of Steel Filings; hang thefe in a Bag to the Middle of the Calk, having firfling dithe Calk you tack it into, with a Rag disped in Brimftone, and lighted, at the End of a Stick. A still I become a perfect to

Dezz. Torreftore Wine decayed by over Vent, or fouring. Forment it with the End of a flat Stick, till you have moved all the Parts except the Lees; then pour in a Pint of rectified Aqua Vitæ, and in ten Days, being close hopped, it will be tolerably

1 23 Wines pricked to reftore. Draw it off to the Lees in another Calle, upon Lees of a good bodied Wine of the same Sort, then scrape's Pound of yellow

low Bees Wax into a Pint of Aqua Vine; melt it over the Pire, and dip a Rag protty large into it; then fire it with a Brim tone Match, and held it into the Cafe, desping the Air out as much as possible, till it is confumed; then stop the Cafe close, and the Matter will be effected.

24. To hinter Wine flom turning: Molt a Pound of Lead into a Pair of fair Water, and purit when into the Wine Cafe, stopping it close.

25. To take away the ill Scent of Wine: Stick a Roller of fine Wheat-Flour Dough full of Cloves, bales it well.

bake it well, and hang it in the Wine, within three or four luches of the Bottom.

26. To meliorate small Wine. Rack it on the Lees of a rich Wine of the same Kind, and put into a Hophead a Pint of the Spirit of Clary, and a Quarter of an Ounce of the sweet colatile Spirit of Tartar; Stoppit up close, and suffer it to free on the Lees. Section of the Principles

27. To remedy roping Wine, Tie a fine Lawn fmoaked in Brimstone to the Cane or Cock, and draw the Wine off into a new Cash, rack it well, and put in five or fix Queen of Allum Powder, then stop it close, and roll it well about, supplied to

and when fettled, it will prove a politically sell-tailed, and scented Wire.

28. To mend the Golous of white or Rhenish Wine. Take a Gallon of new Milk, put it into the Case, and mix it well with fulling, and when it is fettled, put in three or four Gates of fing lass, who four Gunces of fine foruped Louf Sugar, then rolls it pretty well again, and place it, so that in four of five Days it will come to its Colour in good Order. zg: To make fod in Summer to cool your Wine. Taketa Galton Stone Bottle, fill it with Spring Watter hor, within a Pint, then pur in two Ounces of refined Salt Petre, Half an Ounce of Florence Ories,

stop it very close, and immediately let it down into a deep cold Well, where suffer it to remain three or four Hours, and the Water in it will be frozen to Ice, when breaking the Bottle, you will have the

whole Lump of Ice to ferre your Ufe.

go. How to make forty Sorts of Changes of Ale drawn out of one Barrel. Take Ale of a good Body, and when it has worked well, bottle it off, but fill not the Bottles within three Spoonfuls, and being ripe, as you use it fill it up with the Syrup of any Fruit, Root, Flower, or Herb you have by you, for that Purpose, or drop in chymical Oils or Waters of them, or of Spices, and with a little shaking the whole Mass will be tinctured, and taste pleasantly of what you put in; and so you may make all Sorts ef physical Alea with little Trouble, and no Incumbrance, more healthful and proper than if Herbs were soaked in it, or Drugs, which in the pleasant Entertainment, will make your Friends wonder how you came by such Variety on a sudden.

white Beet Roots, Briony Roots, and Horse Radish, each an Qunce; Coriander Seed and Senna, each two Qunces; Flowers of Sage and Rosemary, each a Handful; Roman Wormwood, the top, a Pound; bruise them grossy, and put them into a thin Cantas Bag, which hang in a Kilderkin of new Ale, almost to the Bottom, and in three or four Days it will be sit to drink, and a full Pint Glass moderately purges, by a breathing Sweat, Urine, and Stool, carrying off the noxious Humours, preventing Difeases, entivening the Body, and corroborating the

vital Spirits

gs. To make Ale or other Liquor too new or fweet, sale or cager. Put into a Gallon of the Liquor eighteen or twenty Drops of true Spirit of Salt, and it will be effected.

beat them to Powder, with a like Quantity of Chalk, and put it in a thin Bag into the Liquor, bauging almost to the Bottom, and in twenty-lear Hours the Work will be effected.

Work will be effected.

34. To bottle Liquors well for keeping. Boil your Corks, being free from spungy Holes, in the Grounds of Beer, which makes them tough, and swell in the Bottle, beat them in with a Malley, and wire them down, and they will not fail your expectation.

Ounces of Aqua Vite, two Ounces of Pepper, and two Ounces of Ganger; of Gloves, and Grains of Paradife, each two Ounces; Ambergreafe three Grains, and of Mulk two Grains; infula them twensty-four Hours, in a Glafs Bottle, on pretty warm imposs, and when Occasion requires to use it, put a Pound of Sugar into a Quart of Wine or Cyder, diffolye it well, and they drop three or four Drops of the Infusion into it, and they will make it talks richly.

Sogar as much Lemonade, Scrape into Water and Sogar as much Lemon Peel as you think is convenient, then drop in a few Drops of the Effence of Sulphur, cut in some small Slices of Lemon, and put in Rose Water. This is extreme cooling in hot Disseases, and particularly in Fevers, much comforting, and available to recovery.

37. The best Way to make Butler's Ale. Take Senna and Polipodium each four Ounces; Sarsaparilla two Ounces; Liquorice two Ounces; Agrimony and Maidenhair, of each a small Handful; ocurvy-grass a Quarter of a Peck; bruise them grossy in a Stone Mortar, put them into a thin Canyas Bag, and hang the Bag in nine or ten Gallons of Ale when it has well worked; and when it is three or four

Days old, it is ripe enough to be drawn all and botiled, or as you fee his. A Pint sea Time purges by Sweat and Urine, expelling feerbutic formours and the Dropfy, removing flimy Matter, Gravel, and Sand, prevents the Stone, sweetens the Blood, is good against pricking Paint, and the Head Ach.

Year May them in a large Earthen Pot, with a laying of their own Leaves between every laying, and let them not too much drowd upon each other; then boil up Spring Water sweetened with Honey, seamming it till no more will sife, possible in warm, that it may be an Inch of two above them, thop up the Vessel close, and set it in a dry Place; when you use them, put them in warm Water and Sugar sive or fix Hours, and they will, in Tarts and other Things, have their natural Taste and hustre.

Rapperries, and such like Pruit all the Year. Are Stone Bottles well in the Sun, or by the Fire, and your Fruit being well dried from all supersuous Moisture, sprinkle them with scraped Loas Sugar, having first freed them from the States and Tops, and put them into the Bottles, cork them down with good Corks, and tie them over, to keep out the Marae much as possible, and then cover the Bottles it a dry Place with dry Sand. When you after hem wash them in warm Water and Honey, and they will retain their Colour and natural Tante. Thus you may do by Cherries, Mulberries, Plumbs, are; but let none of them be gathered till the Sun has taken the Dew off them.

40. To keep all Sorts of Flowers almost in their perfect Lustre all the Year. Take an earthen glazad Por with a close Cover, air it well in the Sun, their fill it with Half Spring Water and Half Verjaice, and put a little Bay Salt into it, that may sprinkle over

over the Bottom; put in your Flowers with their long Stalks, half blown; the Stalks downward, and let the Liquor cover the rest an Inch or more; close up the Vessel, and set it in a warm Place, where no Frost may get at it. When you take them out wash them in fair Water, and hold them before a gentle Fire, and they will open and spread in their proper Celours.

41. To keep green Peas, Beans, Artichorks, Collisiowers, &c. all the Year. Boil op Spring Water and Salt, from it till no more will arise, let it be so brackish that it will bear an Egg, then put it into an earthen Vessel, and put the Taings into its flop it up close, and fet in a dry Place. When you use them, steep them in warm Water five or fix Hours, and it will take out the Saltness, infomuch that they will tafte very pleafantly, and keep their true Colour.

42. To pickle Samphire, Barbaries, green Grap Endine, Succory, Olives fliced, Tornips, or any other Roots. Boil up Water and Salt till it will bear a Egg, put them into it warm, lay a Slate over them to keep them down, and tie the earthen Pot over with an oiled Leather, fetting them in a dry Flace.

and thus you may keep Quinces

43. To pickle Cucumbers, Broom Bude, Math-rooms, Gilliflowers, Afparagus, and Parfley, &c. Take three Parts of Vinegar and one of Water and Salt, boil them up with Dill and such Spices as you fancy, till so more Scum will rife, then put in the Things while the Pickle is warm, keep them down with a Slate, and cover them close. If she Pickle mothers much, boil it up once more in the Year's keeping, and thus you may pickle Violets, Primerofes, Cowflips, or say pleasant Flowers for Winter Sallads or Garnishing.

44. To pickle Oysters. Take the large ones.

wash them well from the Grit, parboil them well in their own Liquor, then boil up two Parts of Water and Salt, and one of Vinegar, with Pepper and Bay Leaves, a little Mace, and a few Cloves, then firstin the Liquor, and put it with the Oysters, in Pots or

Barrels close tiopped.

45. To recover Anchovies, Sturgeon, or Salmon, when decayed for loss of Pickle, or rusty. Lay them in warm Water and Salt five or fix Hours, then boil up their own Pickle and add new to it, foum it well, and put it warm to them close packed up, and so let them stand a Month before you open them for use; for the first Bay Salt and Water is the proper Pickle; for the two latter, Bay Salt and Water one Part, and flrong Vinegar two Parts.

46. To recover the lost Flavour of sweet Oil. Take a Handful of the Powder of burnt Allum. boil it in Spring Water, put the Water well scummed into the Oil, mix and flir them well together. a pretty While, then let the Oil fettle, and take its place on the Top, to four it off, and the ill Scent will be taken away, and remain in the Water; and thus fcouring Oil may be made tolerably fweet and

fit doi eating, if it be Oil of Olives. I have a share

47. To keep Fowls long, and make them tender. Have a white Wine or Rhenish Cask set up on End in a cool Cellar, cut it to that the Powl may be hanged up in it, and they will keep many Days

langer than otherwise.

48. To falt and dry Nears, Calves, Sheeps, Stags, or Hogs Tongues, Pork, Hams, &c. Cleanse the Roots from the flimy Moisture, and wash them well in warm Water and Salt, then hang them up a Day and a Night, after this put them into a Pickle of Water and Bay Salt two Days and Nights, then take them out, and rub them with Salt Petre in all Parts, then cover them with common Salt, and at a Week's Week's End put them, well fretched and preffed ont, into a Kiln or Sun Oak Loft to dry, and the best Fire in this Case is Saw Dust, which gives them a good Scent and Colour; and thus you may do with Pork Hams, to make them resemble Westphalia Hams, and come little short of them in Talle and Colour.

Bran, and lay them on a Stone Pavement in a cool Cellar, or under ground Kitchen, cover them lightly with Flags, Grass, or Rushes, and they will keep sweet a Week, even in the Summer Season.

So, To make Vinegar of any Sorts of Flowers, Roots, or Herbs, whereby it shall be tinctured. To do this, dry your Flowers, &c. in the Sun, that the superfluous Moisture may be exhausted, and then freeing them from Stalks, Whites, Strings, and thick Rind, moderately beat them in warm Water, then hang them in a Bag in good white Wine Vinegar, and the Vinegar, by its acid Quality, will take out the Essence, and talte of the Flower, &c. very pleafantly.

Flowers, Herbs, Roots, &c. Take out the Stones, Kernels, Seeds, and pare those that require it, then boil them in fair Water sweetened with Sugar into a Pulp, and strain it through a course linen Cloth, and to ten Pound of Pulp put six Pound of Sugar; then boil them up together, with well stirring, over a moderate Fire; then drop them on a Tin Plate sinely covered with Sugar, turn them, and let them dry, then keep them in a Stove, or over an Oven usually heated, that they may remain dry; and thus you may do by any Thing that will be reduced by boiling, to a Pulp; and if they grow moist, sprinkle them over with fine Sugar, and put them into an Oven after in is drawn.

Cleanse them from the Stalks, Stones, Tops, and Seed, press out the Juice, boil it up with a little sweet Wine, and soum it well; then being cool, scrape in Louf Sugar; the eagerer the Juice, the more; then draw it off from its Settlings, and bottle it up, putting in a Lump of Louf Sugar, and some Cloves and Mace grossy bruised, into each Bottle, for it to feed on.

53. To preferve Apples or Pears from speeking or rotting. Dip their Stalks in melted Pitch, and rub the Fruit over with the Juice of Spearmint, and hang them up by the Stalks, that they touch not each other, and so that the Air may freely come at them, but no Rain or damp Miss, and so they will

keep very long.

A. To make Vinegar prefently. Take white or Rhenish Wine, and steep the Slices of Beet Roots in it; suffer it to simmer over a gentle Fire a little, then set it to cool, and in three Hours it will be tolerable Vinegar for use; and by soaking beaten Grass in strong white Wine Vinegar twenty sour Hours, then rolling it up in Pellets, and drying them, you may have Vinegar at all Times, for having these about you, dissolve one of them in a little Wine of Cyder, and it will become Vinegar.

put the Seed of a fingle Gilliflowers of any Seed. Put the Seed of a fingle Gilliflower into a Bean, that the Sprout or Spire is taken from, so that the Bean may not grow; stop the Hole close with soft Wax, and see the Bean in convenient far Monld, and the Gilliflower Seed, as the Bean rots, springing up, will produce double Flowers, large and

beautiful.

56. To make Pinks on Gillislowers of a carious blue or purple. Slit a Success Root, and place in

it the Root of your Flower, to place it in a convenient Bed, and cover it with light Mould, and drawing a vital binurithment from that Root, when the Pink. So, grown op, is will produce a blue Flower, 57. To make a Sallad grow up in two or three Hours. Take Lettice and Spinage Seed, and foak them in warm Oil the Space of Half an Hour, then have fat Earth to a hot Bed to low them in, covering them very lightly over with Mould, and they will fpring up to admiration, and presently leaf.

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ing them was lightly ever with Module And they

NOTABLE THINGS.

Put a Pound of Pieces of yellow Amber in a strong earthen Cucurbit, sprinkle under and over it two Pound of Sal Gem, or transparent Bay Salt, then pour on as much Spring Water as is convenient to dissolve the Salt, which being dissolved, pour on as much River Water, and boil them up in an Alembic without a Neck, the Space of four or five Hours, and it will be affected.

2. To make China lok, or a curious black. Take an Ounce of Lamblack. Half an Ounce of Peach Black, and one Drachm of burnt Endive, with a Moiety of Fig Leaf Water, and another Part of new Milk, then add a little Gum Arabic, and being well beaten, form the Mass into Tablets for your Use.

3. To make a lafting Walnut Grain on any white Wood. The Wood being very smooth, spread upon it seven or eight Lays of strong Glue till it become shining, then quickly give a good many Blows with a wooden Brush well wet in fair Water, and the Work will be perfected to admiration.

4. To

. 4. To make Safhes for Windows, as clear and transparent as Glass. Take the such Velium or Slinksskin, without Kopts or Flave feath in with ima Rowder of Pumice Age well lifted, and having treached the Skin on a Frame a little wes, and let today in the Shades that it may the better drawing then take two Rasse of Nati Oil, and one of Limbed a little Glass finely beaten, and two Parts of fair Was ter; let them boil together in a Glass on a Tile, pretty pear the Fire, till the Water is eveporated; then with a Bruth lay it on the Saffice, and day them moderately in the Sun, and they will be very clear and transparency, giving a true and more custain

Light to do Bufine's by, then Glass.
5. To counteries sed Cord. Take the spootbest Part of the Horn of an Ox, safe it fine, then make a strong Luc of Ash Wood Ashes, and put the Horn a finough be of Afr Wood Afree, and put the Form into it for fire Days, then take it our, and add to it fome Vermillion dissolved in Waters so put it over the Rise to pelly and thicken, and form your liques with it is Moulds, in such Shapes as you please, and when they are put in cold Water, they will harden, and look like natural Coral;

O. An admittable Serrev to prefer ve Health, Take a Handful of the Tops of Rue or Herbgras, a few Annifects, a Walnut, aidra Fig., and a little Bay Salt, beat them together into a Conferve, with the

Powder of fine white Sugar Candy, and eat as much

as a Hazel Nut failing every Morning. Heat Flour into the Pot Jeating it fimmes a Quarter of an Hour over a gentle Lire.

8. To make any coloured Hair black. Toke warm Oil of Tartat, dip a Sponge in it, and rub over the Teeth of your Comb with it, and comb your Head in the Sun or by the Fire; then being dry, walk Aont Prest Stee Skit Halos Matel Mpich Mill

Days to doing, the Hale will be a curious black to g. To make State will be a curious black to g. To make State grow. Take the Tops of Hemp, may feeding, and Rethelican in fair Spring Wands, anding it a licele Wheat Bran and with the Slead or Party where you would have Hair grow, with the Decotion wards, and it will grow long and very thick

to. To whiten Teeth. Take the Powder of a fine Pumice-Stone, well fifted through a Lawn, and rob your Teeth with a fine final Bruth, then wash them with white Wine wherein Sage has been well boiled, and it will make your Teeth as white, in a few Times doing, as Ivory, and fatten thom.

11 To take any deforming Spoes det of the Pace, Take the Roots of there pointed Dock, and Musik Melons, each two Pound; Sait of Nitre Haff an Ounce; white Purtar two Ounces; Vinegas or Legnon Juice a Plat, brutte them groffy, and diffil a Water from them in an elembre, and by washing with it, it will take out all deforming Spots.

12 To make a wrinkled Face mooth. Cake Powder of Myrrh on a heated Plate of Iron, then formake it with white Wine, that the Pume may better rife, and binding up your Foreness, hold your Pace over it at fome Diffattee, and in to doing

your Piece over it at fome Bittenee, and in to doing feveral Times, the Firme will fill the empty Porce

and name a Smoothness in the Skin.

3. To prevent Marks of the Small Pox or take them away when pitted. Take the Lungs of a Cals, parboil them, and pressout all the Workers, then mix it with a double Guaraty of Barrows Greate, and two Sames of the Junes of Calandine and one of Wernwood, boil these up into a thin Gintment, and amount the Pace with M.

13. An excellent Water to perfume Rooms that are Ill frented. Take Storag Calamine, Benjamin,

Cloves,

Cloves, and Marties / bruise a like Quantity of carl groly, infuse them in strong Aqua Vites, or Spirst of Wines and do this thom In a Glass Alembio till the Water becomes red; then sale a Grain of Mode; has a little of this spiritsled in a Chamber will scene is curiously, and drive away all noisone Creatures—15. To make Rubbits come out of their Hules without a Ferret. Take Powder of Orpimene and quick Solphus, bind them in a Piece of Parchment, and fet fire to it, the Balk being placed at the End of a Pole, put it into the Burrow on the windy Side, that the Smoke may drive downward, and is soon as they smell it they will by out of the Fieles on the other Sides to that, placing a Net, you may easily other Sides to that, placing a Net, you may call take them.

16. To whiten Lines Cloth well. Spread the Cloth on clean Grafs, and wet it well by caffing

Cloth on clean Graft, and wet it well by caffring Water on it with Scoops in a Sun-fiving Day, do for as often as it dries; then disfolve Allum and Challe in Bran Water, boil the Cloth in it, then rince it well and buck it one; so by this Means; it will be curious white and foft.

17. To take out Spots of Rosin, Pieth, Tar, or Grease, in Hats or Germents. Take the finest Oil of Turpentine; and with a Feather rub over the Place; and as it dries, or exaporates the Greater will vanish with it, and the others may be gently rubbed off with a hard Brush.

rubbed off with a hard Bruth

19. To powder a fresh Goode while she is roaling. Grate fome she Bread, and make a rop and Lump, with Half a Pound of Butter and two that falls of fine Sate put it into the Better of the Good and when she is spirited the the Neck and Vene clother. to the Spit; as the roofty-the flutter meight Force of the Heat, will three the skip through in all Parts, and the Bread following the St both; that they may pass with many before a

this Means the will test as well as if the was pow-

10. To make artificial Claret. Diftil the Juice or Water of Clary in a cold Still, one Part of Red-Areak Cyder, Half'a Part of Malaga Raifins bruifed in a Mortar fix Pound, and the fat Mother of good Claret one Pound; cover them close in a Veffel fourteen or fifteen Days, then deaw off the Liquor into another Veffel, and to every two Gallons add Half a Pint of the Juice of Mulberries and a Pint of the Spirit of Clary, then take the Whites of two newlay'd Eggs, three Spoonfuls of Flour, and two Drachms of Ifinglass; beat them well together, and put them to the Liquor, fo add two Pound of the Syrup of Clary, and it will refine down, and become very rich; then you may add more Cyder to fill up your Calk, and in a Month's Time it will not be distinguished, by a good Palate, from the best French Clarety len world substitut the

20. To make artificial Malaga and Canary. Take a rich Malaga Cask, hoop it, and trim it up strong, let the Head be out, to which fit a close Cover, that may be taken off at pleasure, set it in a warm Place, and fill it with Spring or Conduit Water well lettled, and firained from the Droft; to every Gallon of Water add fix Pound of the best new Malaga Raifins grofly bruifed, and fprinkle on every twenty Gallons a Handful of Cals Vive, and fo, close covoted, let it continue four or five Days, that it may ferment and purge, prefling the Raifins down when they float, and when it has flood a Month, tap the Vellal five Inches above the Bottom, and tafte it if it be rich of the Railina, if not, let it stand till it is; then put to every Gallon a Pint of Aqua Vite, and a Pint of good Malaga; draw it off into a Malaga Calk on the Lor, and it will, when fettled, be a rich Wine; and with it, dashing white Wine or mellow

low Cyders, you may make it pass well for Capary. And after this Manner, or on a Body of Cyder, you may make other Wines, as well as the Vintners and their Coopers put together, one de mas and a

21. To make Cray Fish reds Rub them over with warm Aqua Vita, and they will immediately turn red, though alive; and for a pretty Trick, place some of the live ones in a Dish among the boiled ones, and when the Guests go to handle them at the Table, and taking up a spawling live one, they will start and wonder at it as much, as the Story goes, when Dr. Fauftus by Inchantment made a boiled Calf's Head bleat at the Table, as the Students were cutting it up.

22. To preferve fresh Lard. Boil up the Lard with a little very tart Verjuice, till the Verjuice is confumed in the boiling, then pour it into glazed. earthen Pots or Hogs Bladders, keep it close in a dry Place; and it will remain untainted by Mult, or any other ill Scent, many Years

23. To preferve Silver bright on Wood, &c. Take Water Glue, and gently go over the Silver with a Pencil, and it will also preserve it from Redhess on Plaister, 200 Visualbasonia ai sego a sian o

24. To make a Glue to hold against Fire or Water. Mix's Handful of quick Lime in four Ounces of Linceed Oil, boil them to a good thickness, then spread it on Tin Plates in the Shade, and it will be come exceeding hard, but may be easily distolved over a Fire as Glue, and will effect the Bufiness to admiration. In a fair a set a ned a consequent for

25. To make Aqua Fortis for Etching, or any other Ufe: Put Mercury on a Copper-plate, and evaporate it over feelt Coals, then bruife an Ounce of green Copperas, and as much Verdigreafe, with a Handful of Bay Salt on the fame Plate, after that scrape them off clean, and pur them into a Pint of frong

frong Vinegars then let the earthen Por you put them imo, in warm Water for about an Hour, and pour off the liquid Part by inclination, for your ule.

26. To clean Silver or Gold Lace. Lay it from the on a fine Woolles Carpet, and bruth it free from Duft, then burn Roch Allum and bear it into fine Powder, and fife it through a Lawn Sieve, then with a fine Bruth rub it over the Lace, and in twice or thrite doing, it will take off the Tarnith, and reflore it to its first Brightness, if it be not too much worn on the Threads.

To recover the true Colour of black Cloth or Silk when decayed. Boil the Leaves of a forward Summer Fig Tree in Rain or River Water, till a third Part be confumed, in this Water walk your Cloth or Silk, and then rince it, on brush it over with a little Allum Water, and it will be reflored.

88. To make Ink to rub out at pleature. Burn Fire to that it may be rather mouldered than burned to Aftes, then grind it with a Muller on a Stone, putting a little Aqua Vitte to it, then mix it with a little weak Gum Water, and what you write, though it form fair, may be rubbed or washed out.

29. To make Worms immediately come out of the Ground. Boil an Ounce of Verjuice in a Quart of Vinegar, and sprinkle a little on the Ground where you suppose their fields are, and it will so disturb them, that they will immediately appear on the Surface.

30) Writing the teannot be read without putting the Paper in Water. Take the Juice of Spurge Laurel, put into it a hitsle Water wherein Allum has been diffolsed, and if you write with it, it will appear as nothing on the Paper, but being put into Water, the Letters will appear plain and legible. The like you may do with Union and Citron Juice; but

but then you must not put the Paper in Water, but hold it to the Fire, and the Writing will appear.

To make one wake or fleep. Dry the Head of a Toud, cut off fuddenly whild the is alive, and this borns to Powder, and fewed up to a little Bag, laid to the Mole of the Hend, will cause Sleep; but if laid to the Pit of the Stomach, it will keep the Party waking.

32. To keep one from growing over fit. Take the Kernols of Heart or Doke Cherries, boil them till they fivel and the Skin comes of, then beat

till they swell and the Skin comes of, then beat them in a Mortar, with she Sugar and a little Juice of Cardans, make them into little confectionary Cakes, and eat two or three in a Morning fasting.

334 To make a Handkerchief all in a Plane, and not to bean. Dip it in Brandy or pretty frong Aqua Vitze, and hold it over the Plane of a Candle or Paper whils it takes Fire, and it will spread all over it as a Sheet of Flame, but the spirituous Matter consuming the moss Part that remains, will put it out, to the amazement of those that are ignorant of what is done to the Handkerchief, who will, as it is reported by Mother Shipton, that was used no otherways, take it for Conjurction, to see Cloth on a forious Plante, and then not so much as singed.

34. To hold Fire in one's Hand without berning. Rub your Hands with a good Mixture of Oil of Wiltriel, Juice of Plantain, and frong Vinegar, and you may lay a Pleas of Tighted Charcoal in the Palm of your Hand, without feeling any sensible

Palm of your Hand, without feeling any fenfile Heat.

35. To make a Candle that no Wind will pure out. Run a small Wick dipt in Brimstone and Saturningh a small Reed, then cover the Reed with Wax on Tallow, and as full as it blows out, is will by the Vierre of the Brimstone and Satt Petre, light again of itself, to admiration.

of Water. Empty an high by making little Holes at both Ends, dry the Shell well, and fill it with the Powder of quick Lime, and Powder of Brimftone, each a like Proportion, then flop the Holes close with fost Wax, and putting it into the Water, it will, in a little Time, fend forth Blatts, as if blown from a large Pair of Bellows, which by the Ignorant will be supposed to be done by Enchantment.

37. To melt any Metal in a Nut Shell, without burning the Shell. Take Half an Ounce of Sulphur, two Ounces of Salt Petre, an Ounce of Oak Sawduff, and of any other dry Wood Half an Ounce, beat them all as fine as possible, and fill a frong Walnut Shell with the Powder, to the Brim; then put a Piece of Gold or Silver on it small, and not very thick, and set Fire to the Powder, and put more Powder over the Metal as the Fire decays, and in a little Time you will have the Metal melted at the Bottom of the Shell, and the Shell only a little storched.

38. To make Ink that will varaif in twenty-four-Hours. Boil Nut Galls bruised, in Aqua Vitte, and put some Roman Vitriol and Sal Armoniae to it, and when cold, dissolve a little Gum Arabic, and it will essed your Desire. This is an excellent Ink for Lovers that would not have their Letters seen when dropt, or carelessly missaid, but I would not have it practised in knavish Matters, to cheat honest Men.

A Help to Discourfe.

Q. WHAT is the Use or chief End of writing

A. To increase Knowledge confirm Judgment, compare Times past with the present, and draw Use out of both for the future.

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Q. Which is the best Book extract to the whole

A. The Holy Scriptures of the old and new Tef-

Q. How must the Scriptures be read, that we

may profit by them?

A. Unless they be read with that Holy Spirit by which they were written, and that with Humility, and Defire to know, and be governed by it, they cannot be understood, but remain as a dead Letter in the Refficacy thereof, as St. Gregory faith.

Q. How many Chapters doth this Book contain? A. The old Tellament 777; the new 250, the Apocrypha 1210 in the old Tellament 23203

Verfes.

Q. Are there not several Books of Scripture sup-

posed to be lost?

A. Yes; a Book of the Chronicles of the Kings of Judah, the third Epistle to the Corintbians, the third Epistle of Peter, the Book of Henoth, Iddo, and Gad. Samuel wrote a Book of the Office and Infiruction of a King. Solomor wrote a Book of 2000 Parables and 5000 Songs, also the Nature of Trees, Plants, and Herbs, from the Cedar to the Hylop.

Q. Are the Scriptures the principal Ground of

all Truth and Knowledge, or the adequate primary Rule of Baith and Manners?

A. They are a Declaration of the Fountain, but not the Fountain itself, therefore not to be elleemed the principal Ground of all Truth and Knowledge, nor yet the primary adequate Rule of Faith and Manners; but as they give a true and faithful Account of the first Poundation, they are, and ought to be esteemed a Secondary Rule, subordinate to the Spirit, from which they have their Excellency and Certainty; for it is by the inward Testimony of the Spirit we know them to be true; so they testify that

the Spirit is that Guide by which all hely Men are led into Truth, Jo. 16, xiii. Rom. 8, xiv. So that, according to the Scripture, the Spirit is the first and principal Lead; for seeing we believe the Scriptures, because they proceed from the Spirit, therefore, the Spirit is more originally and principally the Rule.

Q. What Book ought we often to read and medi-

tate in the same that he had a separate and a

A. The Book of Conscience, or of the Heart; turn in there, and thou wilt see the Frame of thy Spirit, and rejoice if thou knowest God to be thy Lord and Ruler, who exercises hoving Kindness and Judgment, and Righteousness in the Earth.

IF thou wouldst conquer thy Weakness, thou must never gratify it.

No Man is compelled to Evil, his Confent only

makes it his.

The Devils know abundance, and are not obedient, so never the better for it, nor shall our Know-

ledge better us, without Obedience.

To be like Christ, is to be a Christian; and Regeneration is the only Way to the Kingdom of God; let us to-day hear his Voice, and not harden our Hearts, who speaks to us many Ways; by the Scriptures, in our Hearts, by his Servants and his Providences; and the Sum of all, is Holiness and Charity.

Q. What three Things are those, that he which

often remembers, shall seldom do amils ?

A. That above there is an Ear that heareth all, an Eye that beholds all, and a Book wherein all our Offences are written.

St. Anfelm fays, Remember at thy right Hand shall

thy Sins be according; at thy left Hand infinite Devils expecting; under thee, the Furnace of Hell barning; above, an angry judge; within thee, thy Confeience tormenting; without thee, the World flaming, where only the just shall be faved; whence to fly it shall be impossible, so continue fill intoleration; therefore, while Time is, prevent that, that in Time will be ; for if Fine be not prevented, it will be repented.

The felt Inventomof Printing in Burepe, was one John Guttemberg, a German, about the Year of our Lord 1440. At Hearlem it is faid to be first practifed, and at Ments perfected. Tully do Officias is faid to be the first Book ever printed to the state of the second

The first Inventor of Gune is faid to be one Bark thoedur Savars, Friar, in the Wear 1330, 18

The first Invention of Paper and Parchment was in Egypt, and made of thin Plerks of fedgy Woods, growing on the Banks of Nilus, called Papyrus, from whence it took its Name. The Author's Name that made Paper first, is not known; bot Parelment is faid to be made first by one Attalus, at Pagamena, but is not certainly known.

The Inventors of Letters, Tacitus fays, was the Egyptiant, from whenes it has its Name; but it is not certainly known.

Short hand is faid to be invented by Mecanas. a great Favourite of Augustus Casar, it is undertain; but Shelton, Mercalf, Rich, have now brought it to great perfection.

The Inventor of Ships and Shipping, made out was Noah

The Inhabitants of Sidor are faid to be the first Makers of Glafs, about the Year 662. One Benault brought the Mystery of making Glass into England, which now is improved to that Degree, we out-do all People in the Art of Glass-work.

Directions to white Tetters. 50 and 44

THE Occasion of writing Lesters is various, and of requires foundness of Judgment, and an apt Coherence, that may win upon the Affections of the Reader, to comply with what is defired.

By Letters we may express our Minds more pleasfing than by Words, especially by Words unpreme-

ditated we are able.

Next, confider well to whom you died your Letters, and on what Occasion, and let your Stile be suitable, but let your Stile be honest, easy, and intelligible. If you write to learned and ingenious Persons, suit your Stile accordingly if you can; to those of mean Capacities, let your Words and Phrases be plain and easy. But Precedents being more edifying than Precepts, I shall lay down such brief Rules and Directions, that may be useful both in particular and in general.

First, In Letters of Business there is no standing Rule to direct you, but they must be indited as the Matters require; but observe, that the Matter of your Business be chiefly in the Body of your Letter.

Secondly, In Letters accusatory, you dught to consider well, lest you accuse or charge the Party with Faults; as Pride, Disdain, Ingratitude, or Neglect; or any other Vice, I say, than what you are certain you can make good, if there be Occasion; and in the Expression be not too vehement, lest it be construed to be Prejudice and Malice, and if harsh Words be inserted, smooth them with more temperate ones, and bring them off as civilly as may be, that Truth may be more visible than Anger.

Thirdly, Letters of Excuse ought to be tempered with Softness, Sorrow, and Submission, to gain the good Will and Favour of the Party you write to

Fourthly, Letters of Exhortation, or exhortary,

are to exhort or adminish he or they you write, to do or not to do as the Matter requires, persuading to a holy Life, or against Vice, or the like; and here observe, that your Expressions be moderate, and not vehement or violent, less it give Disguss; it not being Gain you defire, but winning of the Party you aim at.

Fifthly, Letters of Reproof is to them the Party offending his Faults, either omiffive or commissive, and that they may be made sensible of the Heinous ness of them, that they may sepair them what they may being shamed into an Acknowledgment, and so may be more careful for the future not to offend,

Sixthly, Letters petitionary, or to fue for what you are in need of, ought to be written with great submission, and your Necessity urged as strongly as it will bear, and in a moving Stile; setting forth your Wants, and the Advantage that will accrue if your Expectations are answered, with what convenient Speed their Pleasure shall think meet, submitting to the Differction of the Party you write unto.

Seventhly, in Letters of Affiliance you may infinuate your extraordinary Concern, and Sense of the Party suffering, and how willing or ready you are, to use your utmost Diligence, to contribute towards his Relief, protesting your Zeal to serve or stand by him, as an unstaken Friend in the Adversity befallen him.

Eighthly, Letters of Excuse or Thanks, or not perhaps being capable to make suitable Returns for Excuse and Kindness received, therefore ought to be writ in an obliging and acknowledged Stile, exactolling their Goodness moderately, promising what lies in your weak Performance, to recompense such weighty Favours, (as they may be) proceeding purely from their condescending Goodness towards you, and noticely as a proceeding purely may be noticely and and

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and not any Defert (perhaps) that could move them

Nintbly, In Letters of Confolation, you are to use Reasons and Arguments of administring Comfort, show how much you bear a Bart in it; yet since Assistions are so frequent, and many Times at solutely necessary, or not to be avoided, we ought to look on them as sent from God, to humble us for our good; and that all Sorrow, except godly Sorrow, is hurtiful to Nature, and can avail nothing; you may then add your Distraction from it, mixed with Consolution and Comfort, as the Nature of the Thing requires.

Tenthly, Letters of rejoicing, or congratulatory, is to rejoice with your Friend upon what real Oceation or Advantage has happened to him; as in profperity of Affairs, Recovery from Sickness, happy Marriage, coming to an Estate, or the like.

Eleventhly, In Letters of Advice or Council, confider whom you give the Advice, and let it be fuited according as the Occasion requires; and deliver your Opinion with Gravity and Sobriety, weighing your Arguments, against which there may be no material Objections: Be not hasty to give Advice, unless really defined, and then you may do it to far as you perceive it proper.

Twelfthly, In Letters of Recommendation; in

Twelfthly, In Letters of Recommendation; in that Case, infinuate a just Character of the Person you recommend in Case of Service, Marriage, Trust, or the like, that he may be responsible for what you write, that no after Disgrace, or Loss of Friendship, may redound to your Prejodice.

Thirteenthly, Letters of Threatning ought to be used very seldom, or never; but when they are, they ought to be full of Resentments of Injury, in an appry Stile, to terrify the Person to a Submission; or that, otherwise, he must give Satisfaction for the Wrong

Wrong done to your Effate, Name, Friend, or Perfon; but use not unseemly Expressions, lest your Pas-

fion be preater than the Offence.

Fourteenthly, Letters of Command are where you have a Power on the Person to whom you write, as a Father from a Son, a Prince from his Subjects, a Master from his Servant; and be sure let the Thing commanded be in the Party's Power, and lawful to be done.

Monthly Observations throughout the Year,

Of what is to be done in the Orchard, Kitchen Garden, and Flower Garden,

January.

IN your Orchard. This Month lay bare the Roots of your Fruit Trees in open Weather, nourish them with good rotten Soil; prune those Trees that are to stand, and transplant the younger; prune and nail up your walled Fruit; now cut the Vines close; mois the Trees that are encumbered, with a Copper scraping Iron; gather Cions and Grafts, and turn your dunged Ground.

In the Kitchen Garden. Lay Heaps of good Mould, mixed with Dung, to rot against Spring, for your Use; and if the Weather be open, set carly Peas and Beans, sow the Seeds of Radish, Spinage, Charvel, Lettice, Corn Sallad, and make up your Hot-beds to set Things in, that are to be forced.

and come out of their natural Scalon.

In the Flower Garden. Now is the Time to preferve the best July Flowers and Auriculas from Snow and over-much Wet, by laying the Pots or Boxes on one Side they are planted in; support Matt Coverings over them, or Floors arch-ways, about a Foot from them; yet if the Sun since clear once a Week, air RA them, by opening them in the Middle of the Day; but by no Means forget to cover them again ere the Sun be much declined; and now and then loofen the Mould, and scatter fresh, mixed with a little Dung, on the Top.

February.

In the Orchard. Take Care to cover the Roots of your Fruit Trees that were laid open the Month before; plant, if the Weather be open; and towards the latter End of the Month graft Pears, Apples, Plumbs, Cherries, and cleanse the Trees of Defects left undone in the last Month.

In the Kitchen Garden. Continue to fow and fet Beans and Peafe, Radish, Parsnips, and Asparagus; remove Cabbage Plants and Potatoes, Jerusalem Artichoaks; Winter early Collisiowers; sow Parsley, Spinnage, and other Pot Herbs that will endure the Weather; raise Hot beds for Musk Melons and Cucumbers, &c. sow the Seeds in them at full Moon, steeping them in a little warm Misk; you may put three Seeds in a Hole, cover them till they come above Ground, then air them as the Sun is favourable, but cover them at other Times.

In the Flower Garden. Sow in mellow Earth Auricula Seeds in Pots, but not too thick; keep your choice Flowers in Pots or Cales, warm, with tilted Coverings. The Weather being open, this Month you may plant early Anemonies, fow choice Seed in warm mellow Mould, and keep every Thing, as much as may be, from too much wet, and cutting tharp Air;

March.

In the Orchard. Proceed to graft choice Fruits, as Nectatins, Apricots, Wall Plumbs, Peaches, and the

the like; raise the Easth about the Roots of choice Trees, lay Layers of young Sprouts, cutting them underneath, that they may take Root; curich the Earth you lay them in, that they may do it soon; stake and bind up the weak Shrubs and Plants that are apt to be much shaken and loosened by the Wind.

In the Kitchen Garden. Set Slips of Sage, Rose-mary, Lavender, and Thyme; sow Leeks, Radish, Endive, Succory, Parsnip, Beets, Skirrets, Sorrel, Parsley, Buglois, Burrage, Charvil, Lettice, Onions, Garlick, Purslain, Pease, Carrots, Turnips, Cabbage, Marjoram, Cresses, and Feonel; string Strawberry Beds, place Glasses over your Melons and Cucumber Plants, till you remove them from the Hot-beds; transplant Medicinal Herbs.

In the Flower Garden. Sow Sweet-William, Auriculas, Wall Flowers, Stock Gillissowers, Candy
Tufts, Venus Looking Glass, French Honeysuckles,
Cowslips and Primrose Seeds, Lark heels, Campions, Lichins, Campanula, Indian Scabious, Pink
or Gillistower Seed, &c. And in your Hot beds,
French Manigolds, Amaranth, Nostratum Indicum,
Mirabula Peruana, the sensible humble Plant, &c.
Transplant Gillistowers and Auriculas, if the Weather be favourable; weed after a gentle Shower;
earth-up unremoved Gillistowers and Auriculas.

April.

In the Orchard. Cut Cions for Grafts, take Succory from the Roots of grown Trees, earth-up the Roots pretty high, smoak your Orchard in the Evening with wet Hay or Straw, scattering Pitch and Brimttone on it. to prevent Infects biting off the tender Buds, and cold Morning Frosts from nipping them.

In the Kitchen Garden. Sow Hylon, Marjoram, Bafil, Thyme, Lettice, Scurvy-grafs, Winter Savory

flip Shrubs after a Shower; fow Radish, Marigolds, Carnations, &c. slip Artichoaks, Lavender, Thyme, Rosemasy; fer French Beans, and remove tender Shrubs.

In the Flower Garden. The Seafon now requires you to ply your Talk to the Purpole; continue Hotbeds for Exoticks, that without them cannot be brought to Perfection, and remove them not into the Air, till the common Earth can give them a fufficient Warmth; take out Indian Tube-roles, and divide their off-fets from them; but beware, in doing it, you break not the Phangs; put them in natural rich Earth in Pots, fo plunge your Pots in a Hotbed, moderately warm, but water them not till they fpring up; in dry Weather, when they are well forung up, water them freely, and, blowing in August, they will produce a curious Flower; shade your best Tulips from too much Heat of the Sun, as also your seeding Auriculas, or the latter will go near to die; if any of them be ftripped, remove them from the reft, left they infect them, and make them change their natural Colours; and this Month continue weeding.

May.

In the Orchard. Begin to inoculate, as you find your Buds prompt and ready, which take off the middle Sprout; smoak your Orchard still as before, for now Flies and Caterpillars are much abroad.

In the Kitchen Garden. Thin your Sallading and other Herbs, that what remains may grow more kindly and flourish better; leave the Strawberry Beds, that the Flowers and knit Berries may have the better Benefit to the Sun; strow Lime and Pot Ashes to destroy Infects in the Partitions, Alleys, or Sides of the Beds or Furrows.

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In the Flower Garden. Transplant Flos Africanus, Amaranthus, Nasturtium Indicum, Mirabila, Peruviana, and such like choice Flowers; gather the Seeds of Anemonies as the Dew rises, lest it be lost by the Winds blowing it away; sow hot Aromatic Herbs, plant Stock Gillishowers in Beds, and suffer not Weeds to seed.

June.

In the Orchard. Inoculate Apricots, Nectarins, Peaches, Cherries, Apples, Plumbs, Pears, and gather such Fruits as the Season produces, for drying, candying, or preserving, for the present Use of your Table.

In the Kitchen Garden. Gather such Herbs as you would keep dry, for Use all the Year, in the sull of the Moon, when the Sun has dried the Wet from them; sow Lettice, Charvil, Radish; distil Aro-

matic Plants; water well after Sun-fet.

In the Flower Garden. Transplant Autumnal Cyclamen, gather the ripe Seeds of choice Flowers, inoculate Jessamine, Roses, and Rose Shrubs; take up Anemonies, Ranunculas, and Tulip Roots, so keeping them in dry Boxes or Sand, that they do not mould nor rot, till you may replant them; lay July Flowers, which will in six Weeks strike Root, so that you may transplant them into light loamy Earth, mixed with good rotten Soil, and in Winter to save Room; preserve them from too much wet; and what good Gillistowers are now blown, preserve them for Seed, suffering them to have but a few Layers, so the Pods will be filled with the fairer Seed; take not Seed from those that break their Pods, and ere you gather it, observe the Sun has well ripened it.

July.

In the Orchard. Water young Plants and Layers of Trees; prune Peaches and Apricots, leaving the most proper Shoots for bearing, so that they may commodicully spread on the Wall; stop the luxuriant Branches of Vines, at the second Joint above the Fruit.

In the Kitchen Garden. Set sweet Herbs you would have run to Seed; sow Lettice, Radish, Charvil, and other Sallad, that may recruit the Stock

that is wasted.

In the Flower Garden. Slip Stocks and other woody Plants and Flowers; lay Myrtles, Jestamines, and other Greens, and make trial of Orange Trees. for if they take, they will certainly be more during, and less subject to be hurt by cold; lay Gillislowers that were not ready for it before, and cut off withered Stalks or Flowers; clip Box if out of Order; fow Anemony Seeds in fine fifted rich Earth in Beds or Boxes; take up early Autumnal Cyclamens, and as foon as may be, replant them in fit Soil; gather early Cyclamen Seeds, and prefently low in in-Pots; the End of this Month fift your off-fet Beds of Tulips, also for Anemonies, Ranunculas, &c., so that they may be well prepared for replanting with fuch Things as you have ready in Pots, or to let in natural Ground, till the next Season, as Mirabila, Peruviana, Nasturtium Indicum; and observe that every Thing in your Garden be well cleanled and ordered. The was so watched took talk and

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In the Oschard. Take away Branches that are incumbring or superfluous; prine Suckers, and if you inoculate in this Month, let it be early out I w

In the Kitchen Garden. Sow Colliflowers and Cabbages for Winter, plant also Marigolds, Corn Salfad. Lettice, Parships, Carrots, Onions, Spinage, Angelica, curled Endive, Scurvy grass, Columbines, Lark Heels, Iron-coloured Fox-gloves, Hollihocks, and the like; transplant Lettice for Winter Store, take up fall grown Onions, Gartick, &c. gather Pot-herbs for keeping all the Winter, and to preserve others growing, clip them about a Handful high before the full Moon; sow Charvil and Pursham, and gather the ripe Seeds or Berries of Shrubs.

In the Flower Garden. Transplant Bulbs of Lillies and other bulbous Roots that are to remain in the Ground; and now you may securely remove and lay, Perennal Greens, new Earth Auricula Pots, transplant and divide their Roots into a light rich Earth, do the like by Oxlips and choice Primroses, also Campions or Lichins, Calcidonices; transplant seedling Anemonies; set Spider-wort, Colchicums, and Frittilaries, and begin to make up your Garden for the Winter.

and ferry by annuluder of a touchast manager gold

In the Orchard. In dry Weather begin to gather ripe Winter Fruit; do it not till the Sun has exhaled the Moisture, for if so, they will speck and rot; have a dry Lost to lay them in, in Wheat Straw or Shavings; pinch them not in gathering, for that rots them.

In the Kitchen Garden. You may continue to fow Radish, Spinnage, Lettice, and Winter Herbs; transplant most Herbs proper for eating or Medicines, also Asparagus Roots, Strawberries, and Artichoaks; clear your Alleys, and turn up vacant Ground.

In the Flower Garden. Take Care of the choice

Plants and Flowers, and cover fuch as you sembre not into the Confervatory before the End of the Month, if the Weather come tharp; and thus preferve your Marum Syriacum, Ciffus, Note Olens Germanicom, Flos Cardinalis, choice Renunclas, feedling Arbutus, Anemonies, the covering of Matt or Canvas being warm or close, but Arch-ways a Foot above them, not to press or injure them; place them, if in Pots or Cales, against a South Wall, and let them fland fomesimes airing in the Middle of the Day, when the Sun thines till April, This Month plant Tulips, and all bulbous Roots that are not very choice, but the choicest reserve to the bind of the next Month; fow Anriculas, Crocus, Cowflips, Primrose Seeds, Frittarile and Tulip Seeds, and scatter a little unslacked Limes or Powder of Brimfione among the Mould, to prevent Infects from de-Broying the Seed. and the second was a second with

O Hober.

legition accordance

In the Orchard. This Month prune what is wanting; loosen the Earth about the Roots of Trees, but do not bare them; pour Water mixed with rich Dung to the Roots of young Trees, the better to enable them against the cold; plant and transplant such Trees as have their Leaves fallen off, also transplant Wall Trees that are of two Years grafting or more. At the End of this Month you may lay bare the Roots of old unthriving Trees, or such as bloom over hastily, or have their Fruit dry; the best Time is in the Moon's decreasing; set Cions before gathered and kept in Sand till now; set them three Inches deep, the sharp Ends uppermost; cover them with Fern or Straw against cold Blasts, but in the Spring remove it.

In the Kitchen Garden. Sow fill Winter Sallads and Roots; dig and trench the Ground, laying it light

light in Ridges, that the Frost may mellow it; prepare Dung in the Trenches, to mix with the Mould in the Spring, and trench your Alleys for the Rain or Snow Water to pass away, that it may not lie sobbing to cause serility in the Earth.

In the Flower Garden. Set such choice Tulips as are not yet disposed of, sow also their Seeds; plant Anemonies and Anriculas in prepared Earth, and as soon as they appear above Ground, cover them from the Frosts, or they die; remove the choicest Gillisowers, where they may be sheltered from wet and sharp Winds; trim them up with fresh Mould, and cover such as cannot be removed, lest the Snow destroy them.

November.

In the Orchard. Be careful to supply your Nurfery with Stocks for grafting; bare Roots of old Fruit Trees, and lay warm Dung about them; moss and prune.

In the Kitchen Garden. Turn up the Melon and Cucumber Ground mixed with Dung, lay the Mould in Ridges, that it may mellow against Spring; trench and fit up your Ground defigned for Artichoaks; crop Asparagus, and well cover it with long Dung or wet Litter, and prepare your Beds to plant it in the Spring; sow and set early Pease and Beans.

In the Flower Garden, Cover peeping Rannaglas, and fow Auricula Seeds; plant fiberous Roots, as Aletea, Frutax, Rofes, Syringus, Lilax, &c. and fee that no tender Roots that cannot be conveniently removed be uncovered.

December.

In the Orchard. Plant Vines and Stocks for grafting; prune Trees that are well grown, and Standards, also Wall Trees bearing Fruit. In the Kitchen Garden. You may continue to fet or fow early Peafe or Beans; trench Ground, and dung it, that fo you may make commodious Borders in the Spring. You may now, if the Weather be open, transplant young Fruit Trees, such as be hardy, but not those that are too much subject to be

pierced by the cold Winds.

In the Flower Garden. Take care that your Anemonies, Ranunculas, and Gillistowers that are choice, be not exposed to the wet, sharp Winds, or nipping Frosts; but if the Weather be open, set the best Ranunculas in a Bed of old rotten Thatch or Straw, which having been mixed with choice Mould, is rotted and near turned to Earth, with good Mould above and below them; set, in a rich loamy Mould, the best Apemonies; let it be finely sisted through a Wire Sieve, and this done, you will have Time to refresh yourself, and for a while rest from your Labour, to enjoy, in due season, the Prost and Pleasure of it.

Guriofities.

AKE small Rochel, or Coniac Wine, and put a few Drops of extracted Oil of Wormwood into it, and brew it out of one Pot into another, and this is neat and wholesom for the Body.

Oil of Sage, a few Drops tempered with your Butter, when taken out of the Churn, till it is Brong enough in Talle to your own liking, this is wholefom, and exceeds the green Herb. Cinnamon, Mace,

or Clove Butter, is made the fame Way.

Also, if you mingle any of the aforesaid Oils with your Curds, before you press out the Whey, you shall feel the same pleasant in the Taste of your Cheese, in the which you may easily mingle some Rose Leaves, or give them the Taste, Smell, and Colour of any Flower at your Pleasure.

There

There is also a Trick in making a Cheese, without putting the same into any Press, only by giving the same a gentle Peize, whereby the Whey that runs from the Curds will be as thin as Water, and carry no Substance with it; and so your Cheese will be much better, and bigger, than it otherwise would

be .- Plat's Jewel House.

To fave Lime, and build cheap. A Load of Lime, two Loads of Soap Ashes, one Load of Loam, and one Load of Woolwich Sand, makes as good Mortar as with Lime, and it is as cheap again. Also, Loam and Soap Ashes tempered and wrought together instead of Mortar. This, Sir Hugh Plat says, has been tried fixty Times, to his Knowledge, to be true, whatever some People may say — Jew. House, P.74.

andt has med nord Another.

Temper Ox Blood and fine Clay together, and lay the fame in any Floor or Wall, and it will become very firong, and a binding Substance. It is much used in Italy I am told. It makes smooth, glishing, and hard Floors, or to plaister Walls with.

To keep a Gloss on Spanish Leather Shoes a long Time. Take Lamblack tempered with Oil of Al-

monds, or other fweet Oil.

To help smoaking Chimneys, If the Chimneys be large, and carry some good Length and Breadth with them, then may you erect and build a salse Back and Sides to your smoaking Chimneys, so as there may be a Distance of three or sour loches between the old Back and the new; raise this new Work a Foot above the Mantle tree.

Tinder and Match, to make a new kind and fweet Way. Take fine Deal-Board Shavings, light them, then put them out as you do Rag Tinder, when they are almost burnt; then strike Fire when you have

Occasion, and lay a fine Shaving at the Top, and blow it, and it will light, and so will increase your Tinder; so the Match and the Tinder is all of one Substance.

If you would make fweet Marches, Juniper Sticks cut like Tooth Pickers, dipped in Brimstone a little

Way.

To take away the Offence of notione Vaults. Make the Vent thereof upwards as large or larger than the Tunnel downward, and carry the fame up to a convenient Height, so the offensive Air, as fast as it rises hath issue, and stayeth not in the Passage.

To help Man or Horse that are tender of Foot of Hoos. Put in each Sock a new laid Egg somewhat grosly broken, and so travel. So for a Horse, put two Eggs a little beaten into either Hoos of the Horse, and clap Cow Dung upon them, and then wrap them well one Night, that shey fall not out, and then you may travel him. This is much used in Italy.

A large Draught of Sallet Oil Grank first, will prevent Drunkeaness, and so will new Milk, but it will make you fick, and I think it best not to try the Experiment, — Plan's Years House, p. 50.

Balls to take Spots out of your Clouds of Garments. Take Half a Bull's Gull, one or two Whites of Eggs, and mingle them well together, adding burnt Allum one Pound, Powder of Orris in Ounces, a little bearen Sult, and mix them; this done, add as much white Soap, cut or feraped in, fo much as may ferve to make Bulls; dry them in the Shade, for the Sun hurts them. If you fell them, make them the fame Weight. When you would take out Spots, first moisten the Place with cold Water, and then rub it well with this Soap; then wash it off with cold Water. If the Spots yet appear, dry the Cloth,

then wash them as you did before, and it takes them clean away. - Allerin.

Another.

Take white Venice Soap one Pound, fix Volks of Eggs beaten, Salt Half a Spoonful, Juice of Beets what is needful; mingle them, and make a Mais for Balls; dry them in the Shade. Wet the Cloth with Water, then rub it with the faid Soap; wash it off again with Water. Another.

Take white Spap rasped one Pound, Goat's Gall, or Gall, and Allum Catinum, of each one Ounce; three Yolks of Eggs, a few Ashes; mingle them all well in a Mortar, make Balls; use as before.

Another.

Take the Gall of an old Ox what is fufficient: Fenugreek finely powdered, one Pound; one Pound and a Half of white Soap; firong Lee three Meafores; mix and boil them at the Fire till Half be confumed; keep it to take out Spots.

Anosber.

Take Roch Allum and quick Lime of each one Pound, Argol fix Ounces, three Pound of white Soap (craped, Spring Water four Pound; mingle them, and boil them a while at the Fire; then frain it, and keep it for use. Wash the Greafe or Spots on both Sides with this Liquor, being hot; wash it out with fair Water, then wash the Spots two or three Times with Soap and Water, and they will bold for Vignes ever and a long of the ball things

To take away all Sorts of Spots out of Garments and Cloaths. Take common Salt well beaten, black Soap, of each what is fufficient; mingle them well,

and Imear over the Spots therewith; when dry, wash them with a Lixivium, and after with warm Water,

and they will be gone.

To take Spots from white Silks and Scarlets. First wet the Spot with three Times distilled Aqua Vitz, then lay on the White of an Egg, and dry it in the Sun, and wash it well off with cold Water. It takes away the Spots at twice doing.

To take Ink Spots out of Cloth. Wash the Cloth in the sharpest Vinegar, pressing and rubbing it well with your Hands, and then with Water and Soap,

and it is done.

That Wheat may increase exceedingly. Salt Petre Powder, and the Froth of Salt Petre, and mingle that with thin Earth, and so cast it into the Heaps of Corn. This will also keep Wheat safe and unhurt.—Wicker.

To make a Wick that will not confume. Cut Allum de Plume like to a Wick; put that into Oil,

and it will never confume. - Noftradamus.

That a Thread will not burn. Tie a Thread about an Egg, or any Quart Pot, and you cannot burn it with a Candle lighted.

Of Dullidge or Lewisham Water.

HIS Water was taken Notice of about the Year 1648, and a certain Person would have monopolized it, by building and inclosing it, and thereupon it was observed that it lost its Taste, Odour, and Essed, and People lest off-drinking it. Sometime after, it was observed to return to its primitive Goodness, and bestowed upon the Poor, and it hath held its Virtue ever since. This is the traditional Account.

I judge this Water principally to confut of hitrous Selt, Allum, and some Sulphur.

It purges strongly; sometimes causes to vomit; fometimes, but feldom, by fweat; fometimes by all three Ways of Evacuation; the Property of it being to vary in its Operation, according to the Matter it meets with in People's Bodies. Tes Virtues.

It opens all Obstructions within, wherever latent. especially those of the Liver, Spleen, Meseraic Veins, Pancreas, the Biliary, Uterine and Urinary Passages; by which Means, such lingering and almost incurable Distempers are bred, as the Schirrhus, Hepatic, Lienis, the hard Tumours of the Liver and Spleen. the Flatus, Hypocondriacs, the black and yellow Jaundice, the Cholic, the Stone, the Gravel in the Kidneys and Bladder, all Obstructions, Difficulties, and Sharpness of Urine, the Hæmorrhoides, Cholic Passion, Tenasmus Cachezia, Sourvy, Dropsy, Green Sickness, Stoppage of the Terms, Suffocation of the Womb, Fits of the Mother, and many fuch like Distempers, whereof my Author faith he hath seen the Effects; and the Reason, he says, why it should be so excellent for the curing the above-named Diftempers, is from the cleanfing and attenuating Quality of the nitrous Salt, from the allringent and cooling Faculty of the Allum, and from the healing Property of the Sulphur. It focundates the Wombi beyond any other, and feems an universal Remedy against Barrenness; it extinguishes Inflammations; it sweetens tharp Hamours, is good for falt Diftillations, helps admirably fealding Urine, and is approved as beneficial for the running of the Reins, and for other Diseases that are alike to these. It is an absolute Remedy for the Gout, if a little assisted by Art; excellent against all Sorts of Worms in the Body. This Water Arengthens the Brain and Nerves,

prevents or cures the Apoplexy, Falling-fickness, Palfy, Dizziness, Ach of the Head, and such like Symptoms. It strengthens the Stomach, causeth good digestion, consumes Crudities; it makes gross Bodies lean, and the lean stelly; in a Word, this Water will effect whatsoever, by any Intention, in a medicinal Way, is to be performed, by opening Obstructions, evacuating superstuous Humours, allaying Vapours, cleaning the Blood, and strengthens all the Parts of the Body.

This Water, ontwardly used, is good for most cutaneous Distempers, as Leprosy, Itch, Scab, Pimples, Ringworms, Scurvy, &c. It dissolves Tumours, and cureth old Ulcers, if the Part affected be washed or bathed therewith; and I am persuaded, it being used by Way of a warm Bath, it would be of great Efficacy to confume hydropical Tumours, to ease or cure the Gout, and theumatic Dolours, and far more effectual also in the abovesaid curaneous Dis-

tempers.

Thus I have given you a short Hint of the Opinion of Dr. Peter. The Time of drinking it, is either Winter or Summer, as Occasion requires; but in general, when the Weather is clear and dry, it is best, as well in Winter as Summer, and in frosty

Weather the Water is strongest.

In Summer drink it betwixt Sun rifing and till it is an Hour high, or thereabouts; then you will have it in its full Strength, and take it but once a Day, and in my Opinion, it is much better drank warm than cold. To drink Water cold, Hypecrates fays, is hurtful to the Bones, Teeth, Sinews, Brain, and Marrow of the Back, &c. but warm is good and profitable. In thort, I take it, in all Cases, safest to take it warm, though strong Constitutions may questionless receive it with great Benefit, but weak Constitutions do better to take it warm, so it be done with

with as little Lofs of the Spirit as may be. In some Cafes you may make Postet Drink of it with Milk, in Cases where it is not fit to drink it cold; you may put a Quarter of a Pint of scalding or boiling hot Milk into three Pints of Water, whereby it will become of a convenient Warmth to be drank, and so you may proportion the Milk to what Quantity of Water you pleafe; but I instance in the Quantity; because, for a Body of middle Age and compleat Strength, I hold it a fit Proportion to begin with, and so increasing every Day gradually, till he rises to eight or nine Pints, more or less, as he shall be able to beat it; and fo again decrease by Degrees; as, suppose you design to allot twenty Days to drink the Water, and the fiest Day you begin with three Pints, then I would have you add Half a Pint a Day more for the next fix Days, three Quarters of a Pine for the eight Day, and almost a Pint for the ninth Day, and a whole Pint for the tenth Day; which being your greatest Rife, will amount to eight Pints and a Half; and fo, for the remaining ten Days. daily drink the Proportions backward; as what Quantity you drank the tenth Day, you are to drink the eleventh; and what Proportion you drank the ninth, you are to drink the twelfth, &c. which brings you to the same Proportion for the twentieth and last Day, with which you began the first Day; but the just Quantity to be taken at one Time cannot possibly be ascertained, in regard of Age, Sex, Strength, and other Circumstances; yet, generally, they have the most Benefit by it, that can drink the most, and thoroughly concoct it.

Drink not the Water too fast, but allot a short Time, which will prevent griping, cold Sweats. Giddiness in the Head, and the like. Take, at first, about a third Part of what Quantity you defigue, and then walk Half an Hour; then take another

third Part, and exercise Half an Hour more; and then the last or remaining Part, and walk till all be pall out of the Body, or till Dinner Time. Walk moderately, but not fo as to fweat; but let not your Exercise be voilent, and sleep not till your Water is wrought off. Stand not still in the Sun, nor fit on the cold Ground, which are hurtful. You may eat a few Carraway Comfits, Coriander Seeds, Elicampane, or Angelian preserved, &c. to help the Digestion of the Water; above all, be temperate in your Diet; eat Beef, Mutton, Veal, Lamb, Chicken, Pullet, Turkey, Partridge, Pheasant, Conies, &c. forbear falt Meats, Ducks, Geefe, Bacon, Tripe; all falt Fift, Bels, old Cheefe, Leeks, Onions, Cabbage, Musk Melons, Cucumbers, &c. are to be avoided; alfo Apples, Pears, Plumbs, Cherries, ripe Goofeberries, Raspberries, &c. are allowable, if sparingly eaten, and that a little before Supper, and then they help to temper the Blood. As for Drink, Beer, Ale, or Wine may be moderately drank. Let Supper be larger than Dinner, and fix or feven Hours after it. After the End of the Waters, use a spare Diet for a Month or two, which will prevent and keep out all Cradities.

Customs of London, about Apprentices.

IF an Apprentice is under the Age of fourteen Years at the Time of his binding, his Indenture

is not good.

An Apprentice ought to be inrolled by his Mafter in the first Year, before the Chamberlain; the Ree is 25. 6d. and if the Master does not inroll him within his first Year, then such Apprentice may at any Time after sue out his Indenture, and be discharged from his Master's Service. If in case the Apprentice resule to be inrolled within the first Year

of his Term, the Mafter, within that Time, may carry his Indenture to the Chamberlain, or to his Clerk, who will record the fame, which is as good as an Invollment, and shall hinder the Apprentice from discharging himself. Many are of opinion, that if an Apprentice be involled, they must keep. him, though a Thief or Gameffer, &c. but if not inrolled, they can turn him off when they please, which is a great Millake; for if an Apprentice is not enrolled, if his Mafter turn him away, the Apprentice may bring an Action upon the Covenants in his Indenture, and recover Damages against the Master; and if an Apprentice be involled, he must take the same Course against his Master. An Apprentice that is a Thief, may lawfully be turned away when inrolled, as when he is not inrolled; but by Inrollment you answer your Oath as a Freeman, keeps the Apprentice from going at his Pleafure, and fave Charges; and every Master ought in Conscience to do it, for it is his own Security.

An Apprentice involled may be discharged if the Master resuse to find him sufficient Necessaries, or if he beats him unreasonably, without just Cause; or if the Master leave off his Trade, or turns him out of his Service, or neglects to instruct his Apprentice; notwithstanding the vulgar Mistake, that if the Servant is involled it cannot be done; that is no Hindrance.

To sue out an Apprentice's Indenture is thus, He brings his Indenture, or a Copy, to an Attorney in Court; this Attorney then gives a Note or Warrant to a Serjeant, to let the Master know the Apprentice's Intention of fuing out his Indenture, and for what Cause, and four Court Days after will leave a Summons at the Master's House, for the Master to appear and shew Cause why his Servant shall not be discharged. If the Apprentice sue out his Indenture

for not being involled, the Master may appear and delay it a small Time, but he cannot prevent his Discharge. Indeed, for any other Matter, the Master may appear by an Attorney of this Count, and try the Truth of the Matter; where will be a fair Trial, the Jury being all Masters; if a Verdict pass for the Apprentice or the Master, no Cost is allowed either Party.

If an Apprentice be bound for eight, nine, ten, or eleven Years, and inrolled, he shall be compelled to serve the fell Term, unless for a very reasonable

Caufe.

If a Sempstress or Exchange-Woman has a Husband free of London, the must bind her Apprentice to her Husband, and not for less than seven Years, and may be enrolled and made free at seven Years End, if unmarried.

The Widow of a Freeman may take a Maid Apprentice for feven Years, and inroll her as they do a Youth, if the is above fourteen Years old; but if the Indenture is made for less than feven Years, it is of no Value, and against the Custom of London, and it

does not oblige the Apprentice

If a Master denies to make his Apprentice free, after seven Years faithful Service expired, such Apprentice may force his Master to do it, by summoning him before the Chamberlain, or Court of Aldermen.

The Chamberlain's Count, at aguind off

THE Chamberlain of London attends usually every Forencon, to involt and turn over Apprentices, to regulate Differences betweet Servants and Masters, and to make free those that have doly served their Times.

If an Approntice is unruly, disorderly, or com-

mits a notorious Fault, upon Complaint to the Chamberlain, he will fend an Officer for such Apprentice, and fend him to Bridewell, or otherwise

punish them, as he deferves.

If any Freemen refule to appear before the Chamberlain, being duly summoned, the Lord Mayor, or Recorder, will grant a Warrant to apprehend such Person, and make him appear, for which War-

rant he must pay 10.

An Apprentice, if turned over, ought first to be turned over before the Company where he was bound, and then before the Chamberlain. If an Apprentice be turned over by the Company only, it is no Obligation on the second Master to keep him, nor is the Apprentice compellable thereby to serve such second Master, but may depart at his Pleasure, by suing out his Indenture against his first Master, which may be done without the Knowledge of the second Master; therefore be sure turn them over before the Chamberlain; then the first Master is discharged, and the second obliged to keep him the full Term, if it be for ten Years or more.

All Differences betwift Master and Servant may be heard and referred to the Chamberlain, who will

determine the Bufiness for a small Charge.

Fees to be paid for a Freedom, and fer involling Apprentices.

FOR not being inrolled, the Master pays 133. 2d. and the Apprentice pays 13. For not being turned over before the Chamberlain 25.

The Clerk of the Chambers Feet.

FOR the Copy of a Freedom by Nativity within London, 4s. 6d. By Nativity out of London, 5s. 6d. For a Freedom purchased or given, 4s. 6d. For

For a Copy of a Freedom by Service, 2s. 6d. For a fecond Copy of a Freedom, 3s. For every Copy of an Involument, 2s. 6d. For an Indenture loft, 2s. For every Search, 1s. For every turn over, 4d. For every Involument, 4d. For every Order upon Reference, 2s. For an Order without Reference, 1s. For a Warrant, 1s. For every Summons out of the Liberty, 2s. For a Summons within the Liberty, 1s.

An Apprentice ought to take up his Freedom in a convenient Time after his Service is ended, otherwise the Chamberlain may fine him, as he pleases,

for fuch Neglect.

If a Freeman make an Apprentice free, testifying he has served his Time to him, when in Troth, he turned him over privately to a Foreigner, in such Case, the Master and Apprentice may be disfranchised, and fined as the Chamberlain pleases, and the Chamberlain will, in such Cases, cause the Freeman's Shop to be shut up.

Of the Court of Conscience.

MY Lord Mayor and Court of Aldermen do monthly affign such Aldermen and Commons to sit as Commissioners as they think sit, and those, or any of them, make a Court; they sit in the Guildhall every Wednesday and Saturday, in the Fosemoon, to determine such Matters as come before them.

In this Court a Cause may be determined for 10d. viz. 6d. for the Summons, and 4d. for the Order; but if the Defendent does not appear the second Court Day after, an Attachment is granted against him, to compel him, and engrenses his Charge.

If one Citizen arrests another for a Debe under 40s.

If one Citizen arrests another for a Debe under 40s, you may summon the Plaintist to appear, which is he do not the first Court Day after the Summons left

de

lest at his House, they will grant an Attachment against him, and force him to take his Debt, and

pay the Defendant his Cofts.

y the Defendant his Colts.

And if any Attorney in London go on in any fuch Suit, after Notice given him to the contrary, or refuse to obey the Orders of this Court, upon a Complaint made to the Court of Aldermen, helhall be suspended. the bring and a second in

and the Court of the second Beadle's Free ...

OR warning a Person within the Liberty, 4d. For warning a Person without, 6d. For serving a Warrant, 4d.

Martin Marine Children Clerk's Res. Later

OR every Plaint, 2d. Every Appearance, 2d. Every Order, 4d. For every Warrant to commit to Prison, 6d. Every Search, 2d. For every Satisfaction acknowledged upon an Order, 6d. to the Dans and any design of rough brook

The Court of Common Council.

TN Guildhall this Court is held, before the Core Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, only when the Lord Mayor pleases to appoint.

This Court yearly cleds Commissioners for the

Sewers and Pavements,

They also elect yearly a Governor, Deputy Governor, and Affishants, to manage the City Lands in Ulfter in Ireland.

Usually, every Wednesday in the Afternoon, fix

Aldermen and twelve Commoners meet, to let and demile the City Lands and Tenements:

Also a Committee of four Aldermen and eight Commoners meet at Mercers Hall when the Lord Mayor

Mayor appoints; he is also one of the Committee, where they let and dispute of the Lands and Tenements given by Sir Thomas Grespan.

By Order of this Court, and no other, a Stranger

born, may be made free.

The Town Clerk, common Serjeant, and common Cryer, are in this Court's Gift.

The Clerks of the Court of Requelts are now

elected by the Court of Aldermen.

In this Court hath been elected the Judges of the Sheriff's Court, and sometimes by the Court of Aldermen.

The Court of Aldermen.

THIS Court is held on Tuesday and Thursday, at Guildhall, except Holidays, and in the Time of Sessions.

The Affize of Bread is appointed by this Court, and all Matters about Party Wells, Water Courfes, and Lights. In this Court are feeled Bonds and

Leafes that pais under the City Seal.

The Lord Mayor, in this Court, has the Gift of feveral Places, viz. the Recorder, four City Councils, Sword Bearer, City Remembrancer, Water Realiff, Common Hant, Comptroller of the Chamber, City Solicitor, two Secondaries, four Attorneys of the Mayor's Count, Clerk of the Chamber, Hall Keeper, three Serjeants of the Chamber, three Serjeants Carvers, Serjeant of the Chamber, three Serjeants Carvers, Serjeant of the Chamber, Weoman of the Chamber, under Water Bastiff, Meal Weighers, Clerk of the City Walls, Yeomen, eight Attorneys in the Sheriff's Court, two Clerks of the Papers, eight Clerks Sitter, two Prothonotaries, Clerk of the Court of Requests, Clerk of the Bridge House, thirty-fix Serjeants at Mace, Beadle of the Court of Requests, twenty-fix Yeomen; the Gauger, Searchers, and

and Sealers of Leather, Keeper of the Green Yard, two Keepers of the Counters; Keeper of Ludgate, and of Newgate, Meafurer, Steward of Southwark, Bailiff of Southwark, Bailiff of the Hundred of Offaltion.

Alfo in the Gift of the Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffe, is the City Carpenter and other Artificers, but the Rent Gatherer bath then put in by the Chamberlains hor or for N bile maines

Upon the Milbehaviour of any Officer, this Court upon Complaint, they usually suspend him the Pro-fits of his Place, during their Pleasure.

This Court yearly elects the Rulers of the Com-pany of Watermen.

The Citizens of London are Toll-free throughout

England.

The Lord Magor, by his Warrant may command any Captain, or Commander of a Veffel, to release board and detained against his Will

If any Poleigner service to pay the Daties of Bailage for Wares or Merchandize, brought to the City by Water, wellward, the Lord Mayor may grant his Warrant to distrain his Goods.

The Baws of the City, in relation to the regulating and well ordering of Markets, &c. perforant to an Act of Common Council.

to an Act of Common Council, I here omit, Rudying Brevity

Pany refuse to pay the Tyther upon Oath made, the Lord Mayor will grant his Warrant, to diffrain the Goods of such Ossenders.

The Lord Mayor may grant a Warrant to exa-

mine and try Weights and Meistires.

If any Constable or others neglect to watch, the Mayor and Addresse, if they think lit, may punish such Constables and others for that Veglett.

Every Year the Lord Mayor issues out his Precept

to the Aldermen of every Ward, to hold his Wardmote for Election of Common Council Men, and other Officers, on St. Thomas's Day.

Court of Conferwary for the River of Thames.

HE Lord Mayor does appoint and direct within the respective Counties near adjacent to the Cities of London and Weltminster, where this Court is to be held.

The Water Bailiff is the Lord Mayor's Deputy. It is his Bufiness to give his Lordhip Notice of all Offences committed contrary to the Orders made. for the preserving of the Brood and fry of Fish. such and boulding ages Vollage through the con-

The Huflings Courts W. book and I

T is held in Guildhall, before the Mayor and Sheriffs. The Recorder fice as Judge, with the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, and gives Rules and Judgment therein.

This Court is usually held on Tuesdays, except a Holiday; sometimes it is held on Monday, altho-Monday be a Holiday, except at particular Times. There is Hustings of Pleas of Land, and Hustings

of Common Pleas. In this Court you may inroll Deeds, and Recoveries may be passed, Wills proved and Replexies, Writs of Right, and Writs of Error, Patents, Writs of Waste, Writs of Partition, and Writs of Dover, may be determined, for all Matters within the City

of London and Liberties;
The Attornies of the Lord Mayor's Court are also of this, and the Clerk of the Involument is al-

ways fecond Attorney.

Let be the draw set I have been Elections

Elections of Burgeffes and other Officers,

THEY elect, in this Court, Burgesses to serve the City in Parliament, by the Livery Men of the several Companies.

The Lord Mayor is chosen on Michaelmas Day, and it is usual to put all the Aldermen that are under the Chair, in nomination, who have held Sheriff. Two are chose by the Commons, and their Names are returned to the Mayor and Aldernien, who choole which they think most fit to hold the Place, and declare their Choice to the Commons. The Person elected is presented to the Lord Chancellor, and afterwards in fworn at Guildhall, on St. Simon and Jude's Day, and arthe Exchequer the Day after. The Livery Men on Midfummer Day choose Sheriffs, and the Lord Mayor may drink to one Citizen, and nominate him one of the Sheriffs; and the Commons ule to confirm such Person, and elect another to ferve him. They also, at the fame Time, choose two Auditors for the Bridge and Chamber, a Chamberlain, two Bridge Malters, and four Ale Conners.

The Sheriffs are Judges of the Elections, and declare, by Mr. Common Serjeant, who are the Men elected.

The Sheriffs then take an Oath, at Guildhall, on Michaelmas Eve, and the Day after Michaelmas Day are presented to the Barons of the Exchequer.

After the Chamberlain and Bridge Mafters are elected, they take the usual Oath before the Lord Mayor.

The Orphani Court.

THE Orphans Court is held before the Mayor and Aldermen, who are Guardians to the Children of all Freemen of London, under the Age of twenty four Years, at the Time of their Fathers

deceale. The Common Serjeant takes all Inventories and Accounts of Freemen's Effates, and the
common Cryer femmonfes all Executors and Adminifirators to appear before the Court of Aldermen,
and give Inventories and Accounts of the personal
Estates of such Freemen. The youngest Attorney is
the Orphans Clerk, and takes Security for their
Portions: When a Breeman dies, the Clerk of the
Panish ought to give his Name to the common Cryer,
who, thereupon, is to summon the Widow, or Executor, to appear before the Court of Aldermen,
there to be bound to bring an Inventory in, about
two Months Time, of the Testator's Estate.

Door refutal to appear, they may be forced, and the Court of Alderman have Power to fend fuch

Executor to Newgate till they fubmit.

When a Bond is given for exhibiting an Inventory, the Executor must procure four Freemen to appraise the Testator's Goods, and must cause them to take Oath before a Justice, as usual, for which the Fee

is is. 4d.

The Inventory must be signed by the common Cryer, or his Deputy, or the Court will not allow it. His Fee for signing an Inventory is too, and for his Attendance to the Time of the Appraisement, test per Day at least. The Appraisement signed, is given to the common Serjeant, at his Office in Guildhall Yard, and he causes it to be engrossed, and a Duplicate to be made for the Executor; then the Executors swear, before the Court of Aldermen, that it is a true Inventory, to the best of their Knowledge.

The Executor is then bound to bring in the Money due to the Orphans, or give Security to pay the fame into the Chamber, for the Ufe of the Orphans,

when at Age or married.

A Freeman's Widow may require a third Part of

the personal Estate, after his Debts are paid, and Funeral Charges discharged, besides her Widow's Chamber surnished; and his Children another third Part; and the Freeman may, by Will, give away another third Part, either to his Wife or Children, or any other Person; but if he has no Children, the Widow may require a Moiety of his personal Estate, after Debts paid, and Widow's Chamber surnished; and if a Freeman makes a Will contrary to this Cuftom, and give more away than a third, they may be relieved against such Will, by exhibiting their Bill in this Court, against the Assecutors, and so much as is contrary to Custom will be declared void.

If a Freeman, die without a Will, and leave a Wife

and Children, his Widow may administer, and claim a third Part by Custom, and one third must be divided among the Children, and the other Part thereof must be divided between Wife and Children. Usually, the Widow is allowed two Thirds of the Freeman's third Part, and the Children one Third. Read more of this in Lex Londinenfis,

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and section of Ethers, where his Debrisque raid, and Princial Charges discharged, belides her Widow's Cheer to the State and the Children another third Part, and the Freeman more, by Will, give away and ther the Party either to his Wife dr. Children. of any other Perion; but if he has no Children, the in the face were the letter of his personal hale, after Den wild water, and one of his personal hale, after Den wild water and one of his contract to this United at the face were may be relieved and one of heir Bill in the face were and for much in the face were and for much in the face were well as the face will be declared volume.

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Jana Dio Maria

APBLLG



10 me 11 met 25 1957

I Rowley Methor of disting quishing the real Mushroom Do distinguish the Bre from the Other The Stalk and head of the real mushron are Hronger and of a greater Substance than the venomous sort and when Jailles much Whiter. The Halkand head of the Venomous Sort are thing and wants the subffance of the good species and so thenoer that they will hardly beat to be toches and when he is of a dirty dum Colour - Method of fiere As from as the parient percures him All let him take Two large Ment Shoonfull of wine vinegar and repen one Spoonful every How until the Disappear by of an Inflamation of Bowels is brought on you Must tant Crincons and take gin IV tout a limet form a commet work it of with warmen water and will be flower in a fine present that the contract the stomach or intestine and composed or where the a decortion of Barley with figs raifour part

A receipt for a coto or Hoursness The Oyl of fiveet Ulmonds 1 The Syrup of Prolets -19 The byl of anifers a receift for the Reumatism 2000 Mustare Brufer 20 of Morseradolph Scraped 100 Trops of Sports of Wartshow Just It in 2 Quarto of table beer and trink half a pint in a Morning lasting and at to Delsch in the after Areceift for the gravel. og of byl of Sweet almonds fresh dinum 109 of Balon Water 12 Tropo of Spirets of Hartohorn + Fram of Sweet Spirits of Wine 0

2 Trans of Syrap of March Malow Mis all these Dividing It into Three Fraughts: Yake One lover Six Hours when you have fain in the Virinary Pajenges . - -A Lectory for a Cough to Thysich to Dy of flower of Brimstone 1 Pennyworth of liquorish Powder 1 Do of Elecampane Powder Mix them with treated or Money till It Comes to a Lectory Arecept for a green Wound Salve to Mis 1 of att of green Methatet 1 of Venintury line 1 of green by l of Bays - Boyl the together over a slow fire then let then go almost low then Put to them Some Vinetor of Myrh -

Nathaniel Morgan: 11 Mugwort Bruised With Dylof Sweet almonds land to the Homise Covette all the frains of the Same Manus Middle on Rosson Den Son Francisco Some